

V2449

REPORT NUMBER: 208-CAL-96-08
212-CAL-96-08
213-CAL-96-02
301-CAL-96-08

**VEHICLE SAFETY COMPLIANCE TESTING FOR OCCUPANT CRASH PROTECTION
WINDSHIELD MOUNTING, WINDSHIELD ZONE INTRUSION (PARTIAL)
AND FUEL SYSTEM INTEGRITY**

Chrysler Corporation
1996 Dodge Intrepid
4 door sedan

NHTSA NUMBER: CT0304

CALSPAN TEST NUMBER: 8353-6

May 22, 1996

CALSPAN SRL CORPORATION
P.O. BOX 400
BUFFALO, NEW YORK 14225



FINAL REPORT

PREPARED FOR:

U. S. Department of Transportation
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
ENFORCEMENT
Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance
400 Seventh Street, S. W.
Room No. 6115 (NEF-30)
Washington, DC 20590

Rec'd
7/1/96

This publication is distributed by the U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, in the interest of information exchange. The opinions, findings and conclusions expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and not necessarily those of the Department of Transportation or the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The United States Government assumes no liability for its contents or use thereof. If trade or manufacturers' names or products are mentioned, it is only because they are considered essential to the object of the publication and should not be construed as an endorsement. The United States Government does not endorse products or manufacturers.

Prepared By: David J. Travale
David J. Travale, Project Engineer

Approved By: David J. Travale
David J. Travale, Program Manager
Transportation Sciences Center

Approval Date: June 24, 1996

FINAL REPORT ACCEPTANCE BY OVSC:

Accepted By: Charles R. Case

Acceptance Date: 12/3/96

96 JUL 1 AM 1:09

RECEIVED NSA-30

TECHNICAL REPORT STANDARD TITLE PAGE

1. Report No. 208-CAL-96-08 212-CAL-96-08 213-CAL-96-02 301-CAL-96-08	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle Final Report of FMVSS 208, 212, 219 (Partial), 301 and 213 Compliance Testing of a 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan NHTSA No. CT0304.		5. Report Date May 22, 1996	6. Performing Organization Code CAL
7. Author(s) David J. Travale, Project Engineer David J. Travale, Program Manager		8. Performing Organization Report No. 8353-6	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Calspan SRL Corporation P.O. Box 400 Buffalo, New York 14225		10. Work Unit No.	11. Contract or Grant No. DTNH22-93-D-11089
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance (NEF-30) 400 Seventh St , S.W., Rm. 6115, Washington, D.C. 20590		13. Type of Report and Period Covered Final - May - June 1996	
14. Sponsoring Agency Code NEF-30		15. Supplementary Notes	
16. Abstract <p>A 30 mph vehicle safety compliance test was conducted on a 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan. This test was performed at the Calspan SRL Corporation in Buffalo, New York on May 22, 1996. The purpose of this test was to determine compliance with the performance requirements of the following Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. FMVSS No. 208, "Occupant Crash Protection" 2. FMVSS No. 212, "Windshield Mounting" 3. FMVSS No. 219 (partial), "Windshield Zone Intrusion" 4. FMVSS No. 301, "Fuel System Integrity" 5. FMVSS No. 213, "Child Restraints" <p>The test mode was perpendicular (0°) and the impact velocity was 28.9 mph. The ambient temperature at the impact face was 70 °F. The subject test vehicle appears to comply with the requirements of FMVSS Nos. 208, 212, 213, 219 (partial) and 301.</p> <p><u>Type of Restraint System:</u> The test vehicle was equipped with a driver air bag and a passenger air bag restraint system. The manual seat belts were not used for this test. The test vehicle was equipped with an integrated child seat in the middle rear seating position which was used to perform the FMVSS 213 test. The seat was tested using a Part 572 three year old dummy.</p>			
17. Key Words Compliance Testing Safety Engineering FMVSS 208		18. Distribution Statement Copies of this report are available from: NHTSA Technical Reference Division ; Mail Code: NAD-52 400 Seventh , S.W., Room 5108, Washington, D.C. 20590 Telephone No. (202) 366-4946 Attn: Robert Hornickle	
19. Security Classif. (of this report) UNCLASSIFIED	20. Security Classif. (of this page) UNCLASSIFIED	21. No. of Pages 208 pages	22. Price

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>		<u>Page No.</u>
1	PURPOSE AND TEST PROCEDURE	1-1
2	SUMMARY OF FRONTAL BARRIER IMPACT TEST	2-1
3	OCCUPANT AND VEHICLE INFORMATION	3-1
4	SUMMARY OF RESULTS FOR: FMVSS 208, "Occupant Crash Protection" FMVSS 212, "Windshield Mounting" FMVSS 219 (Partial), "Windshield Zone Intrusion" FMVSS 301, "Fuel System Integrity"	4-1
APPENDIX A	PHOTOGRAPHS	A-1
APPENDIX B	VEHICLE AND DUMMY RESPONSE DATA	B-1
APPENDIX C	DUMMY RESPONSE DATA (Rear seat 3 year old)	C-1
APPENDIX D	VEHICLE OWNER'S MANUAL OCCUPANT RESTRAINT SYSTEM INSTRUCTIONS	D-1
APPENDIX E	BUILT-IN CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM TESTS - FMVSS No. 213 SYSTEM INSTRUCTIONS	E-1
APPENDIX F	PERFORMANCE CALIBRATION REPORT FOR PART 572 THREE -YEAR-OLD CHILD TEST DUMMY No. 04	F-1

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure No.</u>		<u>Page No.</u>
1	TEST VEHICLE INFORMATION	3-2
2	PART 572 DUMMY IN-VEHICLE POSITION	3-3
3	SEAT BELT POSITIONING DATA	3-5
4	VEHICLE ACCELEROMETER LOCATIONS	3-6
5	CAMERA POSITION FOR FRONTAL IMPACT	3-8
6	VEHICLE TARGET LOCATIONS	3-10
7	TEST VEHICLE MEASUREMENTS	3-11
8	FMVSS NO. 212 - "WINDSHIELD MOUNTING" DATA SHEET	4-12
9	FMVSS NO. 219 - (PARTIAL) - "WINDSHIELD ZONE INTRUSION" DATA SHEET	4-13

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Table No.</u>		<u>Page No.</u>
1	CRASH TEST SUMMARY	2-2
2	GENERAL TEST AND VEHICLE PARAMETER DATA	2-3
3	POST-IMPACT DATA	2-5
4	FRONT SEAT OCCUPANT MEASUREMENTS	3-4
5	VEHICLE ACCELEROMETER LOCATIONS AND DATA SUMMARY	3-7
6	HIGH SPEED CAMERA LOCATIONS	3-9
7	VEHICLE MEASUREMENTS	3-12
8	DUMMY INJURY CRITERIA VALUES	4-2
9	FMVSS NO. 208 - SEAT BELT WARNING SYSTEM CHECK	4-3
10	FMVSS NO. 208 - LABELING AND DRIVER'S MANUAL INFORMATION	4-4
11	FMVSS NO. 208 - READINESS INDICATOR	4-5
12	FMVSS NO. 208 - COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE TEST SUMMARY	4-6
13	FMVSS NO. 301 - "FUEL SYSTEM INTEGRITY" POST-IMPACT TEST DATA	4-14
14	FMVSS NO. 301 - STATIC ROLLOVER DATA SHEET	4-15
15	POST TEST AIR BAG DATA	4-19
16	ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION DIVISION DATA	4-20
17	TEST VEHICLE NONCOMPLIANCE NOTICE	4-21

Section 1

PURPOSE AND TEST PROCEDURE

This 30 mph frontal barrier impact test is part of the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard (FMVSS) 208, 212, 219 (partial) and 301 compliance test program conducted for the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) by Calspan SRL Corporation under Contract No. DTNH22-93-D-11089. The purpose of this test was to determine if the subject vehicle, a 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan, meets the performance requirements of FMVSS 208, "Occupant Crash Protection"; FMVSS No. 212, "Windshield Mounting"; FMVSS No. 219 (partial), "Windshield Zone Intrusion"; and FMVSS No. 301, "Fuel System Integrity". This compliance test was conducted using the requirements found in the OVSC Laboratory Test Procedure No. TP-208-09, dated March 15, 1993. In addition, a FMVSS 213 "Child Restraint System" test was performed on the middle rear seat integrated child restraint.

Section 2

SUMMARY OF TEST NUMBER CT0304

A frontal barrier was impacted by a 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan at a velocity of 28.9 mph. The test was performed at the Calspan SRL Corporation on May 22, 1996. Pre- and Post-test photographs of the vehicle and dummies can be found in Appendix A.

The frontal barrier impact event was documented by one real-time camera and 14 high-speed cameras. Camera locations and other pertinent camera information can be found in this report.

Two Part 572E, 50th percentile male anthropomorphic test devices (ATDs), were placed in the driver and right-front passenger seating positions according to dummy placement instructions specified in the OVSC Laboratory Test Procedure. In addition, a FMVSS 213 test was performed on the middle rear seat integrated child restraint using one part 572 three year old dummy. To film the three year old ATD the rear door window glass was removed to allow a camera to be mounted to the door.

Both ATDs were fully instrumented with head and chest three axis (x, y, and z) accelerometers, chest displacement potentiometers, left/right femur load cells and lower leg instrumentation. These ATDs had been certified prior to the test.

The 52 channels of data were recorded on a P.C. based data acquisition system. Appendix B contains the vehicle and dummy response data traces. The right brake caliper X accelerometer data cable was damaged 22 milliseconds after impact. The driver left lower tibia Fx data channel did not record correctly and is not included in this report.

The driver's HIC was 382.13. The maximum chest deceleration over 3 milliseconds was 40.598 g's with 1.3 inches of deflection. The maximum force on the driver's left femur was 1468.5 pounds and 1587.2 pounds on the right femur.

The right front passenger's HIC was 344.30. The maximum chest deceleration over 3 milliseconds was 52.399 g's with 0.8 inches of deflection. Loads of 1793.4 and 1657.4 pounds were recorded on the left and right femurs respectively.

The FMVSS 213 test information can be found in Appendix E and F.

Table 1

CRASH TEST SUMMARY

Vehicle NHTSA No. : CT0304 Test Mode : 30 mph Frontal Barrier
 Test Date : May 22, 1996 Time: 11:40 Temperature : 70 °F
 Vehicle Make/Model/Body Style : 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan

Vehicle Test Weight : 4034 lbs
 Vehicle/Barrier Impact Angle : 0 °
 Impact Velocity : 28.9 mph
 Maximum Static Crush : 14.7 inches
 Vehicle Rebound : 16.0 inches

<u>DUMMIES:</u>	<u>DRIVER</u>	<u>PASSENGER</u>
Type :	<u>Part 572E</u>	<u>Part 572E</u>
Restraint System :	<u>air bag</u>	<u>air bag</u>
Number of Data Channels :	<u>52</u>	
Number of Cameras :	<u>1</u> Real Time	
	<u>14</u> High Speed	

DOOR OPENING DATA : closed/operable - Left Front
closed/operable - Right Front

Front Seat(s) Data :	<u>DRIVER</u>	<u>PASSENGER</u>
Seat Track Failure :	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>
	Inches of shift	
Seat Back Failure :	<u>none</u>	<u>none</u>

<u>VISIBLE DUMMY CONTACT POINTS :</u>	<u>DRIVER</u>	<u>PASSENGER</u>
Head :	<u>Face with air bag.</u>	<u>Face with air bag, top of head with sunvisor.</u>
Abdomen :	<u>air bag</u>	<u>air bag</u>
Chest	<u>air bag</u>	<u>air bag</u>
Knees	<u>lower dash</u>	<u>glove box door</u>

Table 2

GENERAL TEST AND VEHICLE PARAMETER DATA

TEST VEHICLE INFORMATION :

Year/Make/Model/Body Style : 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan
 NHTSA No. : CT0304 ; VIN: 2B3HD56FXTH107333 ; Color : white
 Engine Data: 6 cylinders; - CID; 3.5 Liters; - cc
 Placement : X Longitudinal or In-Line; - Transverse of Lateral
 Transmission Data : 4 speeds; - Manual; X Automatic; X Overdrive
 Final Drive : - Rear Wheel Drive; X Front Wheel Drive; - Four Wheel Drive
 Major Options : X A/C; X Pwr.Strg.; X Pwr. Brakes
X Pwr. Windows; X Pwr. Door Locks; X Tilt Wheel
 Date Received : 9-28-95 ; Odometer Reading 113 miles
 Selling Dealer : MID CITY DODGE
 & Address: 2185 WALDEN AVE.; CHEEKTOWAGA, N.Y. 14225

DATA FROM TIRE VEHICLE'S CERTIFICATION LABEL:

Vehicle Manufactured by : Chrysler Corporation
 Date of Manufacture 8/95
 GVWR : 4495 lbs.; GAWR: 2576 lbs. FRONT; 1969 lbs. REAR

DATA FROM TIRE PLACARD:

Tire Pressure with Maximum Capacity Vehicle Load : 32 psi FRONT
32 psi REAR
 Recommended Tire Size : P205/75R15 (minimum size)
 * Recommended Cold Tire Pressure : 32 psi FRONT; 32 psi REAR
 Size of Tires on Test Vehicle: P225/60R16 ; Manufacturer: Goodyear

Vehicle Capacity Data :

Type of Front Seats: - Bench; X Bucket; - Split Bench
 Number of Occupants: 2 Front; 3 Rear; 5 Total
 Vehicle Capacity Weight (VCW) = 865 lbs.
 No. of Occupants x 150 lbs. = 750 lbs.
 Rated Cargo/Luggage Weight (RCLW) = 115 lbs.

*Tire pressure used for test

Table 2

GENERAL TEST AND VEHICLE PARAMETER DATA (cont.)

WEIGHT OF TEST VEHICLE AS RECEIVED FROM DEALER (with maximum fluids)= UDW:

Right Front	=	<u>1114</u>	lbs.	Right Rear	=	<u>681</u>	lbs.
Left Front	=	<u>1138</u>	lbs.	Left Rear	=	<u>684</u>	lbs.
TOTAL FRONT	=	<u>2,252</u>	lbs.	TOTAL REAR	=	<u>1,365</u>	lbs.
TOTAL DELIVERED WEIGHT = <u>3,617.0</u> lbs.							
% of Total Front of Vehicle Weight = <u>62.3</u> % of Total Rear Weight = <u>37.7</u> %							

CALCULATION OF VEHICLE'S TARGET TEST WEIGHT :

Total Delivered Weight	=	<u>3,617</u>	lbs.
Rated Cargo/Luggage Weight (RCLW)	=	<u>115</u>	lbs.
Weight of 2 p.572 Dummies @ 167 each	=	<u>334</u>	lbs.
Weight of 1 - 3 yr old dummy @ 35 each	=	<u>35</u>	lbs.
TARGET TEST WEIGHT	=	<u>4,101</u>	lbs.

WEIGHT OF TEST VEHICLE WITH TWO DUMMIES AND 98 POUNDS OF CARGO WEIGHT:

Right Front	=	<u>1175</u>	lbs.	Right Rear	=	<u>854</u>	lbs.
Left Front	=	<u>1209</u>	lbs.	Left Rear	=	<u>846</u>	lbs.
TOTAL FRONT	=	<u>2,384</u>	lbs.	TOTAL REAR	=	<u>1,700</u>	lbs.
TOTAL TEST WEIGHT = <u>4,034*</u> lbs.							
% of Total Front Weight = <u>58.4</u> % of Total Rear Weight = <u>41.6</u> %							
Weight of Ballast Secured in Vehicle Trunk Area = <u>50*</u> lbs.							
Vehicle Components Removed for Weight Reduction: <u>none</u>							

* - 50 pounds of ballast removed prior to test at request of NHTSA on-site representative.

VEHICLE ATTITUDE (all dimension in inches) :

AS DELIVERED :	RF	<u>29.4</u>	LF	<u>29.2</u>	RR	<u>28.3</u>	LR	<u>28.2</u>
FULLY LOADED :	RF	<u>28.9</u>	LF	<u>28.8</u>	RR	<u>27.1</u>	LR	<u>27.0</u>
AS TESTED :	RF	<u>28.9</u>	LF	<u>28.9</u>	RR	<u>27.2</u>	LR	<u>27.3</u>
Vehicle's Wheel Base : <u>113.3</u> in.								
Location of Vehicle's C.G. : <u>46.3</u> inches rearward of front wheel center.								

FUEL SYSTEM DATA :

Fuel System Capacity From Owner's Manual	=	<u>18.0</u>	gallons
Usable Capacity Figure Furnished by COTR	=	<u>18.0</u>	gallons
Test Volume Range (92 to 94% of Usable Capacity)	=	<u>16.6</u>	to <u>16.9</u> gallons
ACTUAL TEST VOLUME	=	<u>16.6</u>	gallons (with entire fuel system filled)

Table 3

POST IMPACT DATA

TYPE OF TEST:

Type of Test : Frontal Barrier Impact Angle : 0°
 Test Date : May 22, 1996 Time: 11:40 Temperature: 70 °F
 Vehicle NHTSA No. : CT0304
 Required Impact Velocity Range : 28.9 to 29.9 mph

BARRIER IMPACT VELOCITY: (Speed traps within 5 feet of impact plane.)

Trap No. 1 = 28.9 mph; Trap No. 2 = 28.9 mph
 Distance from vehicle to barrier (1) entering trap = 52 inches
 (2) exiting trap = 12 inches

VEHICLE STATIC CRUSH: (For frontal and rear impacts only.)

Vehicle Length:

Pre-Test Right = 196.7 ; C/L = 201.2 ; Left = 196.6
 Post-Test Right = 182.4 ; C/L = 186.5 ; Left = 184.7
 Crush Right = 14.3 ; C/L = 14.7 ; Left = 11.9
 AVERAGE = 13.6 inches

VEHICLE REBOUND: (From rigid barrier only.)

Distance from front of test vehicle to impact point :

Right = 16.4 ; C/L = 15.4 ; Left = 16.1
 AVERAGE = 16.0 inches

DOOR OPENING :

	Left	Right
Front	<u>closed/operable</u>	<u>closed/operable</u>
Rear	<u>closed/operable</u>	<u>closed/operable</u>

SEAT MOVEMENT :

	Seat Back Failure	Seat Shift
Front	<u>none</u>	<u>0.0</u>
Rear	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>

Table 3

POST IMPACT (cont.)

GLAZING DAMAGE :

One crack down center area of windshield.

Lower right side of windshield cracked.

OTHER NOTABLE IMPACT FEATURES :

None.

Section 3

OCCUPANT AND VEHICLE DATA

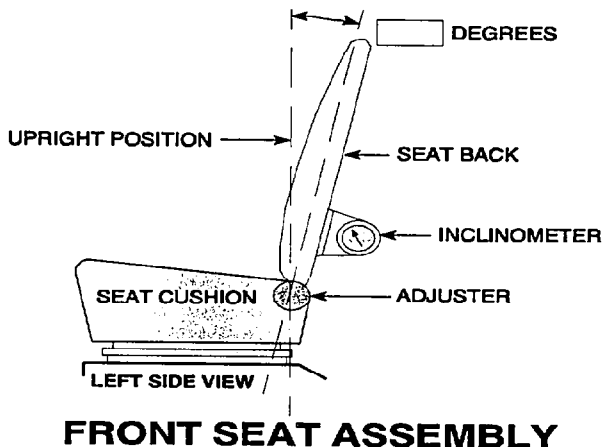
Figure 1

TEST VEHICLE INFORMATION

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION:

Model Year : 1996 Vehicle Model: Dodge Intrepid Body Style : 4 door sedan

- 1. Nominal Design Riding Position for adjustable driver and passenger seat backs. Please describe how to position the inclinometer to measure the seat back angle. Include description of the location of the adjustment latch detent, if applicable.



Seat back angle for driver's seat : 15.5 degrees

Measurement instructions : With head restraints in full-up position, adjust seat back such that head restraint posts are set at 15.5 degrees from vertical.

Seat back angle for passenger's seat : 15.5 degrees

Measurement instructions : same as driver.

- 2. Seat Fore and Aft Positioning

Positioning of the driver's seat : Seat set in mid-position of full fore/aft travel (power seat).

Positioning of the passenger's seat (if applicable) : Seat set in mid-position, 12th detent of 23 total detents (manual seat).

- 3. Fuel Tank Capacity Data

A. "Usable Capacity" of the standard equipment fuel tank is 18.0 gallons

B. "Usable Capacity" of the optional equipment fuel tank is - gallons

- 4. Steering Column Position :

First detent up from lowest position.

- 5. Other:

Driver seat in lowest position, lumbar support in off position.

Figure 2

PART 572 DUMMY IN-VEHICLE POSITION

DUMMY MEASUREMENT FOR FRONT SEAT PASSENGERS

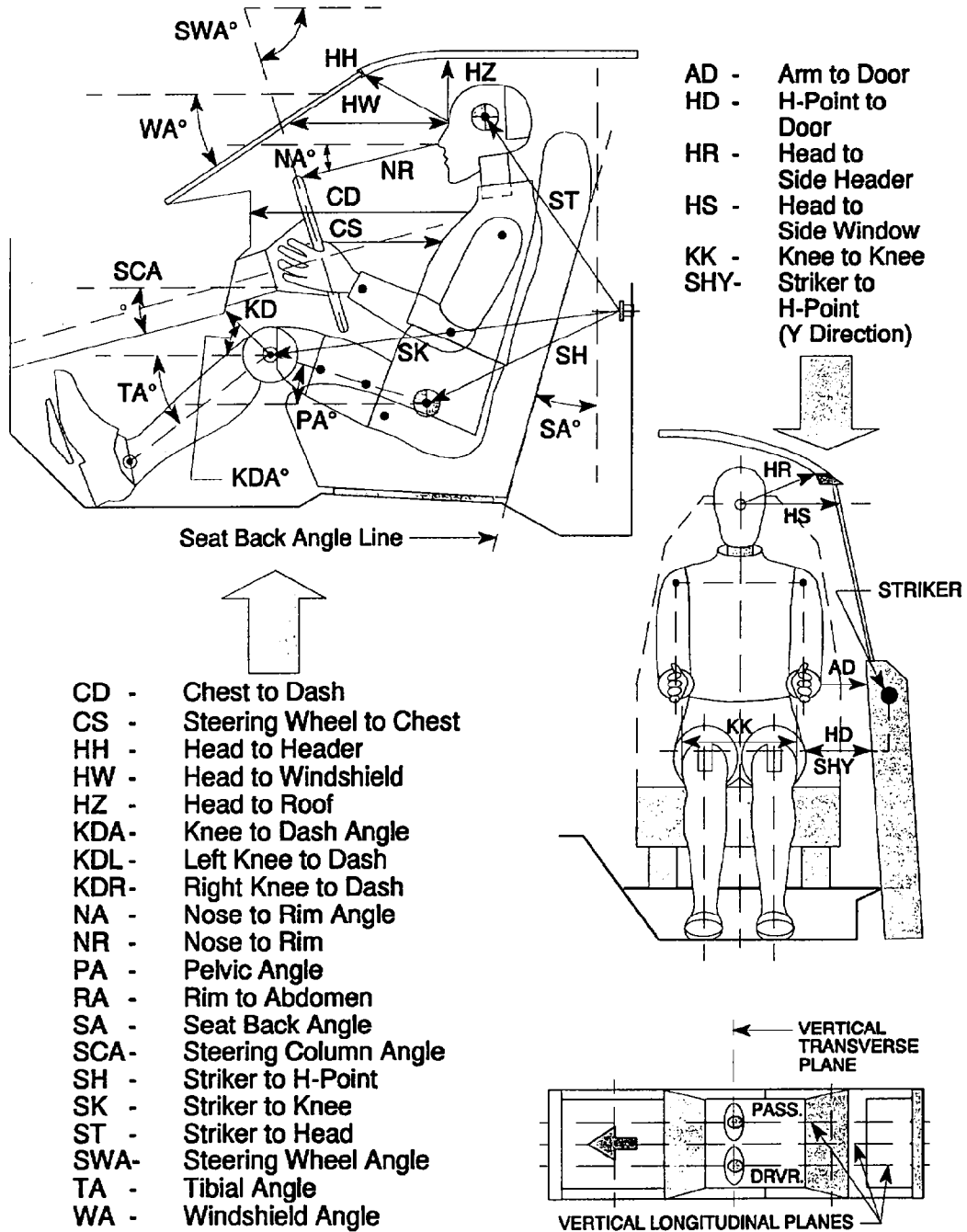


Table 4

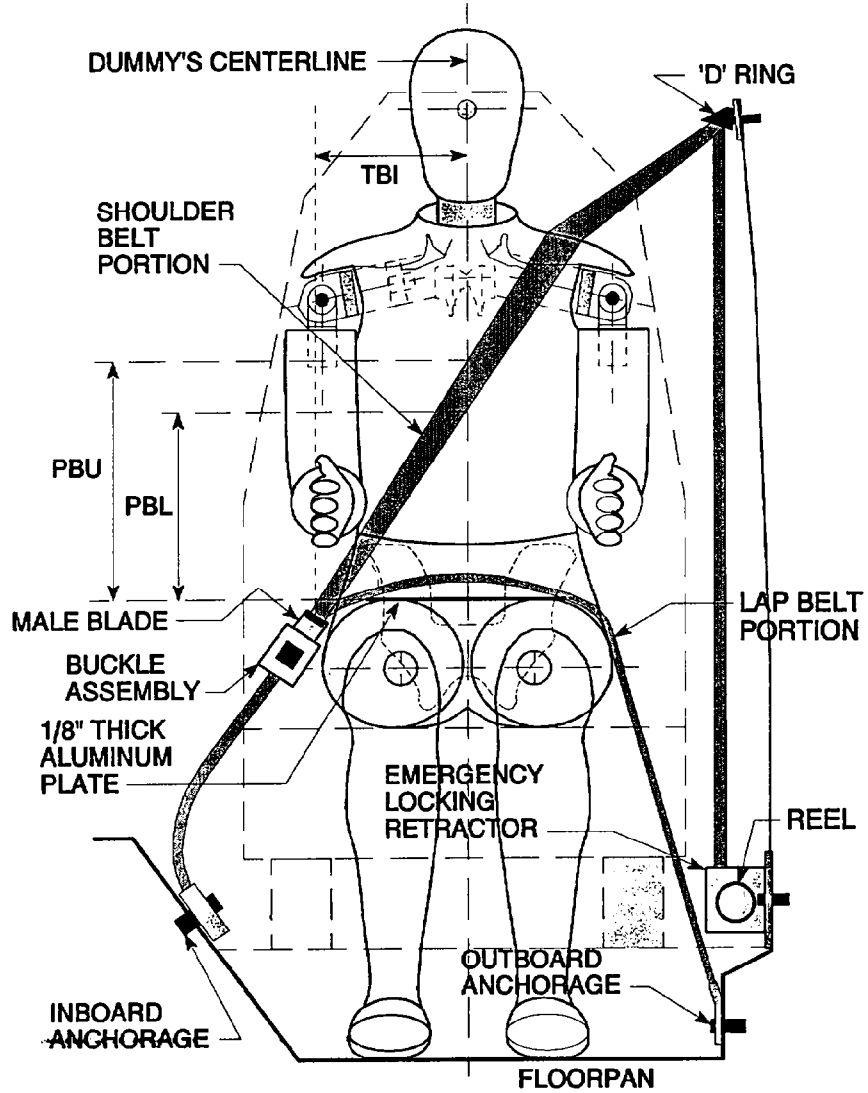
FRONT SEAT OCCUPANT MEASUREMENTS

(All dimensions excluding angles are in inches).

	DRIVER (Serial #290)			PASSENGER (Serial #342)		
WA°	24 deg.			-		
SWA°	72 deg.			-		
SCA°	18 deg.			-		
SA°	15.5 deg.			15.5 deg.		
HZ	6.9			6.2		
HH	14.1			13.9		
HW	24.9			24.5		
HR	7.1			7.1		
NR	14.7	Angle	12 deg.	-		
CD	21.3			20.0		
CS	11.5			-		
RA	7.6			-		
KDL/KDA	5.7	Angle	36 deg.	5.1		
KDR/KDA	6.3			5.1	Angle	39 deg.
PA°	23 deg.			24 deg.		
TA°	38 deg.			45 deg.		
KK	10.9			10.7		
ST	19.8	Angle	12 deg.	21.8	Angle	10 deg.
SK	22.8	Angle	94 deg.	23.3	Angle	91 deg.
SH	10.2	Angle	137 deg.	8.7	Angle	131 deg.
SHY	11.0			10.7		
HS	11.6			11.9		
HD	5.5			5.7		
AD	5.5			5.9		

Figure 3

SEAT BELT POSITIONING DATA



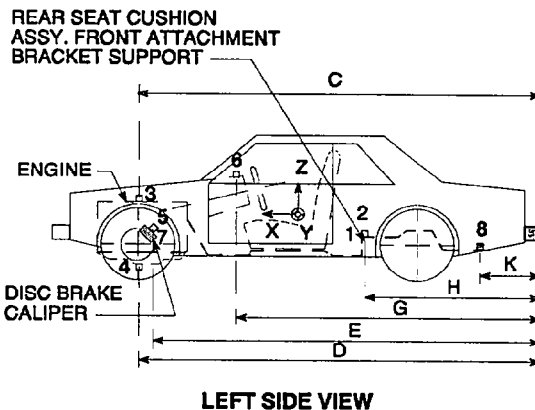
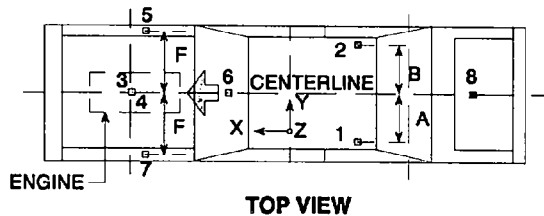
FRONT VIEW OF DUMMY

	DRIVER DUMMY (inches)	PASSENGER DUMMY (inches)
<u>PBU</u> -- Top surface of alum. plate to upper edge	*	*
<u>PBL</u> -- Top surface of alum. plate to belt lower edge	*	*
<u>TBI</u> -- Distance from torso centerline to buckle	*	*

* Vehicle equipped with air bag, manual seat belt not used for this position.

Figure 4

VEHICLE ACCELEROMETER LOCATION AND DATA SUMMARY



ACCELEROMETER NUMBER*	ACCELEROMETER LOCATION	DIRECTION		
		X	Y	Z
1	Left Rear Seat Crossmember	X		
2	Right Rear Seat Crossmember	X		
3	Top of Engine	X		
4	Bottom of Engine	X		
5	Right Disc Brake Caliper	X		
6	Instrument Panel	X		
7	Left Disc Brake Caliper	X		
8	Trunk Z			X

*The accelerometer pack number can be correlated with the vehicle response data traces found in Appendix B.

Table 5

VEHICLE ACCELEROMETER LOCATIONS AND DATA SUMMARY

DIMENSION	LENGTH (Inches)	
	PRE-TEST VALUES	POST-TEST VALUES
A Left Rear Seat Crossmember Y	27.8	27.8
B Right Rear Seat Crossmember Y	27.8	27.8
C Top of Engine X	176.5	169.5
D Bottom of Engine X	168.4	161.8
E Disc Brake Calipers X	155.4	left = 152.6; right = 151.4
F Disc Brake Calipers Y	22.8	22.8
G Instrument Panel X	123.5	123.3
H Rear Seat Crossmembers X	84.4	84.4
K Trunk X	12.0	12.0

LOCATION NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	MAXIMUM VALUE			
		Pos.	msec.	Neg.	msec.
1	Rear Seat X-Member @ Left Side	1.7	120.1	-31.4	42.7
2	Rear Seat X-Member @ Right Side	1.9	125.4	-34.6	40.4
3	Top of Engine Block	45.9	43.0	-169.6	32.9
4	Bottom of Engine	41.7	43.0	-107.4	33.0
5	Disc Brake Caliper @ Right Side	*	*	*	*
6	Instrument Panel	49.4	60.7	-47.9	44.9
7	Disc Brake Caliper @ Left Side	9.1	72.4	-64.2	41.5
8	Trunk	19.4	47.2	-13.9	92.2

* - data questionable after 22 milliseconds.

Figure 5

CAMERA POSITIONS FOR FRONTAL IMPACTS

NOTE: Camera Information shown on Table 6.

CAMERA POSITIONS FOR FRONTAL IMPACTS

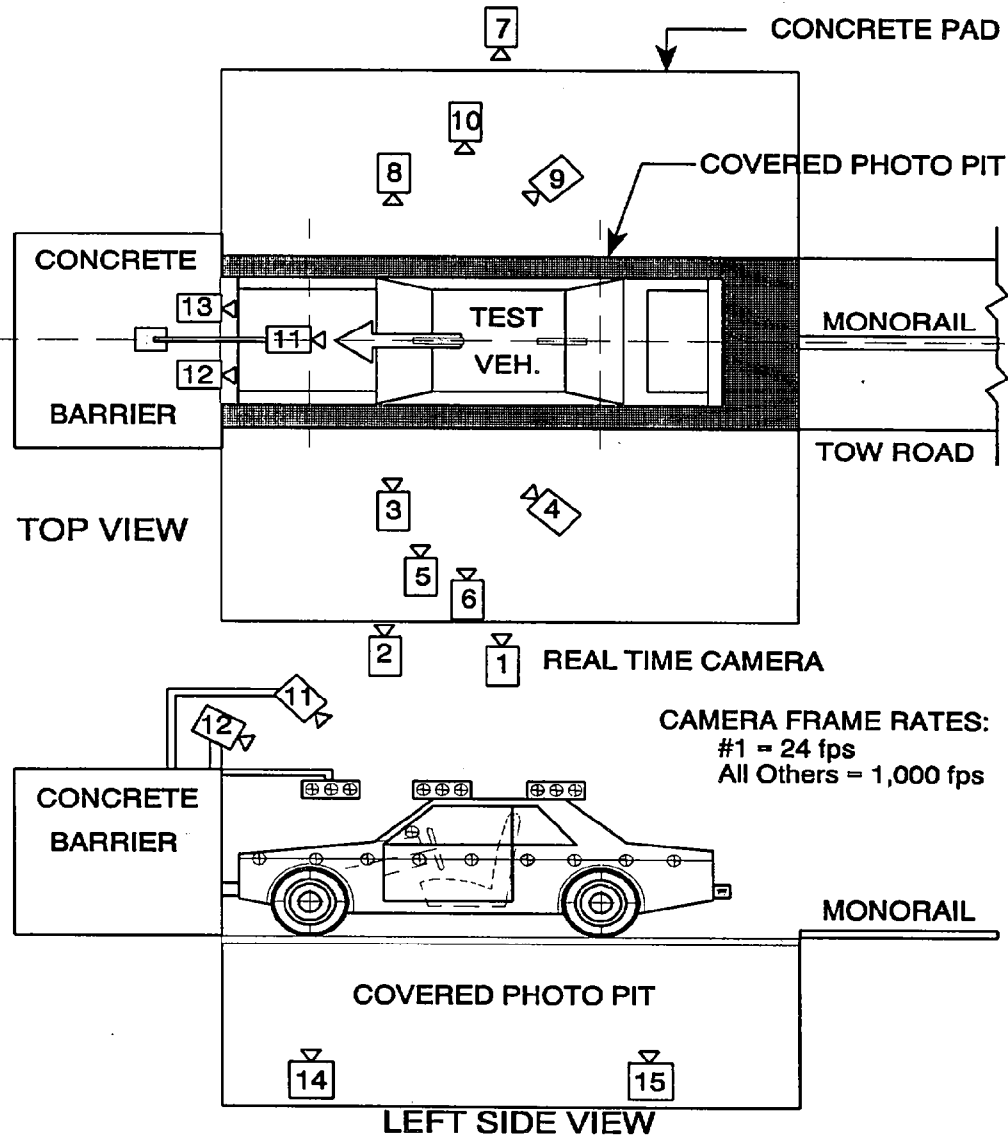


Table 6

HIGH-SPEED CAMERA LOCATIONS

Camera No.	VIEW	CAMERA POSITIONS (In.)*			ANGLE** (deg)	FILM PLANE TO HEAD TARGET (In.)	LENS (mm)	SPEED (fps)
		X	Y	Z				
1	Real-Time Camera	-	-	-	-	-	24	
2	Overall Left Side	280	74	46	-5	262.0	1005	
3	Left Side View	385	41	48	-3	367.0	310	
4	Driver and Interior View	219	124	79	-11	-	945	
5	Steering Column (Bottom)	326	87	45	-3	308.0	940	
6	Steering Column (Top)	326	87	70	-8	308.0	880	
7	Overall Right Side	275	90	45	-4	257.0	1000	
8	Right Side View	335	65	54	-3	317.0	No timing	
9	Passenger and Interior View	208	136	73	-8	-	1110	
10	Right Passenger View	305	77	58	-3	287.0	1050	
11	Windshield View	0	0	129	-60	-	1010	
12	Driver Front View	22	18	78	-48	-	1000	
13	Passenger Front View	22	18	78	-48	-	1005	
14	Pit View of Engine	0	36	-86	90	-	1005	
15	Pit View of Fuel Tank	0	93	-86	90	-	850	
16	Onboard Child Seat View	-	-	-	-	-	700	

Test No. CT0304

Vehicle:

1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan

*X = film plane to monorail centerline
 Y = film plane to impact location
 Z = film plane to ground
 ** = referenced to horizontal plane

Figure 6

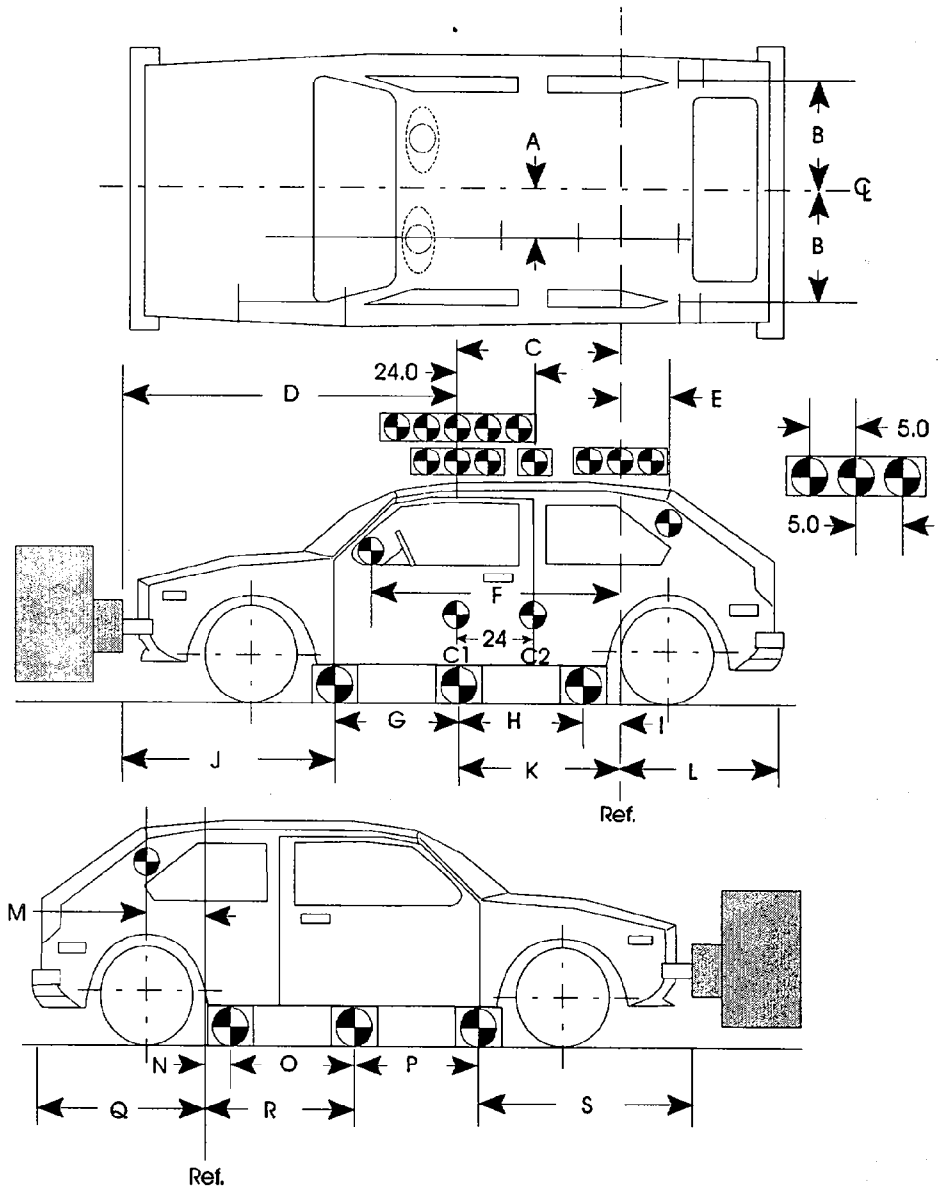
VEHICLE TARGET LOCATIONS
(All dimensions in inches)

Key (Inches)

A =	15.0
B =	21.5

C =	48.0
D =	95.1
E =	0.0
F =	67.9
G =	38.0
H =	38.0
I =	5.3
J =	62.0
K =	43.3
L =	37.9

M =	0.0
N =	5.2
O =	38.1
P =	37.9
Q =	58.3
R =	43.3
S =	61.7



Note: Targets on front fender are 12.0 inches apart. Targets rearward of front fender are 24.0 inches apart.

Figure 7

TEST VEHICLE MEASUREMENTS

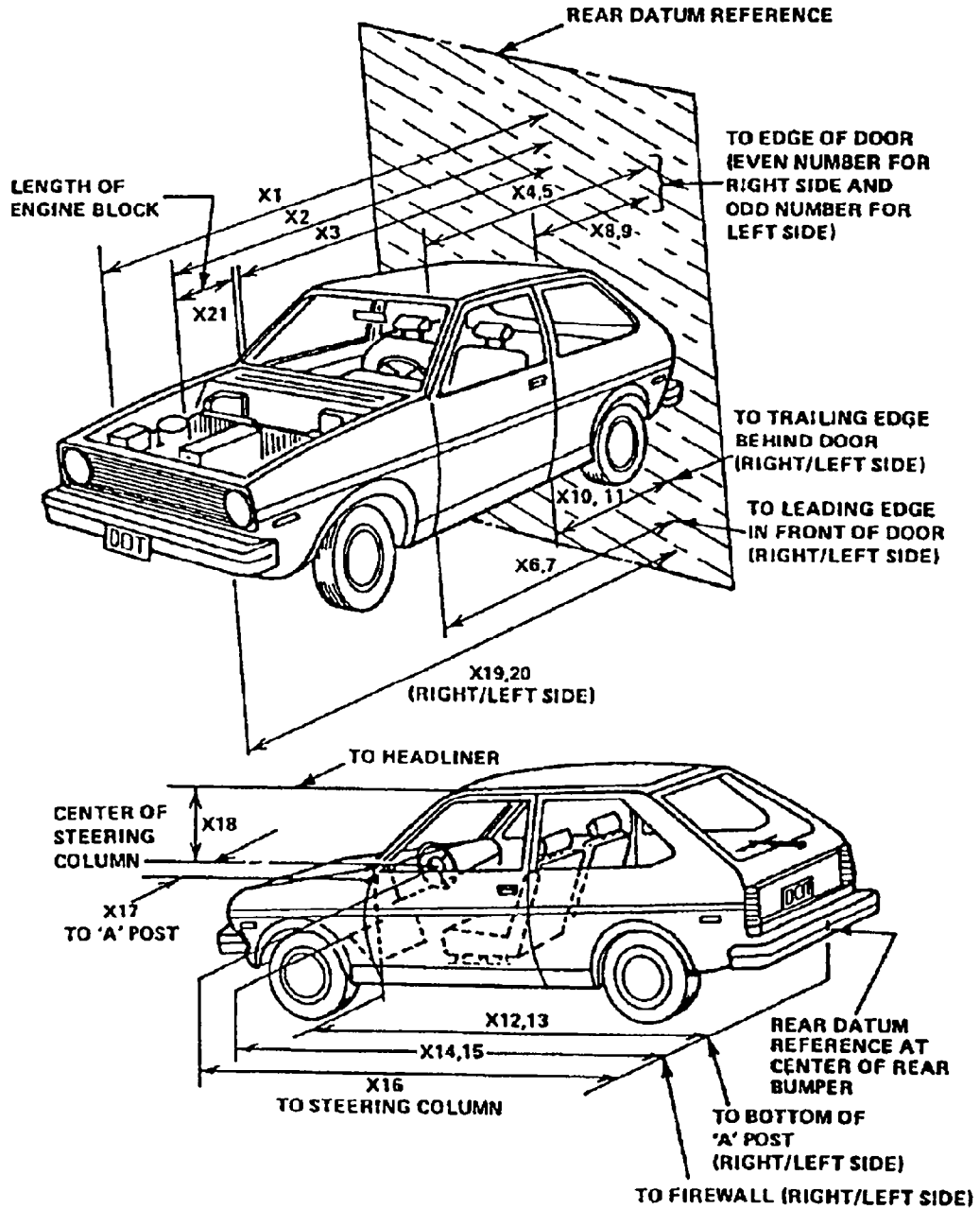


Table 7

VEHICLE MEASUREMENTS

No.		All Dimensions in inches		
		Pre-Test	Post-Test	Differences
X1	Total Length of Vehicle at Centerline	201.2	186.5	14.7
X2	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Front of Engine	182.2	174.4	7.8
X3	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Firewall	158.7	153.5	5.2
X4	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Upper Leading Edge of Right Door	140.4	140.3	0.1
X5	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Upper Leading Edge of Left Door	140.4	139.9	0.5
X6	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Lower Leading Edge of Right Door	137.4	137.4	0.0
X7	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Lower Leading Edge of Left Door	137.4	137.4	0.0
X8	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Upper Trailing Edge of Right Door	96.8	96.6	0.2
X9	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Upper Trailing Edge of Left Door	96.6	96.4	0.2
X10	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Lower Trailing Edge of Right Door	96.3	96.3	0.0
X11	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Lower Trailing Edge of Left Door	96.0	96.0	0.0
X12	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Bottom of "A" Post of Right Side	133.2	133.2	0.0
X13	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Bottom of "A" Post of Left Side	133.8	133.9	-0.1
X14	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Firewall, Right Side	157.5	155.7	1.8
X15	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Firewall, Left Side	157.7	149.5	8.2
X16	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Steering Column	118.9	122.0	-3.1
X17	Center of Steering Column to "A" Post	17.3	18.0	-0.7
X18	Center of Steering Column to Headliner	17.0	16.5	0.5
X19	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Right Side of Front Bumper	196.7	182.4	14.3
X20	Rear Surface of Vehicle to Left Side of Front Bumper	196.6	184.7	11.9
X21	Length of Engine Block	21.8	21.8	0.0

Section 4

SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF FMVSS NOS. 208, 212, 219 AND 301

- "Occupant Crash Protection," FMVSS No. 208 Data
- "Windshield Mounting," FMVSS No. 212 Data
- "Windshield Zone Intrusion," FMVSS No. 219 (Partial) Data
- "Fuel System Integrity," FMVSS No. 301

Table 8

DUMMY INJURY CRITERIA VALUES

NHTSA No. : CT0304 Vehicle : 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan

	MAXIMUM ACCELERATION (g's)								
	HEAD				CHEST				
	X	Y	Z	R	X	Y	Z	R*	Displacement
Dummy (1)	-54.2	18.3	25.3	55.7	-40.4	7.1	7.4	40.598	1.3
Dummy (2)	-47.1	18.1	22.6	47.2	-52.9	-3.8	16.3	52.399	0.8

	MAXIMUM FORCE - FEMUR LOAD (lbs.)	
	LEFT FEMUR	RIGHT FEMUR
Dummy (1)	1468.5	1587.2
Dummy (2)	1793.4	1657.4

	HEAD INJURY CRITERIA**			
	HIC	36 millisecond Maximum		Avg. Acc (g)
		t ₁ (msec)	t ₂ (msec)	t ₁ TO t ₂
Dummy (1)	382.13	68.760	104.640	40.83
Dummy (2)	344.30	63.960	99.840	39.16

* Defined as exceeding 0.003 sec. duration

**As defined in FMVSS No. 208

Table 9

FMVSS NO. 208 - SEAT BELT WARNING SYSTEM CHECK

With occupant in driver's position, the lap belt in stowed position, and ignition switch placed in "Start/On" position:

Log time duration of audible warning signal = 6 sec.

Log time duration of reminder light operation = 6 sec.

With occupant in driver's position, lap belt in use, and the ignition switch placed in "Start/On" position :

Log time duration of audible warning signal = 0 sec.
(audible warning should not operate)

Log time duration of reminder light operation = 6 sec.

Note wording of visual warning :

Fasten Seat Belt -

Fasten Belt -

Symbol 101 X

Table 10

FMVSS NO. 208 - LABELING AND DRIVER'S MANUAL INFORMATION

Locate label which describes manufacturers maintenance or replacement schedule for crash-deployed occupant protection system.

Describe location :

Label located on sunvisor.

Owner's manual states the SRS system is designed to be maintenance free. Label on sunvisor states, "see owner's manual for further information and explanations.

Were appropriate instructions concerning maintenance and/or replacement of this system provided ?

YES X NO -

Was a description of the functional operation of the system provided ?

YES X NO -

Is there a reference to the instructions and description of the system on the label ?

YES X NO -

Was an owner's manual provided ?

YES X NO -

Did the owner's manual contain appropriate information concerning maintenance and/or replacement and a description of the functional operation of the system ?

YES X NO -

Table 11

FMVSS NO. 208 - READINESS INDICATOR

An occupant restraint system that deploys in the event of a crash shall have a monitoring system with a readiness indicator. A totally mechanical system is exempt from this requirement.

Is the system totally mechanical ? YES - NO X

Describe the location of the readiness indicator :

Readiness indicator located on left side of instrument cluster.

Is the readiness indicator clearly visible to the driver ? YES X NO -

Is a list of the elements in the occupant restraint system, being monitored by the readiness indicator, provided ?

YES X NO -

Table 12

FMVSS NO. 208 - COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE TEST SUMMARY

Test Vehicle NHTSA No. :	CT0304
Make/Model :	1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan
Date of Comfort/Convenience Check :	5/21/96
Technician Performing Check :	DJT
GVWR :	4495 lbs.

Seat belt comfort and convenience requirements cover vehicles manufactured on or after September 1, 1986, which have a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less. Exemptions to this rule are belts installed in a walk-in, van-type vehicle and manual Type 2 belt systems installed in the front outboard seating positions of passenger automobiles. On or after September 1, 1989, the exemption of the type 2 manual seat belts installed in the front outboard seating positions of passenger automobiles will change depending on the states' enactment of mandatory usage laws.

Was vehicle built after or on September 1, 1986, and is it equipped with :

1. Automatic seat belts YES - NO X

If yes, go to requirements D1, D2, and D3

2. Manual seat belts* YES X NO -

a. The seat belts, other than Type 2 lap/shoulder belts, are located in the front outboard seating positions of a passenger automobile.

YES - NO X

(Go to requirements D3, D4, D5, and D6)

b. The seat belt system is Type 2 lap/shoulder belt in the front outboard seating positions or the seat belts are located in a walk-in van.

STOP

* If the seat belts are voluntarily installed by the manufacturer they do not have to comply.

Table 12 (cont.)

D1
CONVENIENCE HOOKS

A convenience hook or other device is provided to stow seat belt webbing to facilitate entering or exiting the vehicle.

YES - NO X

Check the option which applies to this test vehicle:

1. A convenience hook or other device automatically releases the webbing when the automatic belt system is operational and remains in the released mode as long as the vehicle's ignition switch is moved to the "on" or "start" position and the vehicle's drivetrain is engaged.

YES n/a NO n/a

2. A convenience hook or other device automatically releases the webbing when the automatic belt system is operational and remains in the released mode as long as the vehicle's ignition switch is moved to the "on" or "start" position and the vehicle's parking brake is in the released mode (non-engaged)

YES n/a NO n/a

D2
WEBBING TENSION - RELIEVING DEVICE

The seat belt assembly installed in the outboard designated seating position has either manual or automatic tension relieving devices permitting the introduction of slack in the webbing of the shoulder belt ("comfort clips" or "window shade" devices).

YES - NO X

Check the owner's manual and determine the maximum amount of slack recommended by the manufacturer in inches. The recommended slack is n/a inches. Introduce this slack into the shoulder belt before testing the vehicle to comply with the requirements of FMVSS 208 S5.1. A warning is included in the owner's manual that introducing slack beyond the amount specified can significantly reduce the effectiveness of the shoulder belt.

YES n/a NO n/a

(If NO, provide explanation.)

Check the option which applies to this test vehicle:

1. This vehicle is equipped with automatic seat belts and the tension relieving device is cancelled each time the adjacent door is opened.

YES n/a NO n/a

(If NO, provide explanation.)

Table 12 (cont.)

2. This vehicle is equipped with manual belts, required to meet FMVSS 208 S4.6, and the tension relieving device is cancelled each time one of the following options occurs:
- | | | | | |
|---|-----|------------------------|----|------------------------|
| a. The adjacent door is opened. | YES | <u> n/a </u> | NO | <u> n/a </u> |
| b. The latch plate is released from the buckle. | YES | <u> n/a </u> | NO | <u> n/a </u> |
3. This is an open-body vehicle, without doors. Does the manual mean to cancel any shoulder belt slack introduced by a tension relieving device to operate properly ?
- | | | | | |
|--|-----|------------------------|----|------------------------|
| | YES | <u> n/a </u> | NO | <u> n/a </u> |
|--|-----|------------------------|----|------------------------|

(If NO, provide explanation.)

D3
BELT CONTACT FORCE

1. Do not measure the belt contact force if the manual or automatic seat belt assemblies in this vehicle incorporate a webbing tension relieving device. Does the vehicle incorporate a tension relieving device?
- | | | | | |
|--|-----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| | YES | <u> - </u> | NO | <u> X </u> |
|--|-----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
2. Seat are adjusted according to instructions in Appendix B.
- | | | | | |
|--|-----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |
|--|-----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
3. The test dummies are positioned according to dummy position placement instructions in Appendix B and Appendix C.
- | | | | | |
|--|-----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |
|--|-----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
4. Close the vehicle's adjacent door, pull either 12 inches of belt webbing or the maximum available amount of belt webbing, whichever is less, from the retractor and then release it, allowing the belt webbing to return to the dummy's chest, then fasten the latch. Locate the point where the centerline of the upper torso belt webbing crosses the midsagittal line on the dummy's chest. At that point, pull the belt webbing out 3 inches from the dummy's chest and release until it is within one inch from the dummy's chest. Measure the contact force exerted by the belt webbing on the dummy's chest. The contact force is 0.2 pounds. Contact the COTR if the contact force exceeds 0.7 pounds.

Table 12 (cont.)

D4
LATCHPLATE ACCESSIBILITY

- | | | | | | |
|----|--|-----|--------------|----|--------------|
| 1. | Position the test dummy in the driver's seat or passenger's seat in its forward most adjustment position. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |
| 2. | Attach the inboard and outboard reach string. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |
| 3. | Extend each line backward and outboard to generate arcs of the reach envelope of the test dummy's arms. With the latchplate in the normal stowed position, check to assure that the latchplates are within the reach envelope. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |
| 4. | Using the clearance test block, determine if there is sufficient clearance between the vehicle seat and the side of vehicle interior to allow the test block to move unhindered to the latchplate or buckle. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |

D5
RETRACTION

- | | | | | | |
|----|--|-----|----------------|----|----------------|
| 1. | Seats and seat backs are adjusted according to instructions in Appendix B "General Test Conditions" in TP-208-09, dated March 15, 1993. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |
| 2. | Use anthropomorphic test dummies whose arms have been removed and position the dummies in the front outboard designated seating positions according to instructions in Appendix B and restrain the dummies, using the belt systems for the positions being tested. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |
| 3. | Outboard armrests which are capable of being stowed on vehicle seats shall be placed in their stowed positions. | YES | <u> n/a </u> | NO | <u> n/a </u> |
| 4. | Check the option which applies to this test vehicle: | | | | |
| a. | The torso and lap belt webbing of the seat belt system automatically retract to a stowed position when the adjacent vehicle door is in an open position and the seat belt latch plate is released. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO | <u> - </u> |

Table 12 (cont.)

- b. The torso and lap belt webbing of the seat belt system automatically retract when the seat belt latchplate is released.
- YES X NO -
5. With the webbing and hardware in the stowed position, close the door to assure that the webbing and hardware are prevented from being pinched.
- YES X NO -
6. If this test vehicle has an open body (without doors) and has a belt system with a tension-relieving device, check to assure that the belt system fully retracts when the tension-relief device is manually deactivated.
- YES n/a NO n/a

D6
ACCESSIBILITY

The requirements for accessibility do not apply to:

1. Seats whose seat cushions are removable so that the seat back serves a function other than seating;
2. Seats which are removable;
3. Seats which are movable so that the space formerly occupied by the seat can be used for a secondary function.

If the seats in this vehicle are different than the criteria above, then determine if:

1. Each manual seat belt assembly whose webbing is designed to pass through the seat cushion or between the seat cushion and seat back has one of the following three parts (the seat belt latchplate, the buckle, or the seat belt webbing) on top of or above the seat cushion under normal conditions (i.e., conditions other than when belt hardware is intentionally pushed behind the seat by a vehicle occupant).

YES x NO -

2. The remaining two seat belt parts are accessible under normal conditions.

YES x NO -

Table 12 (cont.)

- | | | | | |
|----|--|-----|--------------|-----------------|
| 3. | The buckle and latchplate pass through the guides or conduits provided and do not fall behind the seat when the following events occur in order: | | | |
| | a. The belt is completely retracted or, if the belt is non-retractable, the belt is unattached. | YES | <u> x </u> | NO <u> - </u> |
| | b. The seat is moved to any position to which it is designed to be adjusted. | YES | <u> x </u> | NO <u> - </u> |
| | c. The seat back, if foldable, is folded forward as far as possible and then moved backward into positions. | YES | <u> x </u> | NO <u> - </u> |
| 4. | Is the inboard receptacle end of the seat belt assembly which is installed in the outboard designated seating position accessible with the center arm rest in any position to which it can be adjusted without moving the armrest? | YES | <u> X </u> | NO <u> - </u> |

D7
LATCH MECHANISM

A seat belt assembly installed in a passenger car, except an automatic belt assembly, shall have a latch mechanism:

- | | | | | |
|----|--|-----|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. | Whose components are accessible to a seated occupant in both the stowed and operational positions. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO <u> - </u> |
| 2. | That releases both the upper torso restraint and the lap belt simultaneously, if the assembly has a lap belt and an upper torso restraint that require unlatching for release of the occupant. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO <u> - </u> |
| 3. | That releases at a single point by a push button action. | YES | <u> X </u> | NO <u> - </u> |

Figure 8

FMVSS NO. 212 - "WINDSHIELD MOUNTING" DATA SHEET

DETAILS OF WINDSHIELD MOUNTING SUCH AS RETENTION METHOD, TRIM TYPE, ETC. :

The windshield is bonded in place with 0.6 inch rubber trim along the top and sides. Lower portion of windshield is covered by a plastic shroud.

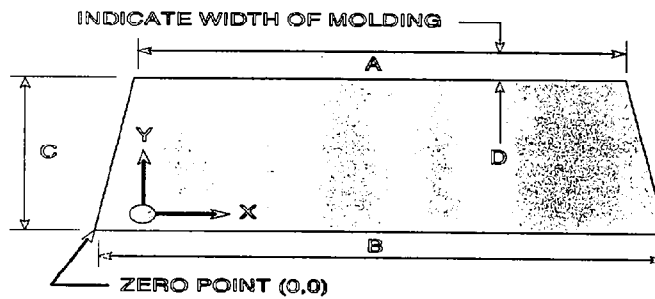
FMVSS 212 REQUIREMENTS :

The Post - Test periphery retention amount must be at least 75% of the Pre - Test periphery measurement for vehicle NOT equipped with automatic restraints, and 50% for each side of windshield for vehicles equipped with automatic restraint systems for front occupants.

FMVSS 212 TEST DATA :

	WINDSHIELD PERIPHERY		PERCENT RETENTION
	PRE - TEST (in.)	POST - TEST (in.)	
RIGHT SIDE	179.5	179.5	100.0
LEFT SIDE	179.5	179.5	100.0
TOTAL	359.0	359.0	100.0

AREA OF RETENTION FAILURE:



FRONT VIEW OF WINDSHIELD

FAILURE DETAILS : None

Figure 9

FMVSS NO. 219 (PARTIAL) - "WINDSHIELD ZONE INTRUSION" DATA SHEET

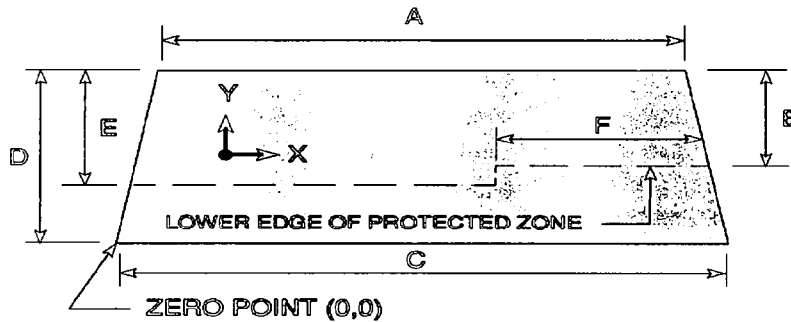
PROTECTED ZONE LOWER EDGE REQUIREMENT :

The lower edge of the protected zone is determined by placing a 6.5" dia. rigid sphere weighing 15 pounds in a position such that it simultaneously contacts the inner surface of the windshield and the top surface of the instrument panel including padding. The locus of points is drawn on the inner surface of the windshield contacted by the sphere across the width of the instrument panel. From the outermost contactable points, extend the locus line horizontally to the edges of the windshield, and then draw a line on the inner surface of the windshield below and 1/2" distant from the locus line. The LOWER EDGE OF THE PROTECTED ZONE is the longitudinal projection of this line onto the outer surface of the windshield

FMVSS 219 TEST DATA : (Dimensions in inches.)

KEY (Inches):

A =	48.0
B =	18.0
C =	69.5
D =	31.0
E =	18.8
F =	17.0



FRONT VIEW OF WINDSHIELD

DETAILS OF WINDSHIELD GLASS PENETRATION GREATER THAN 1/4" :

(Show location of penetration on above sketch)

None

COORDINATES		
	X	Y
1		
2		
3		
4		

Table 13
FUEL SYSTEM INTEGRITY POST IMPACT TEST DATA

FMVSS NO. 301

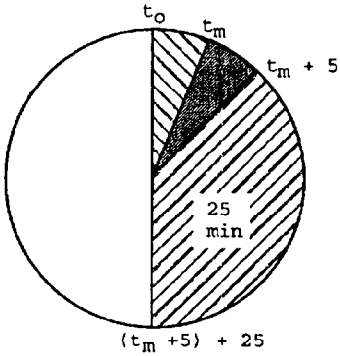
TEST VEHICLE NHTSA NO. : CT0304 TEST DATE : May 22, 1996

Vehicle Mfr./Make/Model : 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan

Test vehicle fuel tank filled to 92% to 94% of manufacturer's "usable" capacity and with electric fuel pump operating (if it will operate without engine operation). Part 572 test dummies located at each front designated seating position.

TEST VEHICLE IMPACT TYPE : X Frontal (30 mph)
- Oblique (30 mph) with - ° barrier face first
 contacting -
 (driver/passenger) side
- Rear Moving Barrier (30 mph)
- Lateral Moving Barrier (20 mph)

FUEL SPILLAGE MEASUREMENT:



1. From impact until vehicle motion ceases
2. For five minute period after vehicle motion ceases
3. For next 25 minutes

ACTUAL	MAX ALLOWED
0	1 oz.
0	5 oz.
0	1 oz./1 min.

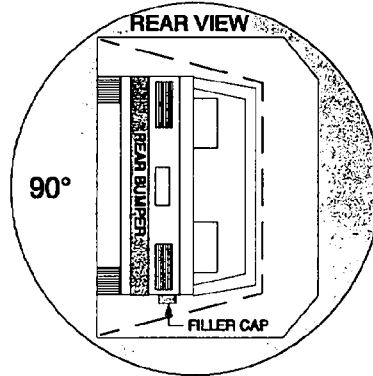
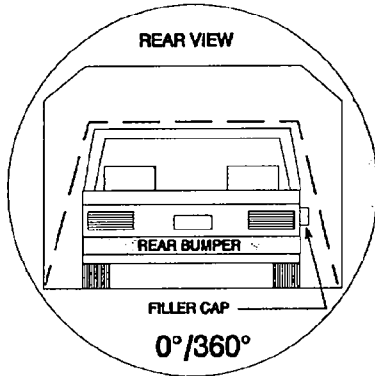
SOLVENT SPILLAGE DETAILS :

None

Table 14
 FMVSS NO. 301 STATIC ROLLOVER DATA SHEET

TEST PHASE :
 0-90 Deg.

Vehicle NHTSA ID No. :
 CT0304



I. DETERMINATION OF SOLVENT COLLECTION TIME PERIOD :

Rollover Fixture 90° Rotation Time (Spec. Range = 1 to 3 minutes)	1	minutes	58	seconds
FMVSS 301 Position Hold Time +	5	minutes	00	seconds
TOTAL	6	minutes	58	seconds
Next whole minute interval	7	minutes		

II. FMVSS 301 REQUIREMENTS :

(1) Time Period

First 5 minutes FROM onset of rotation	6th min.	7th min.	8th min. if reqd.
--	----------	----------	----------------------

(2) Maximum Allowable Solvent Spillage

5 ounces	1 ounce	1 ounce	1 ounce
----------	---------	---------	---------

III. ACTUAL TEST VEHICLE SOLVENT SPILLAGE :

0	0	0	n/a
---	---	---	-----

Note: Record spillage for whole minute intervals only as determined above.

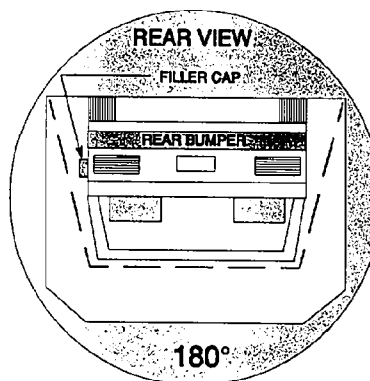
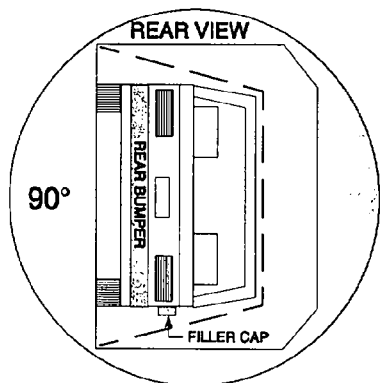
IV. SOLVENT SPILLAGE LOCATION(S) :

None

Table 14
FMVSS NO. 301 STATIC ROLLOVER DATA SHEET (cont.)

TEST PHASE :
90-180 Deg.

Vehicle NHTSA ID No. :
CT0304



I. DETERMINATION OF SOLVENT COLLECTION TIME PERIOD :

Rollover Fixture 90° Rotation Time (Spec. Range = 1 to 3 minutes)	1	minutes	56	seconds
FMVSS 301 Position Hold Time +	5	minutes	00	seconds
TOTAL	6	minutes	56	seconds
Next whole minute interval	7	minutes		

II. FMVSS 301 REQUIREMENTS :

(1) Time Period

First 5 minutes FROM onset of rotation	6th min.	7th min.	8th min. if reqd.
--	----------	----------	----------------------

(2) Maximum Allowable Solvent Spillage

5 ounces	1 ounce	1 ounce	1 ounce
----------	---------	---------	---------

III. ACTUAL TEST VEHICLE SOLVENT SPILLAGE :

0	0	0	n/a
---	---	---	-----

Note: Record spillage for whole minute intervals only as determined above.

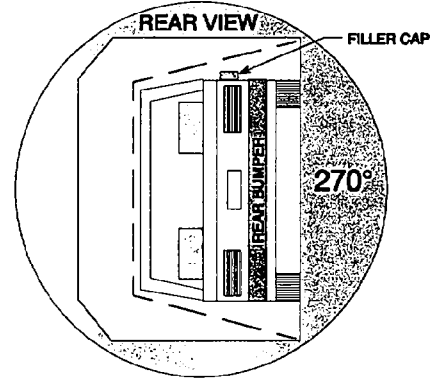
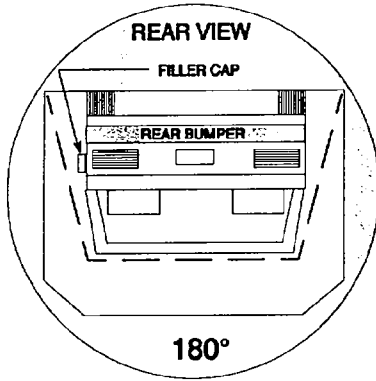
IV. SOLVENT SPILLAGE LOCATION(S) :

None

Table 14
 FMVSS NO. 301 STATIC ROLLOVER DATA SHEET (cont.)

TEST PHASE :
 180-270 Deg.

Vehicle NHTSA ID No. :
 CT0304



I. DETERMINATION OF SOLVENT COLLECTION TIME PERIOD :

Rollover Fixture 90° Rotation Time (Spec. Range = 1 to 3 minutes)	1	minutes	56	seconds
FMVSS 301 Position Hold Time +	5	minutes	00	seconds
TOTAL	6	minutes	56	seconds
Next whole minute interval	7	minutes		

II. FMVSS 301 REQUIREMENTS :

(1) Time Period

First 5 minutes FROM onset of rotation	6th min.	7th min.	8th min. if reqd.
--	----------	----------	----------------------

(2) Maximum Allowable Solvent Spillage

5 ounces	1 ounce	1 ounce	1 ounce
----------	---------	---------	---------

III. ACTUAL TEST VEHICLE SOLVENT SPILLAGE :

0	0	0	n/a
---	---	---	-----

Note: Record spillage for whole minute intervals only as determined above.

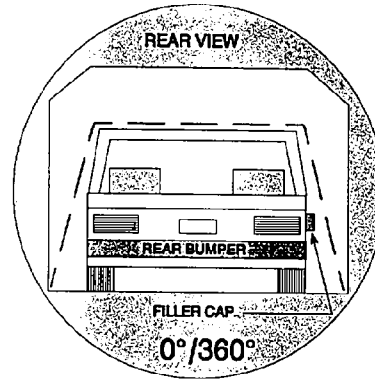
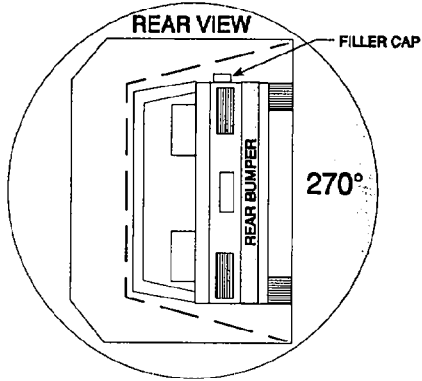
IV. SOLVENT SPILLAGE LOCATION(S) :

None

Table 14
FMVSS NO. 301 STATIC ROLLOVER DATA SHEET (cont.)

TEST PHASE :
 270-360 Deg.

Vehicle NHTSA ID No. :
 CT0304



I. DETERMINATION OF SOLVENT COLLECTION TIME PERIOD :

Rollover Fixture 90° Rotation Time (Spec. Range = 1 to 3 minutes)	2	minutes	05	seconds
FMVSS 301 Position Hold Time +	5	minutes	00	seconds
TOTAL	7	minutes	5	seconds
Next whole minute interval	8	minutes		

II. FMVSS 301 REQUIREMENTS :

(1) Time Period

First 5 minutes FROM onset of rotation	6th min.	7th min.	8th min. if reqd.
--	----------	----------	----------------------

(2) Maximum Allowable Solvent Spillage

5 ounces	1 ounce	1 ounce	1 ounce
----------	---------	---------	---------

III. ACTUAL TEST VEHICLE SOLVENT SPILLAGE :

0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---

Note: Record spillage for whole minute intervals only as determined above.

IV. SOLVENT SPILLAGE LOCATION(S) :

None

Table 15

POST TEST AIR BAG DATA

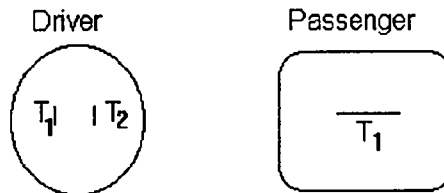
NHTSA No. : CT0304; Test Date: May 22, 1996; Technician: DJT

Vehicle Model Year/Make/Model: 1996 Dodge Intrepid

- A. No. of vent holes: 0 -Driver 0 -Passenger
- B. Size of vent holes: (In.²) - -Driver - -Passenger
- C. Total vent area: (In.²) - -Driver - -Passenger
- D. Deflated air bag length and width dimensions or, if round, diameter. (In inches)
- Driver: - -Length; - -Width; 24.0 -Diameter
- Passenger: 26.0 -Height; 20.5 -Width; 17.0 -Depth
- E. Is the air bag tethered?
- Driver: X -Yes; - -No; If yes, record length of tether- 2 - 8.5" ea.
- Passenger: X -Yes; - -No; If yes, record length of tether- 14.0"

Sketch the air bag showing the location of the vent holes, how the bag is tethered, and where the bag is tethered. Also describe how the tethers are attached to the bag and the steering wheel.

(Note: Not to scale; V_n = Vent hole_n, T_n = Tether_n).



- F. Record part numbers and manufacturer name of the air bag and gas generator.

Driver: Air bag: PUT12324-01C TBN51520034

Generator: CBFF6N12AAJ

Passenger: Air bag: no visible number

Generator: TCGP1 ?510709 (can't read character denoted with "?").

- G. Cut out a 6 inch by 6 inch swatch of the bag material and at least one tether from each bag, mark the vehicle's NHTSA number on the swatch, and send these parts to the COTR with the test report.

Table 16

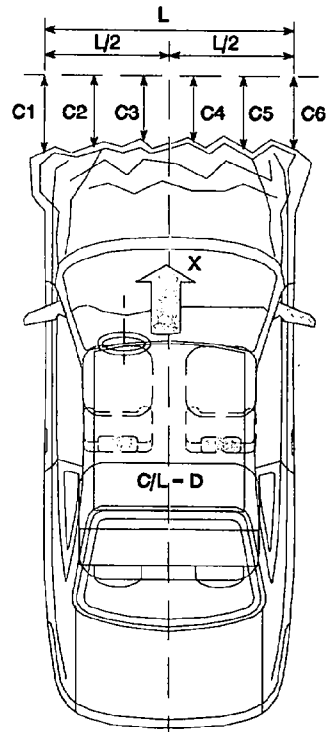
ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION DIVISION DATA

VEHICLE YEAR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY STYLE: 1996 Dodge Intrepid 4 door sedan
 VEHICLE NHTSA NO. : CT0304 VIN NO. : 2B3HD56FXTH107333
 WHEELBASE: 113.3 in. BUILD DATE: 8/95 TEST DATE: May 22, 1996
 VEH SIZE CATEGORY: full TEST WEIGHT: 4034 lbs.
 FRONT OVERHANG: 43.1 in. OVERALL WIDTH: 74.6 in.
 COLLISION DEFORMATION (CDC) CODE: 12FDEW2
 IMPACT MODE: 30 mph zero degree frontal barrier.

CRUSH DEPTH DIMENSIONS: (Inches)

C1 = 11.0 C4 = 14.9
 C2 = 12.8 C5 = 14.6
 C3 = 14.4 C6 = 12.3

MIDPOINT OF DAMAGE: D=
 (Vehicle Longitudinal Centerline) 31.4
 LENGTH OF DAMAGE
 REGION: L= 62.8



Remarks: None

Table 17
TEST VEHICLE NONCOMPLIANCE NOTICE

NHTSA Contract Lab : Calspan SRL Corporation
Lab Project Manager & Telephone No. : David J. Travale (716) 632 - 7500
Date of Test : May 22, 1996 Vehicle NHTSA No. : CT0304
Vehicle Manufacturer : Chrysler Corporation
Model Year : 1996 VIN : 2B3HD56FXTH107333
Model : Intrepid Body Style: 4 door sedan Build Date : 8/95
Dummy Stabilized Temperature at Time of Test : 70 °F (Spec. = 69 - 72 °F)
Impact Velocity : 28.9 mph; Time of Test : 11:40
Type of Automatic Restraint System :
Driver : air bag
Passenger : air bag

Failure Details :

The vehicle as tested, appears to comply with the requirements of FMVSS Nos. 208, 212, 213, 219(partial), and 301.

Appendix A
PHOTOGRAPHS

LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

<u>Figure</u>	<u>Photograph Title</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
A-1	PRE-TEST FRONT VIEW	A-3
A-2	POST-TEST FRONT VIEW	A-4
A-3	PRE-TEST LEFT SIDE VIEW	A-5
A-4	POST-TEST LEFT SIDE VIEW	A-6
A-5	PRE-TEST RIGHT SIDE VIEW	A-7
A-6	POST-TEST RIGHT SIDE VIEW	A-8
A-7	PRE-TEST FRONT UNDERBODY VIEW	A-9
A-8	POST-TEST FRONT UNDERBODY VIEW	A-10
A-9	PRE-TEST DRIVER SIDE VIEW	A-11
A-10	POST-TEST DRIVER SIDE VIEW	A-12
A-11	PRE-TEST PASSENGER SIDE VIEW	A-13
A-12	POST-TEST PASSENGER SIDE VIEW	A-14
A-13	PRE-TEST DRIVER KNEE BOLSTER	A-15
A-14	POST-TEST DRIVER KNEE BOLSTER	A-16
A-15	PRE-TEST PASSENGER KNEE BOLSTER	A-17
A-16	POST-TEST PASSENGER KNEE BOLSTER	A-18
A-17	PRE-TEST UNDERBODY STEERING SHAFT	A-19
A-18	POST-TEST UNDERBODY STEERING SHAFT	A-20
A-19	PRE-TEST STEERING COLUMN/FIREWALL INSIDE VIEW	A-21
A-20	POST-TEST STEERING COLUMN/FIREWALL INSIDE VIEW	A-22
A-21	CERTIFICATION PLACARD	A-23
A-22	TIRE PLACARD	A-24
A-23	VEHICLE IMPACT	A-25
A-24	POST-TEST DRIVER AIRBAG VIEW	A-26
A-25	POST-TEST PASSENGER AIRBAG VIEW	A-27

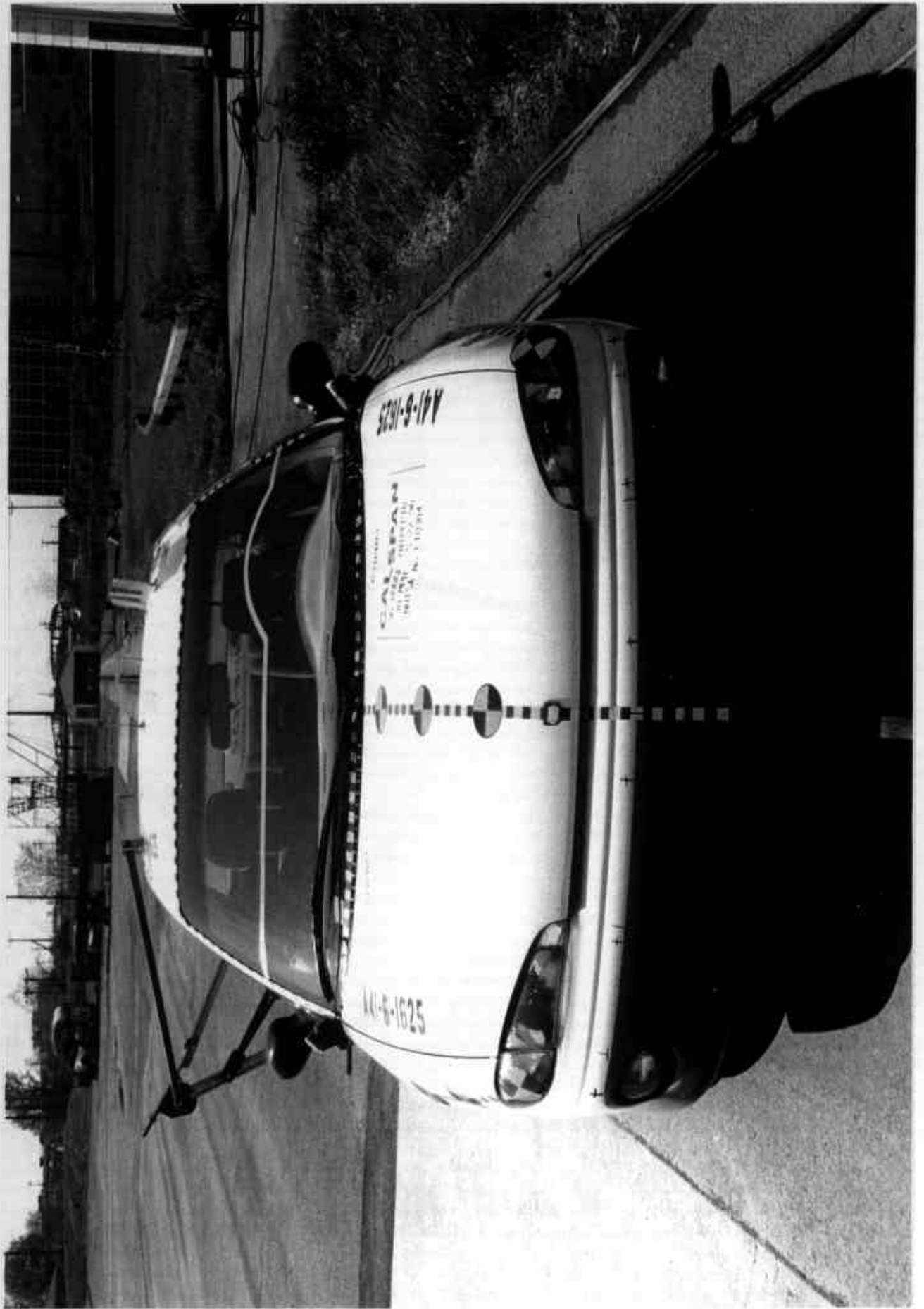


Figure A-1 PRE-TEST FRONT VIEW



Figure A-2 POST-TEST FRONT VIEW

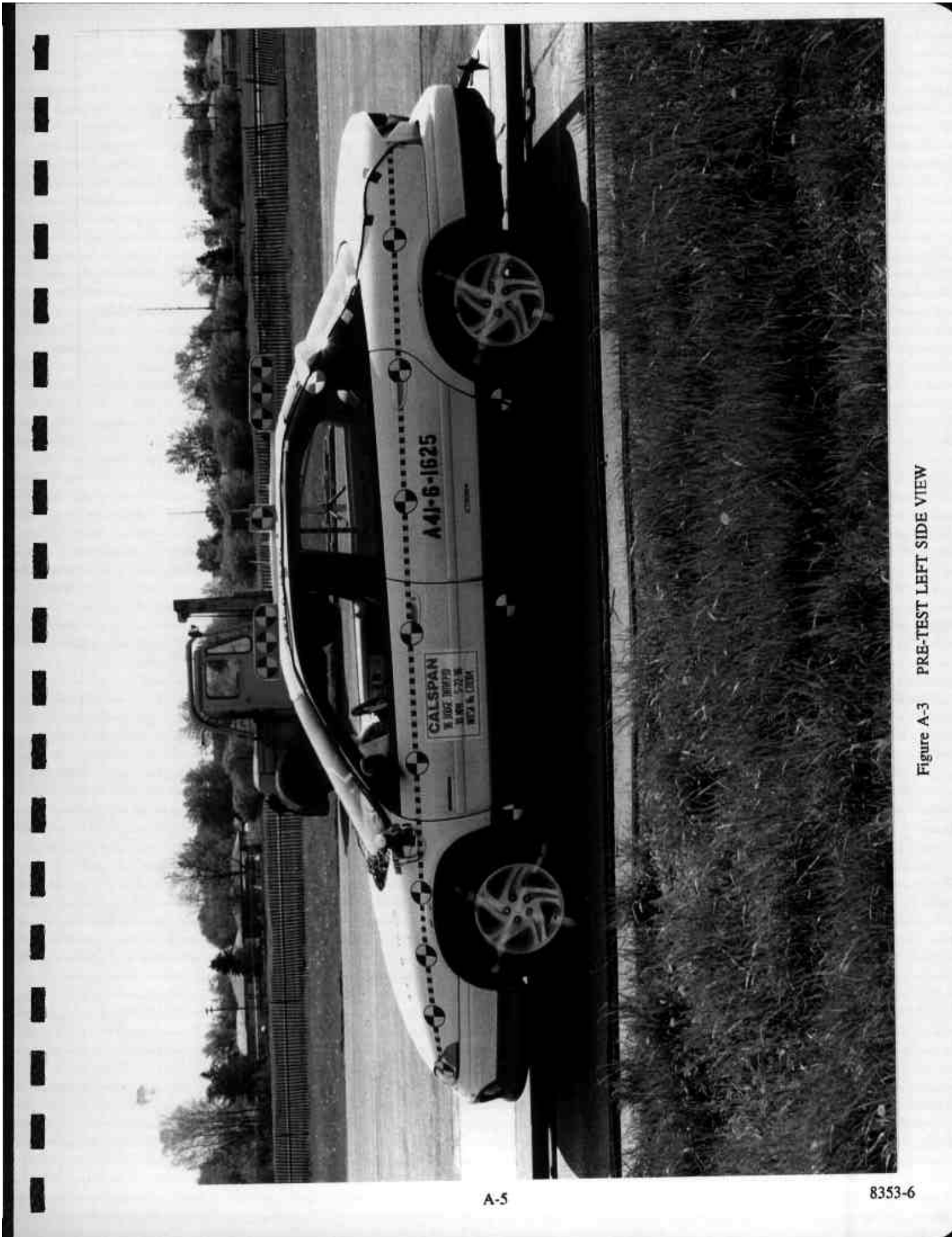


Figure A-3 PRE-TEST LEFT SIDE VIEW

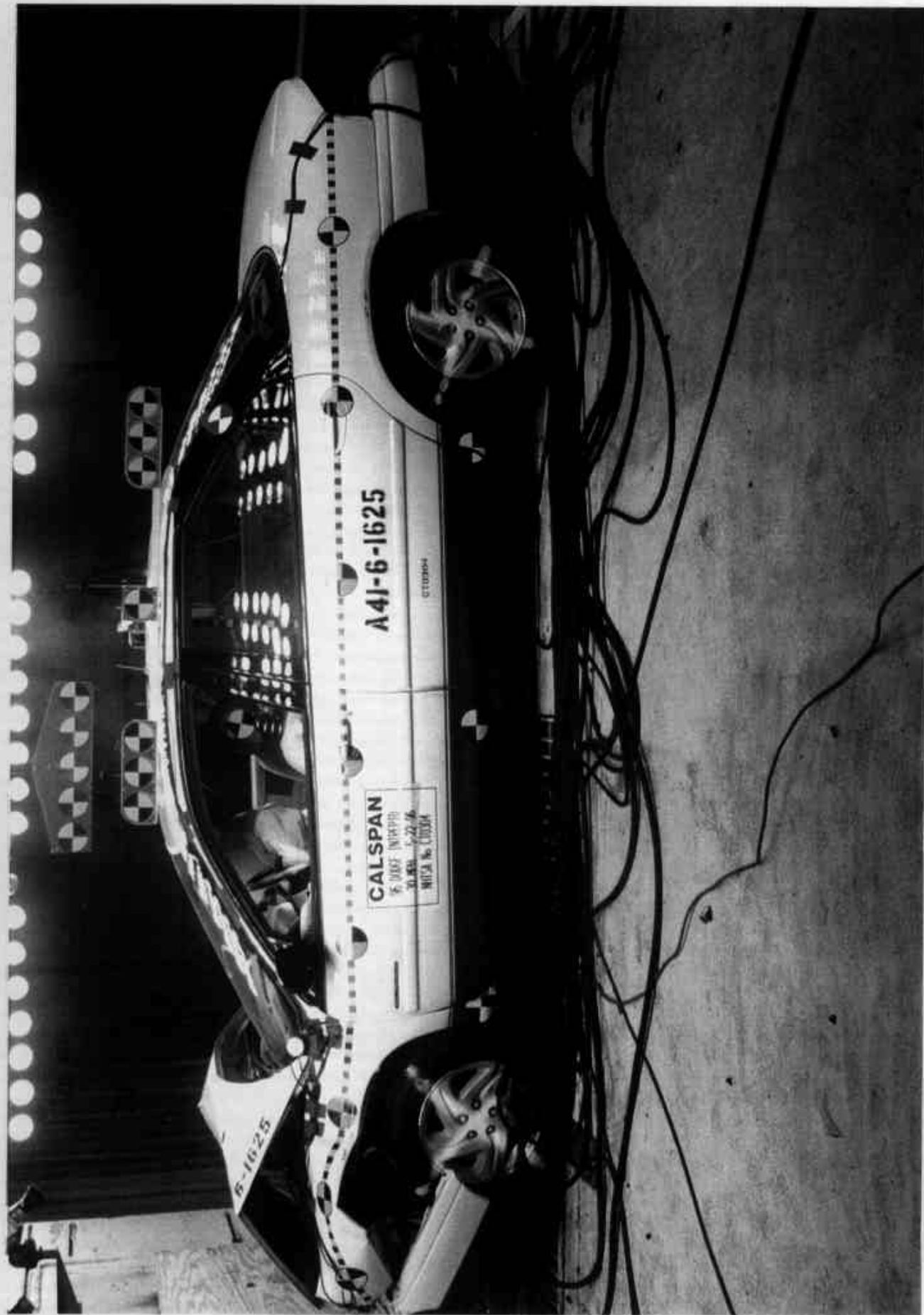


Figure A-4 POST-TEST LEFT SIDE VIEW



Figure A-5 PRE-TEST RIGHT SIDE VIEW

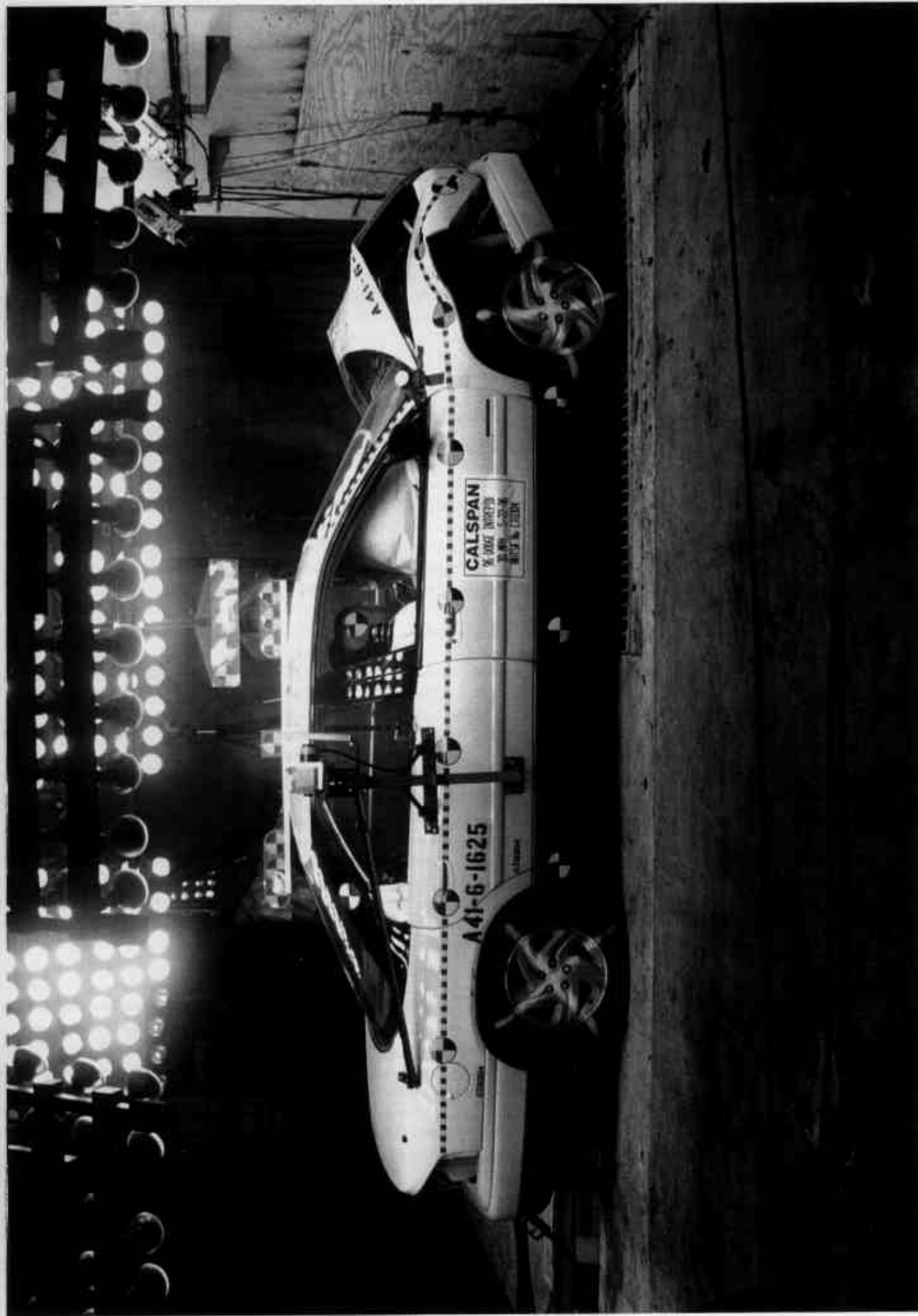


Figure A-6 POST-TEST RIGHT SIDE VIEW

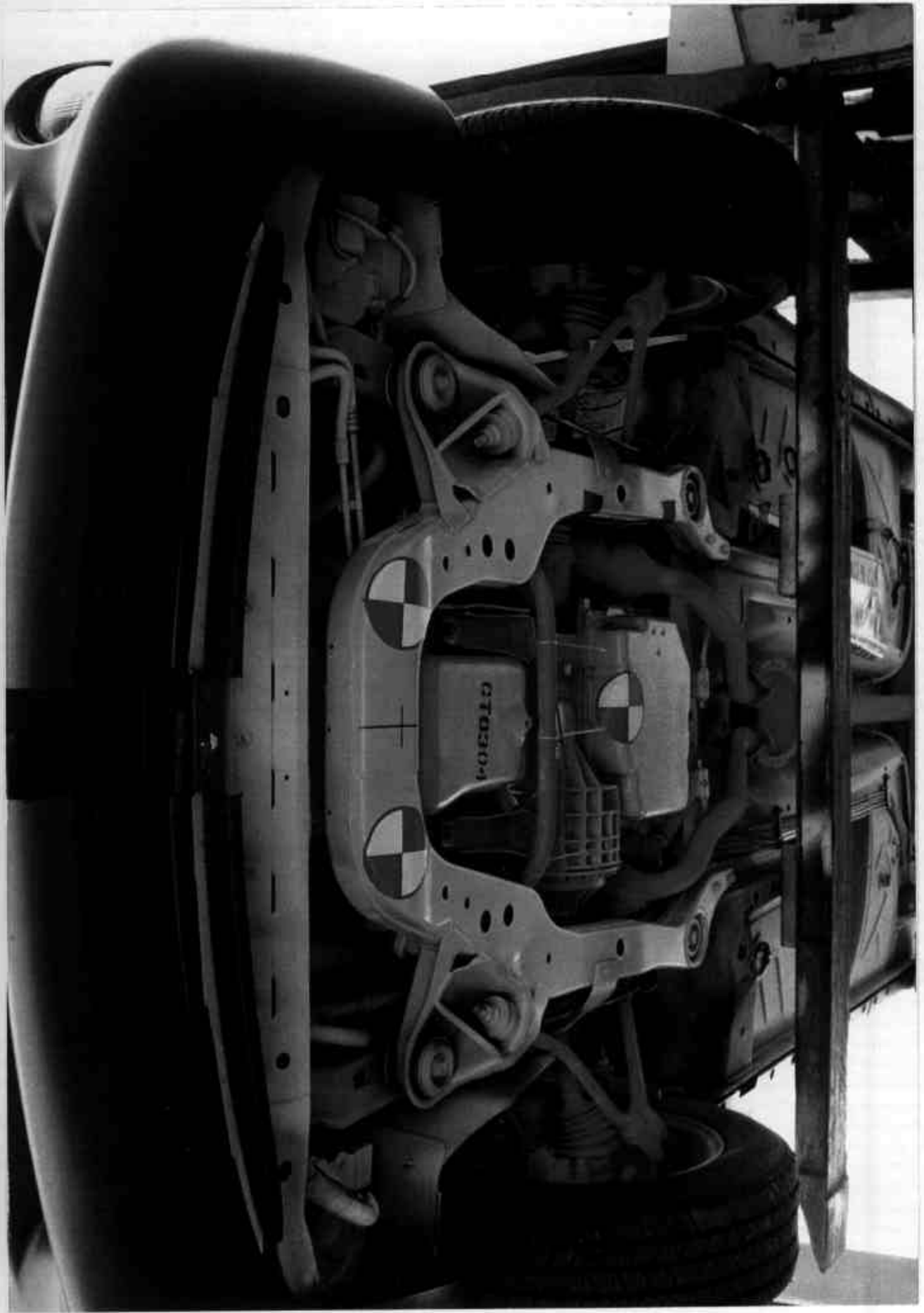


Figure A-7 PRE-TEST FRONT UNDERBODY VIEW

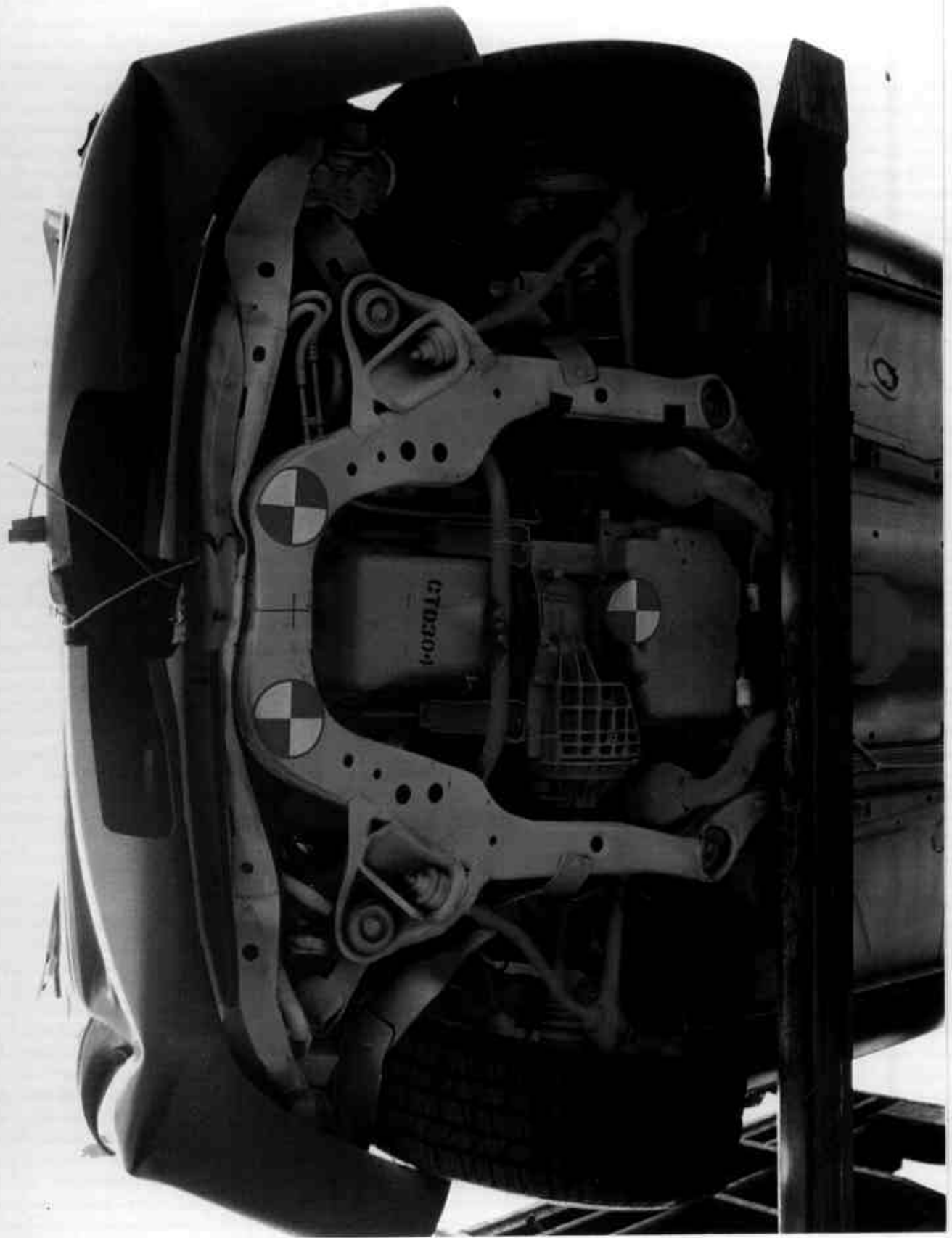


Figure A-8 POST-TEST FRONT UNDERBODY VIEW

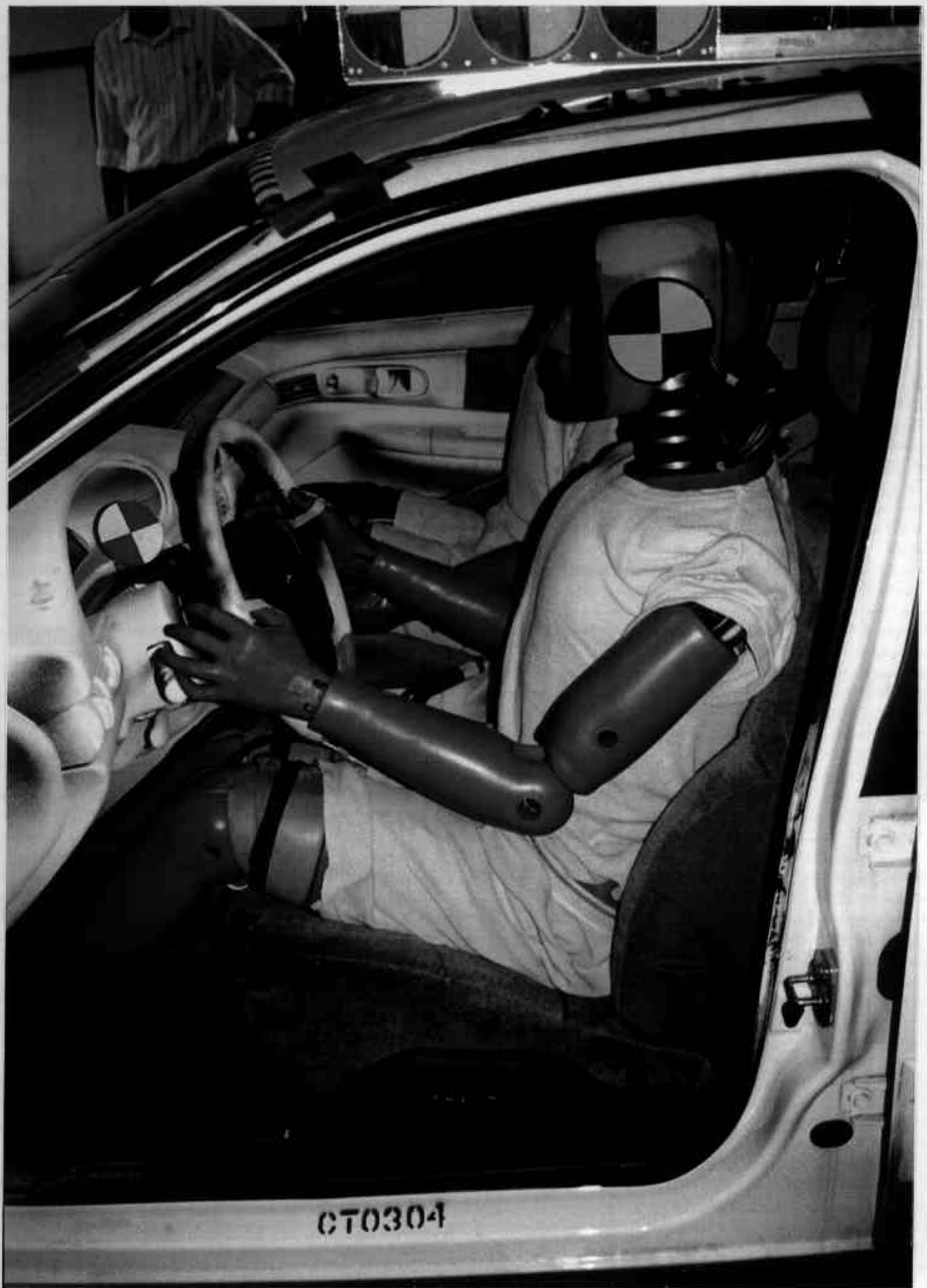


Figure A-9 PRE-TEST DRIVER SIDE VIEW
A-11



Figure A-10 POST-TEST DRIVER SIDE VIEW
A-12



Figure A-11 PRE-TEST PASSENGER SIDE VIEW
A-13



Figure A-12 POST-TEST PASSENGER SIDE VIEW

A-14

8353-6



Figure A-13 PRE-TEST DRIVER KNEE BOLSTER

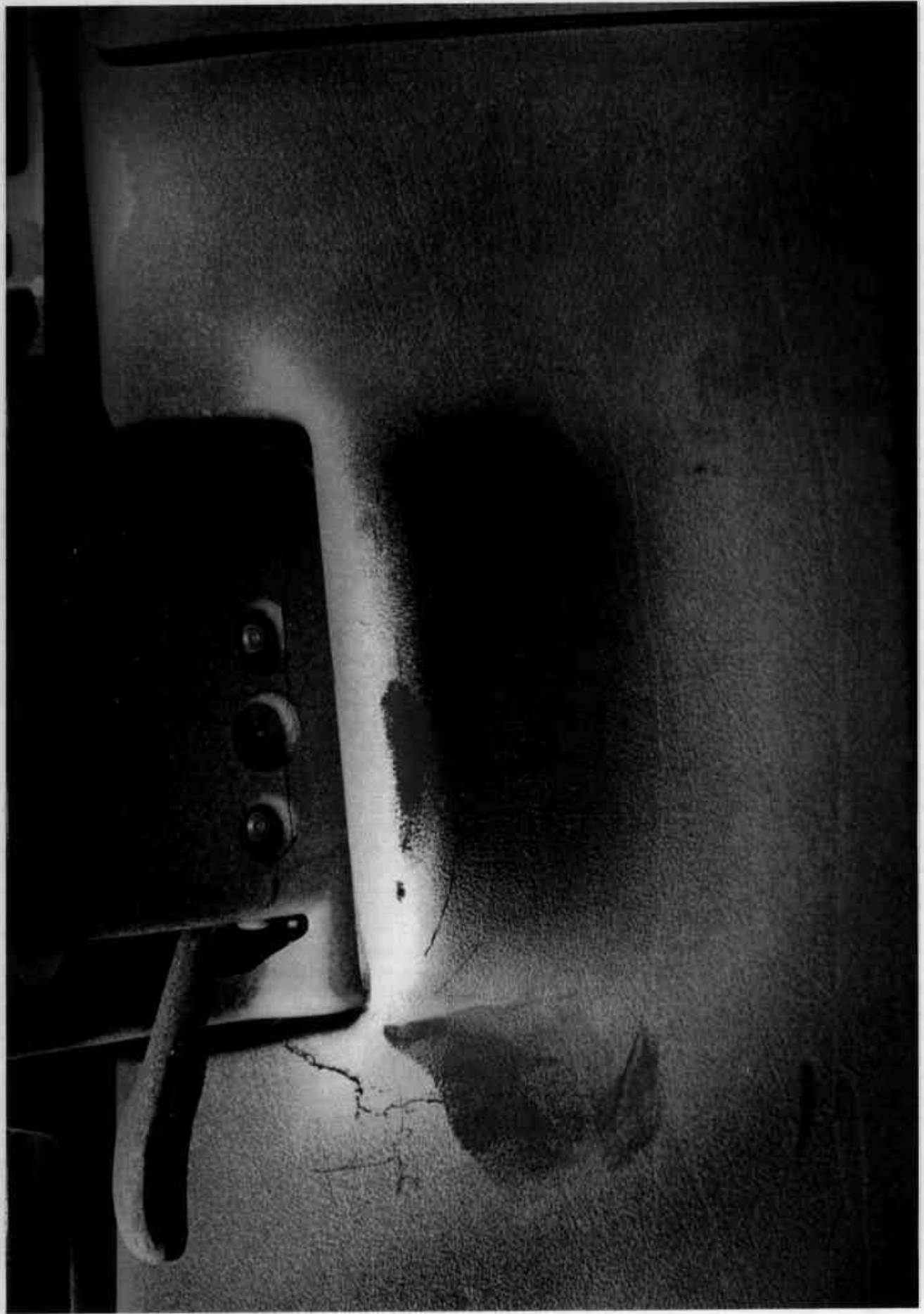


Figure A-14 POST-TEST DRIVER KNEE BOLSTER

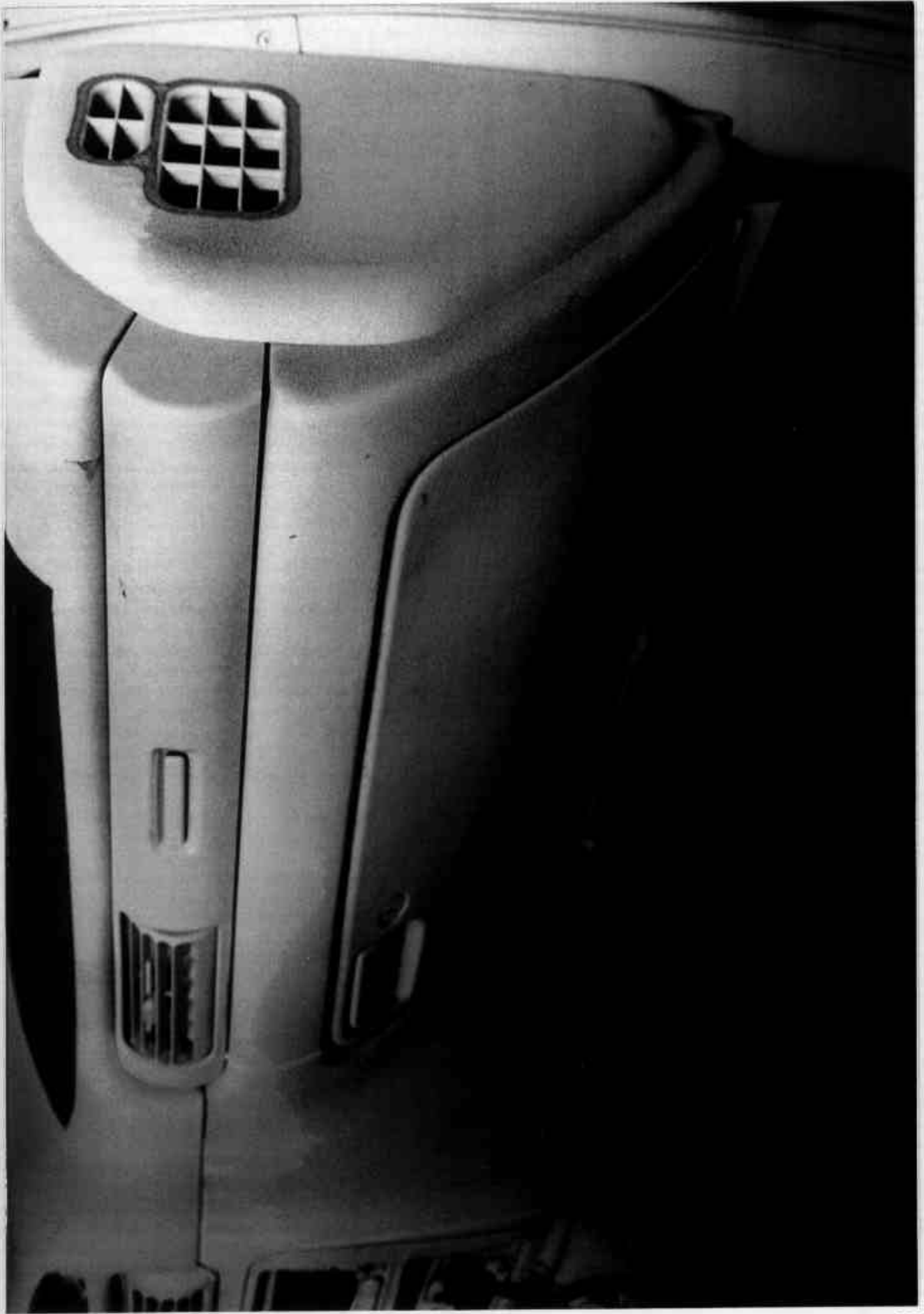


Figure A-15 PRE-TEST PASSENGER KNEE BOLSTER



Figure A-16 POST-TEST PASSENGER KNEE BOLSTER

PHOTOGRAPH NOT AVAILABLE

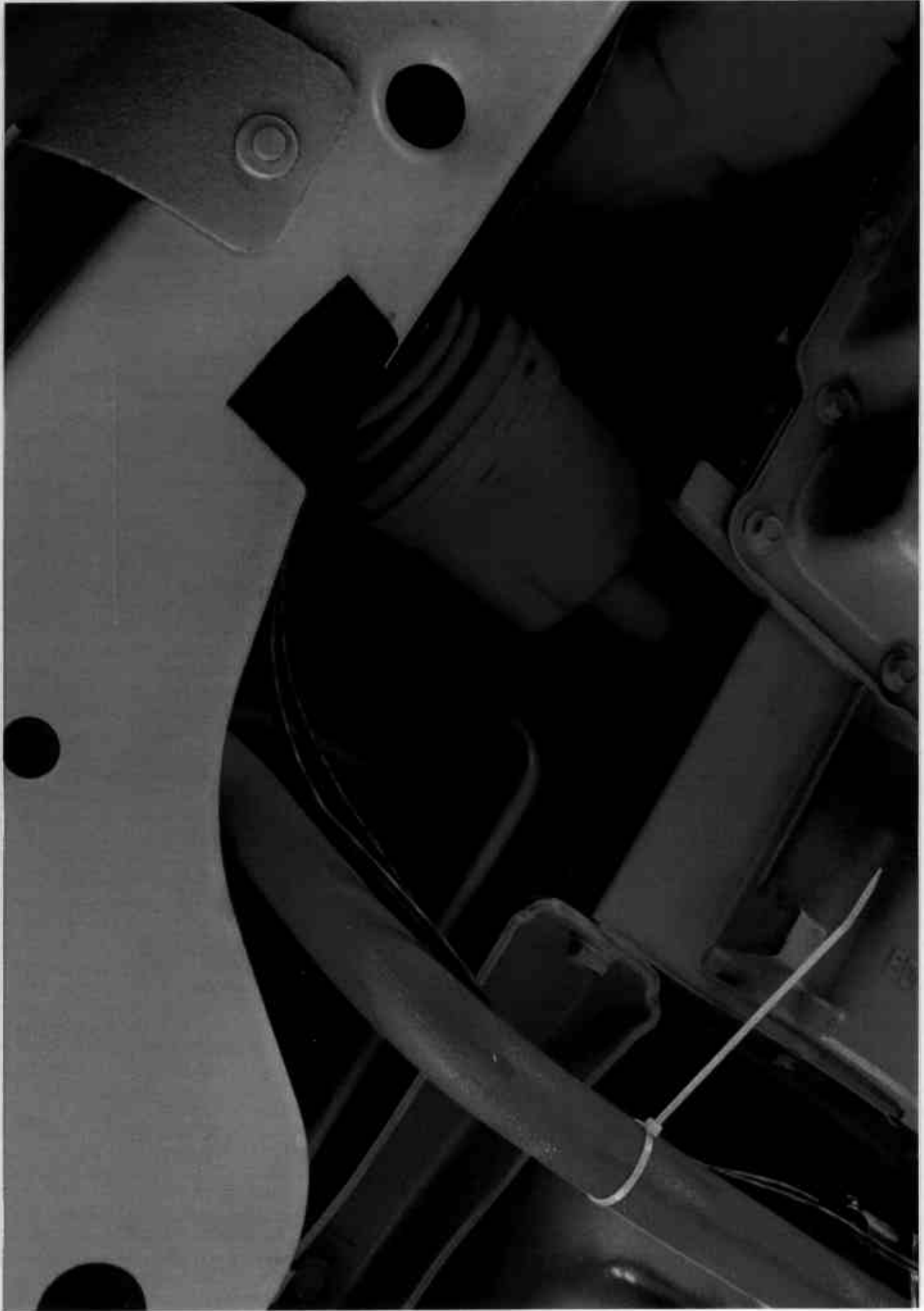


Figure A-18 POST-TEST UNDERBODY STEERING SHAFT



Figure A-19 PRE-TEST STEERING COLUMN/FIREWALL INSIDE VIEW



Figure A-20 POST-TEST STEERING COLUMN/FIREWALL INSIDE VIEW

MFD BY CHRYSLER CORPORATION

DATE OF MFR: 8-55

GWR 64455 LB
2838 KG

GWR 2576 LB
FRONT 1169 KG

GWR 1963 LB
REAR 8894 KG

THIS VEHICLE CONFORMS TO ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY, BUMPER AND THEFT PREVENTION STANDARDS IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF MANUFACTURE SHOWN ABOVE.

VIN: 2B3ND56F7H107333

TYPE: PASSENGER CAR



WMI: 088789 076 PLANT:PAI VEHICLE MADE IN CANADA TMI:CT93

4848104

Figure A-21 CERTIFICATION PLACARD

VEHICLE CAPACITY OR LESS	
1ST SEAT	= 3 PASS
2ND SEAT	1 PASS
LUGGAGE	115 LBS-52 KG
TOTAL	= 5 PASS
TOTAL WEIGHT	= 1015 LBS-461 KG
TIRE PRESSURE - COLD	32 PSI 220 kPa FRONT AND REAR
*REDUCE VEHICLE CAPACITY TO: 2 PASSENGERS IN 1ST SEAT - (855 LBS-392 KG-5 PASS TOTAL) WHEN EQUIPPED WITH BUCKET SEATS WITHOUT CENTER SEAT.	
MINIMUM TIRE SIZE	
P205/70R15 95S	
STANDARD LOAD	
SEE OWNERS MANUAL FOR ADDITIONAL DATA	
PRINTED IN USA	4695 610

Figure A-22 TIRE PLACARD
A-24

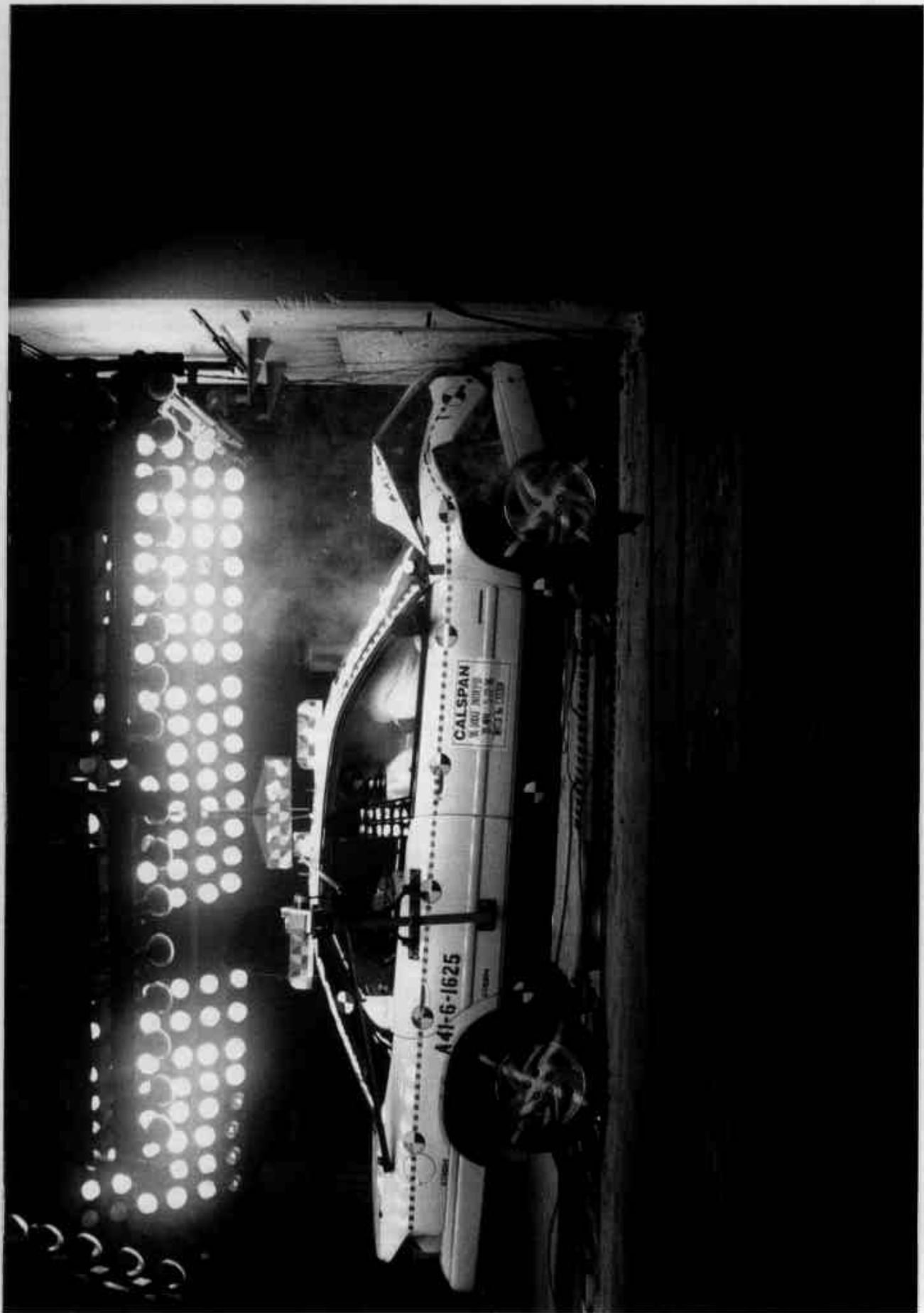


Figure A-23 VEHICLE IMPACT



Figure A-24 POST-TEST DRIVER AIRBAG VIEW



Figure A-25 POST-TEST PASSENGER AIRBAG VIEW

Appendix B

VEHICLE AND DUMMY RESPONSE DATA

(Part 572E 50th percentile ATD's only)

NOTE : Data trace scales are automatically scaled at the
request of the COTR. Use caution when
reviewing data.

TEST NO. CT0304

VEHICLE

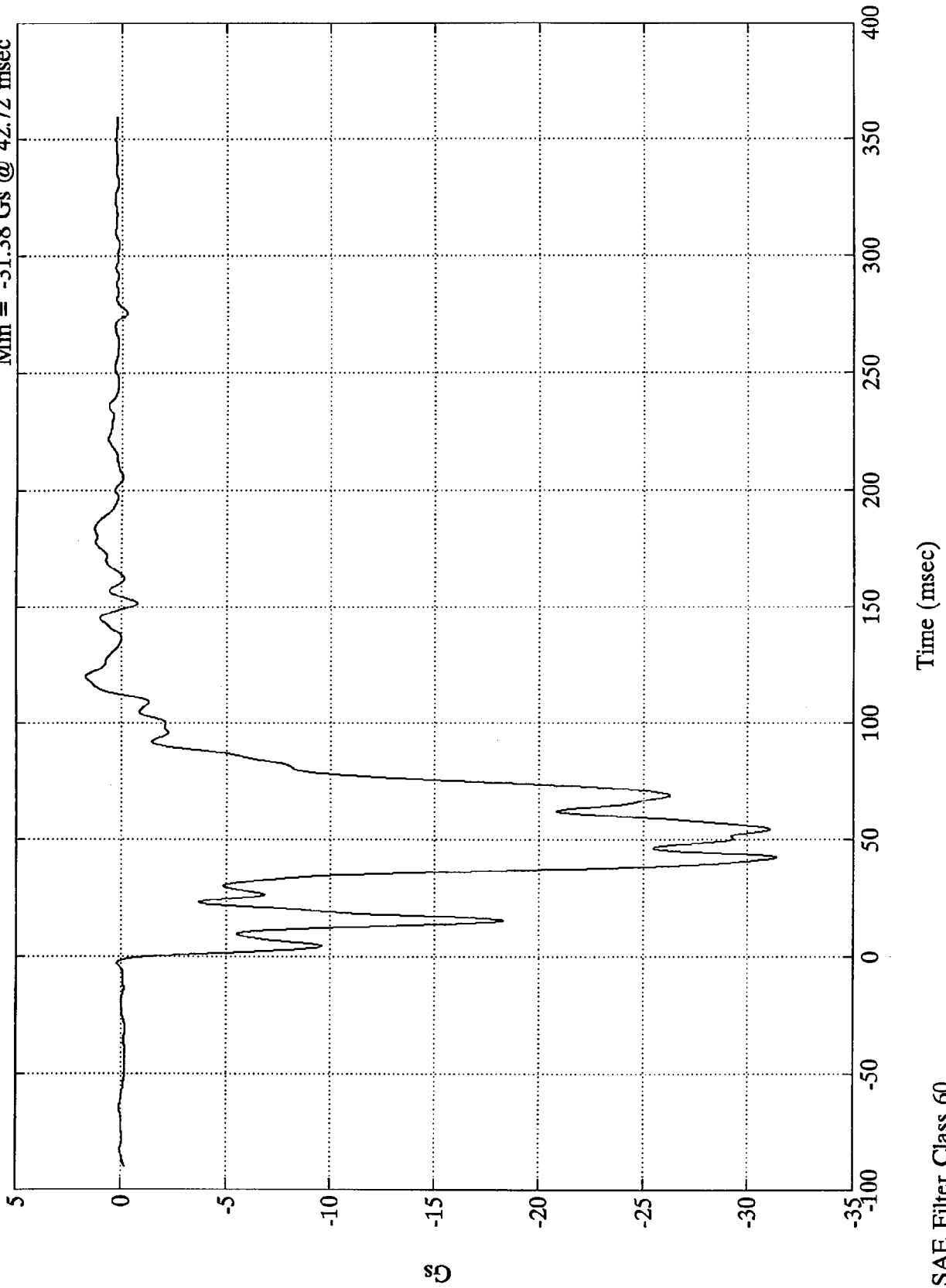
SAE FILTER CHANNEL CLASS

60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

L. Rear X-member X

Max = 1.71 Gs @ 120.12 msec
Min = -31.38 Gs @ 42.72 msec

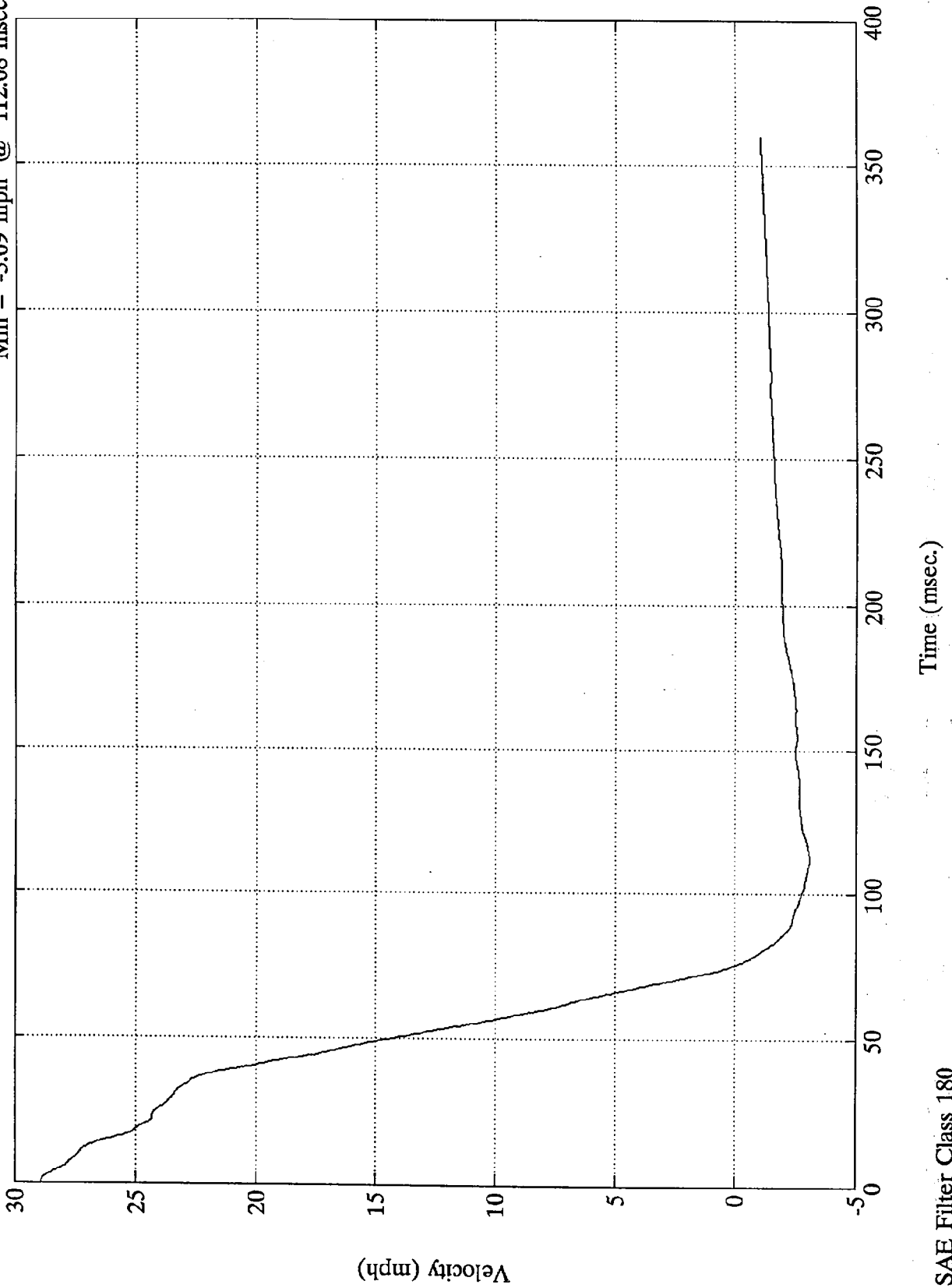


SAE Filter Class 60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

L. Rear X-member X

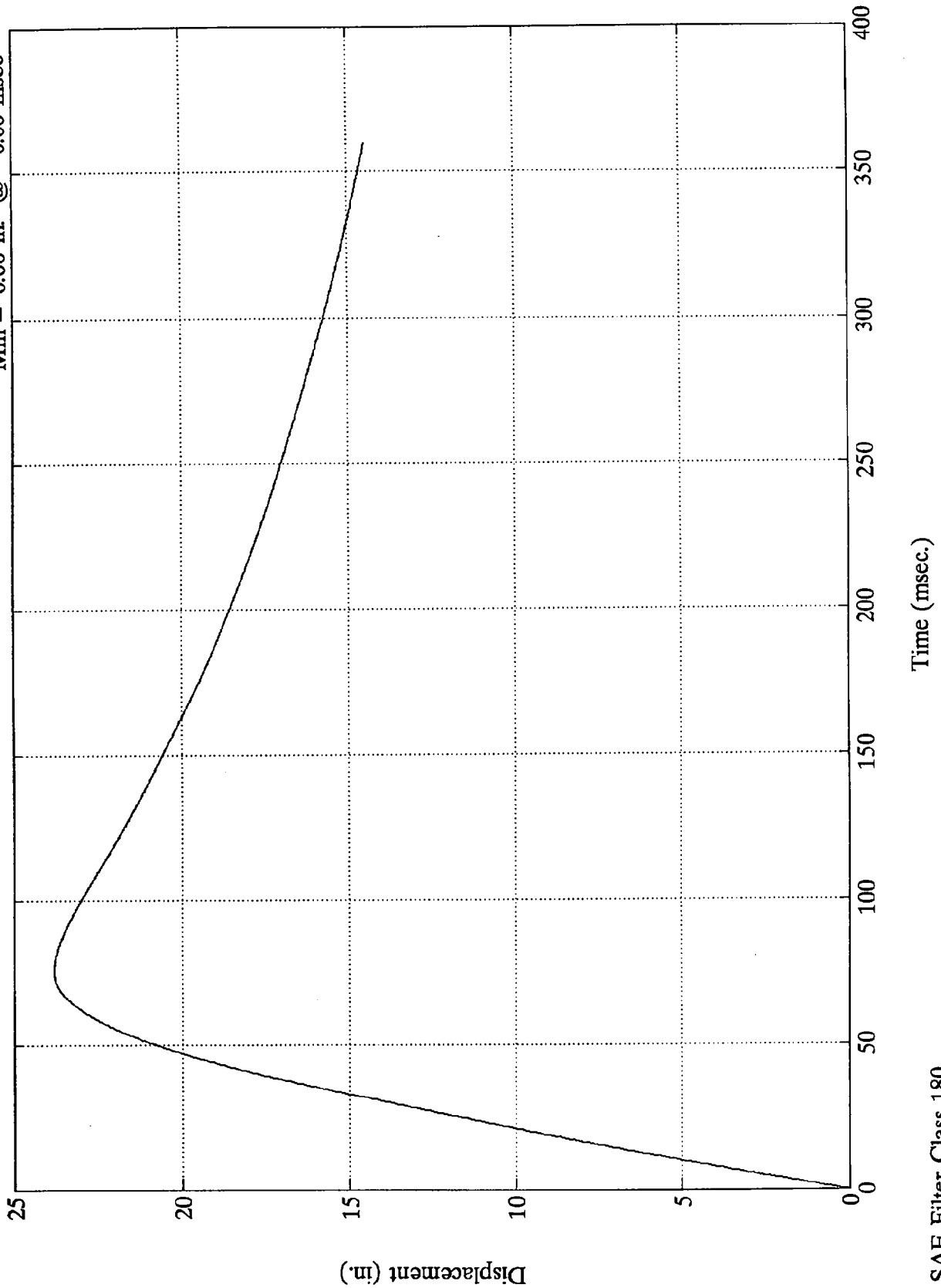
Max = 28.90 mph @ 0.48 msec
Min = -3.09 mph @ 112.08 msec



SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

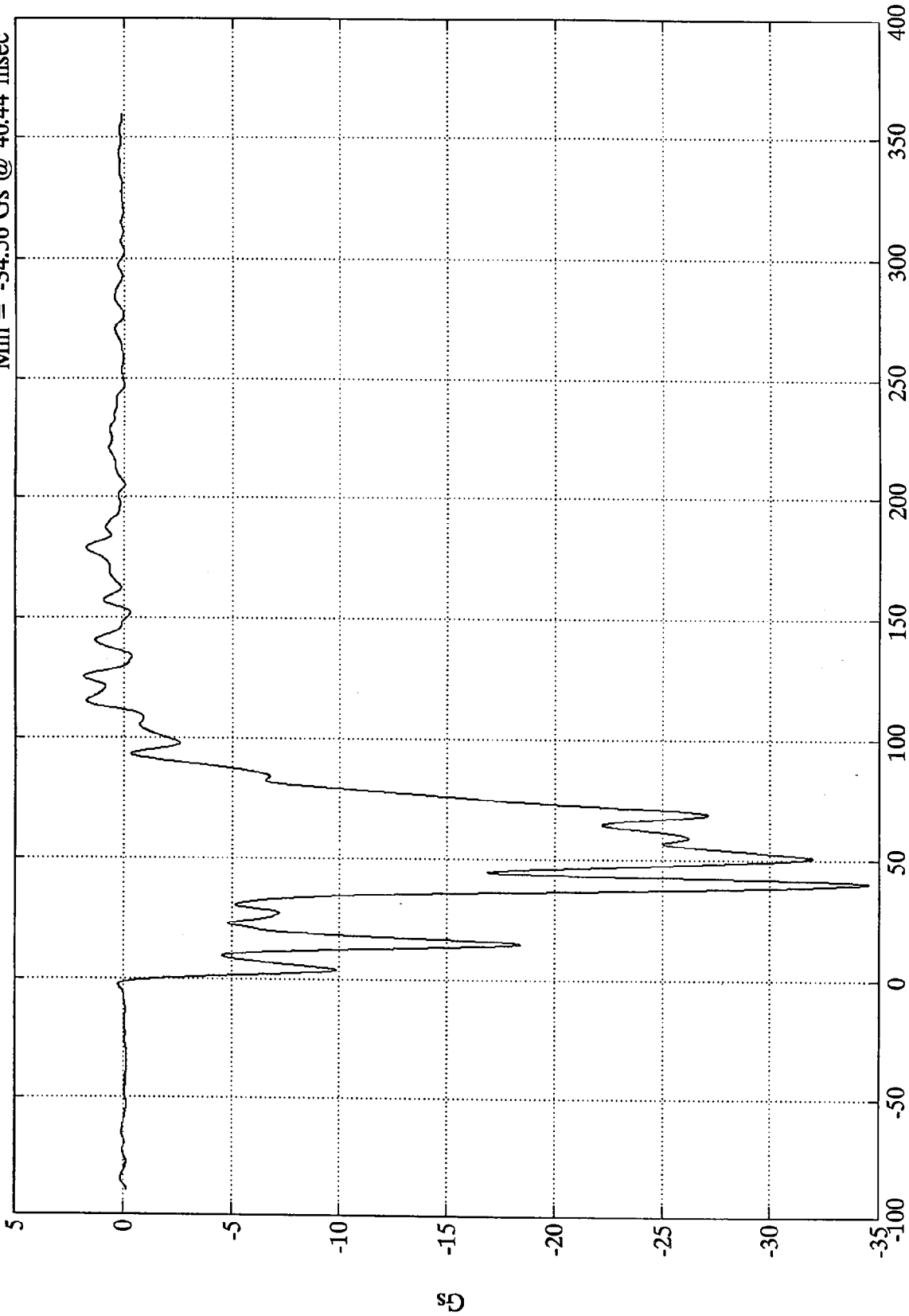
L. Rear X-member X
Max = 23.82 in. @ 77.52 msec
Min = 0.00 in. @ -0.00 msec



FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 1.85 Gs @ 125.40 msec
Min = -34.56 Gs @ 40.44 msec

R. Rear X-member X



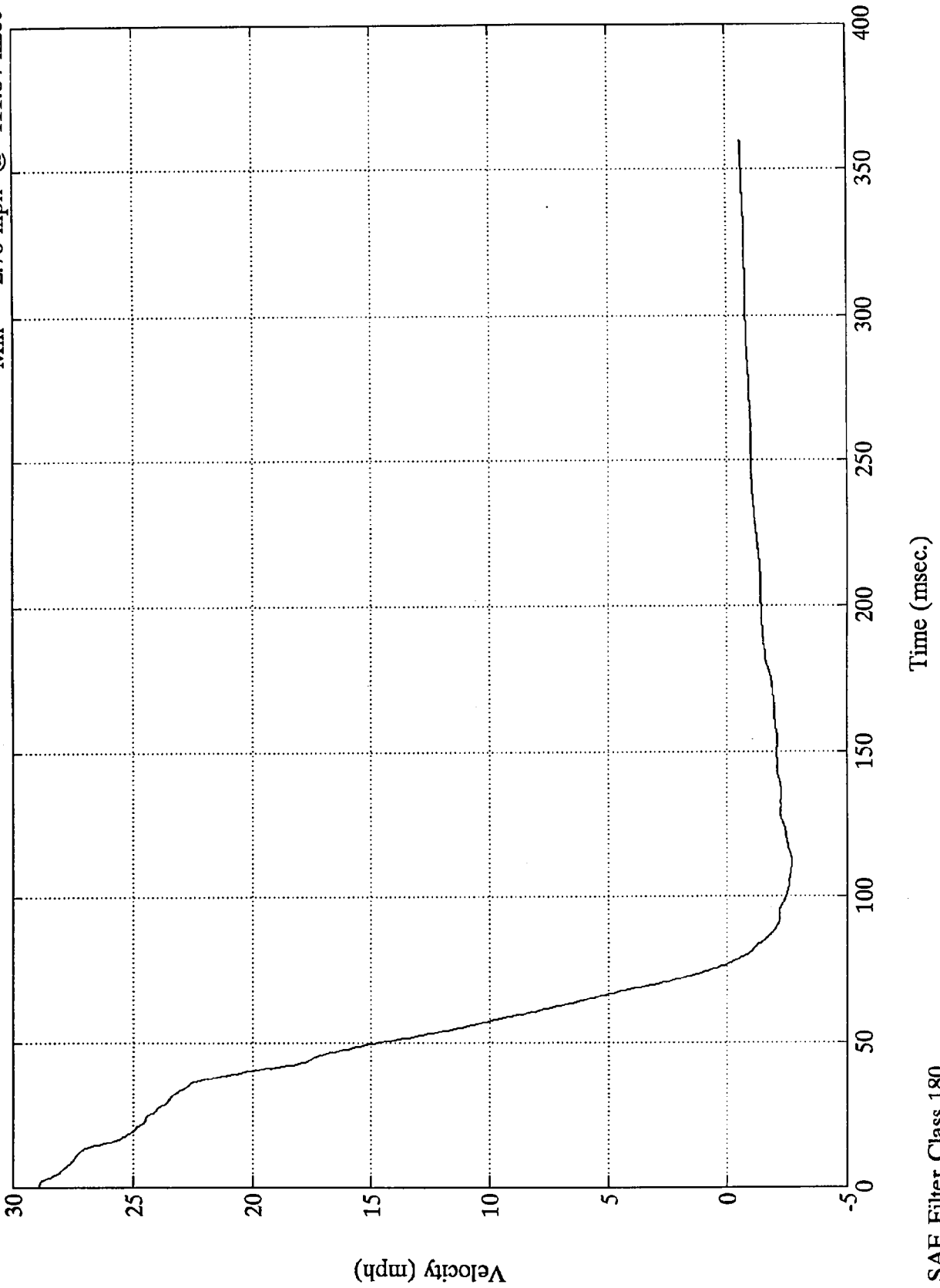
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 28.90 mph @ 0.72 msec
Min = -2.70 mph @ 111.84 msec

R. Rear X-member X

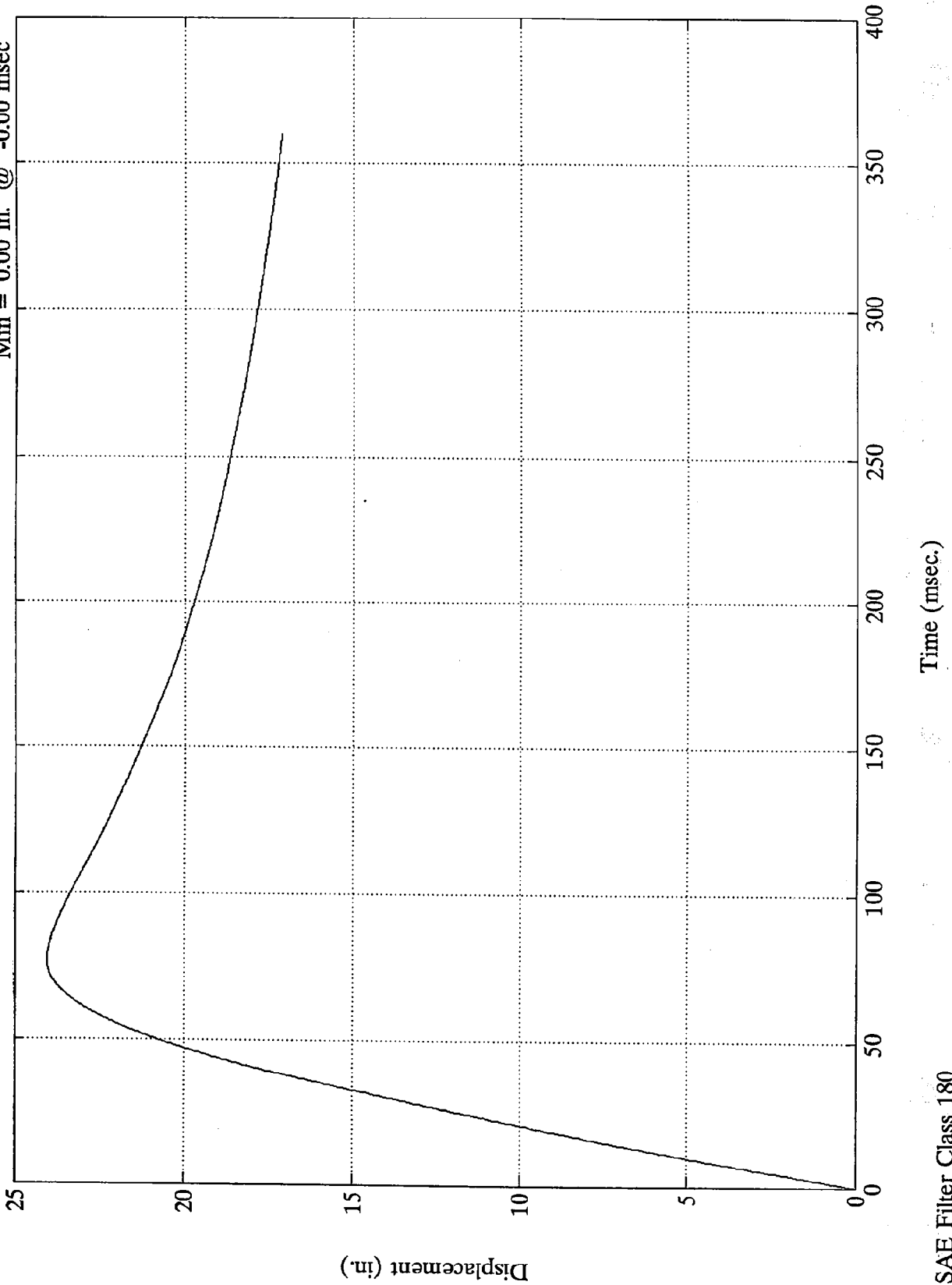


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

R. Rear X-member X

Max = 24.05 in. @ 78.72 msec
Min = 0.00 in. @ -0.00 msec



SAE Filter Class 180

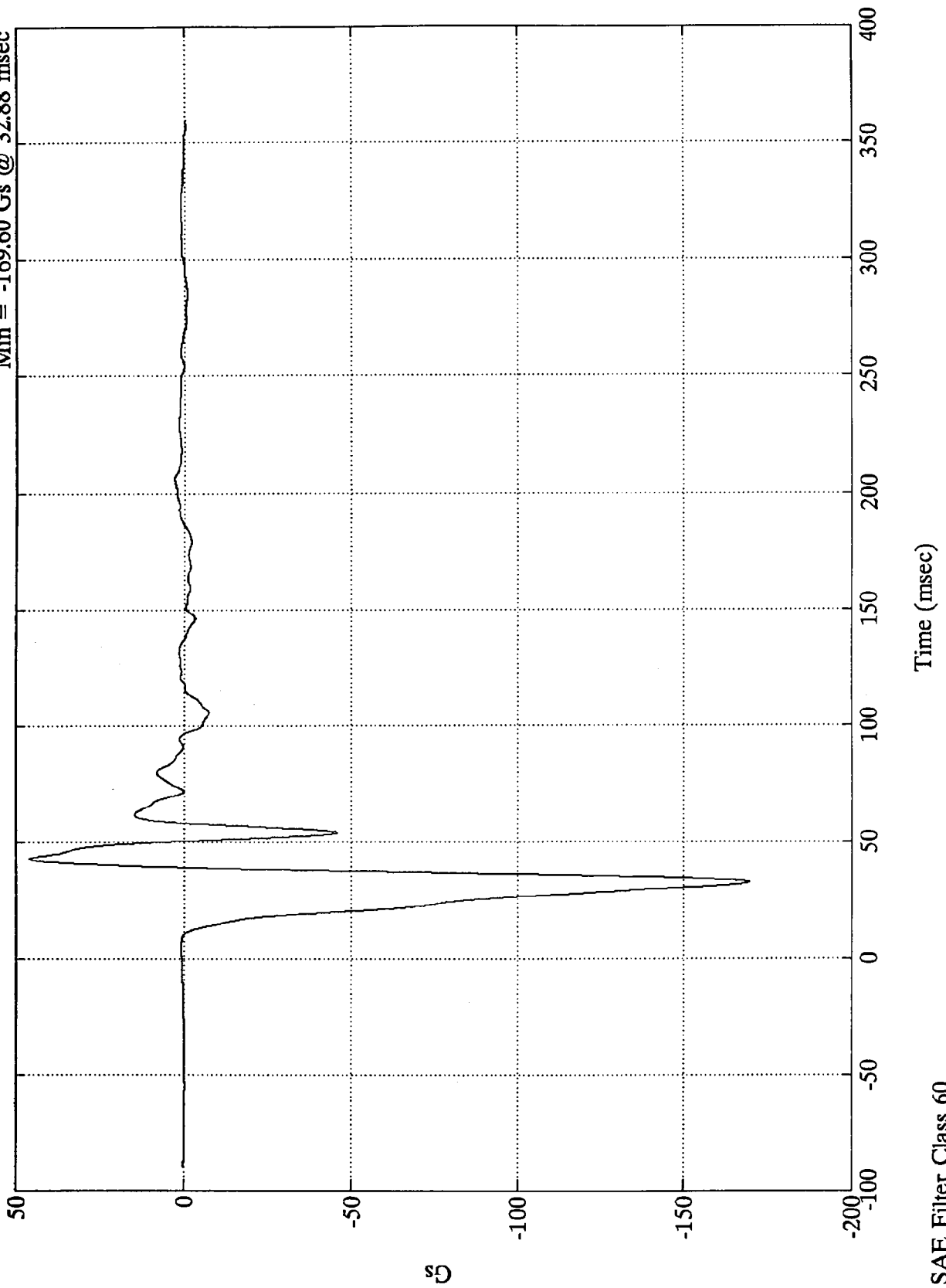
Time (msec.)

Displacement (in.)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Engine Top X

Max = 45.92 Gs @ 42.96 msec
Min = -169.60 Gs @ 32.88 msec

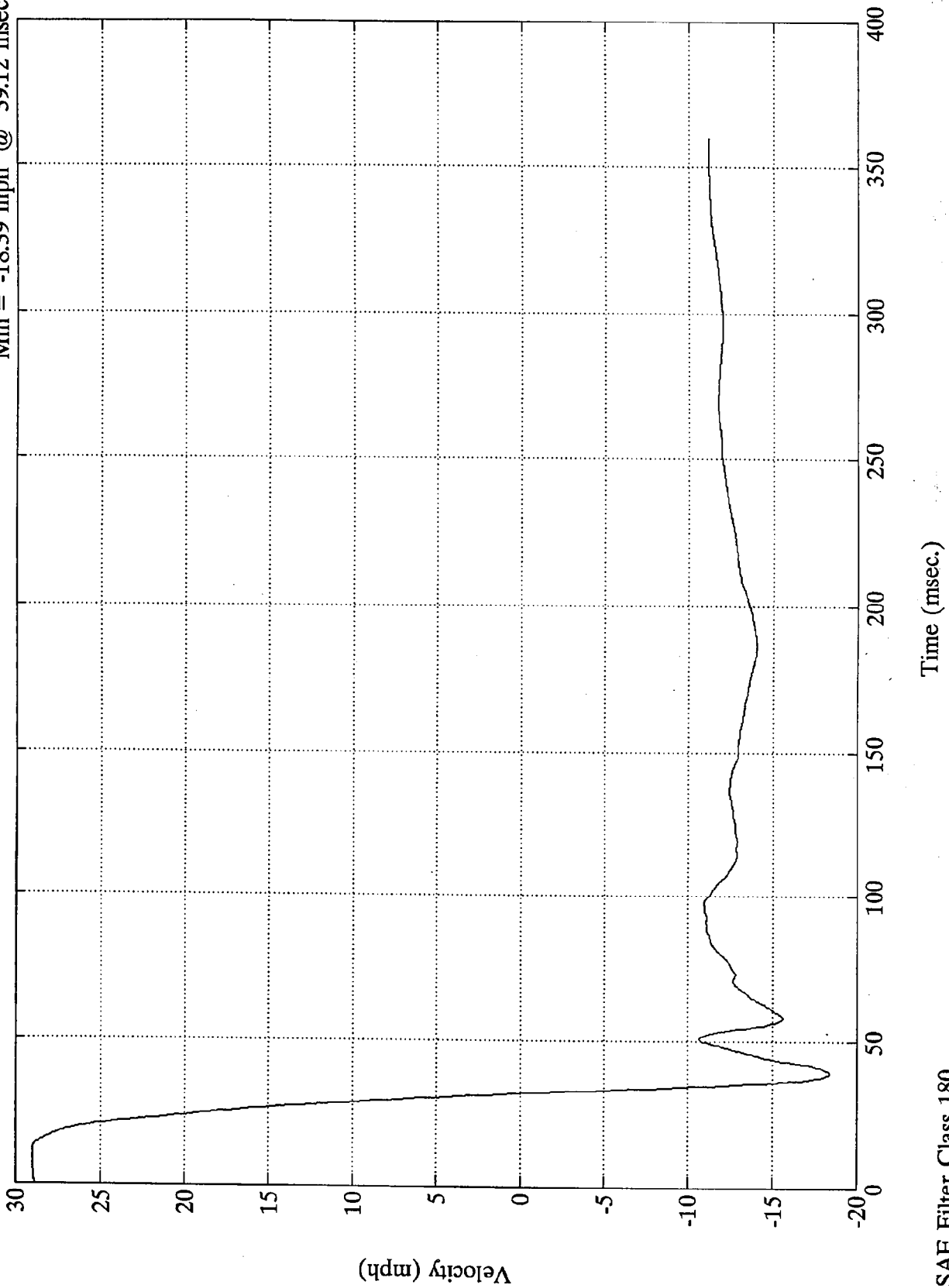


SAE Filter Class 60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Engine Top X

Max = 29.02 mph @ 10.56 msec
Min = -18.39 mph @ 39.12 msec



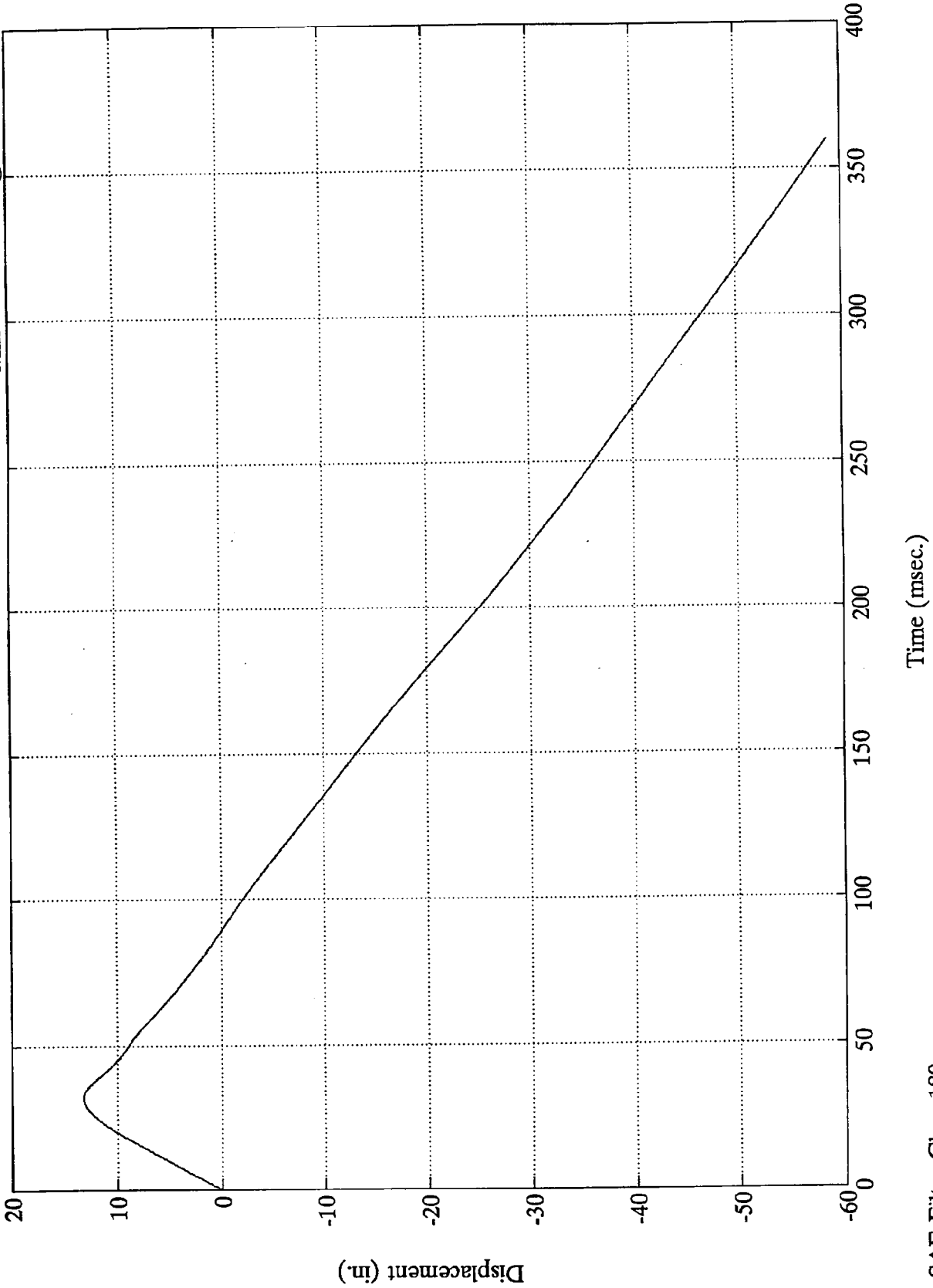
SAE Filter Class 180

Time (msec.)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Engine Top X

Max = 13.22 in. @ 31.92 msec
Min = -58.72 in. @ 359.76 msec

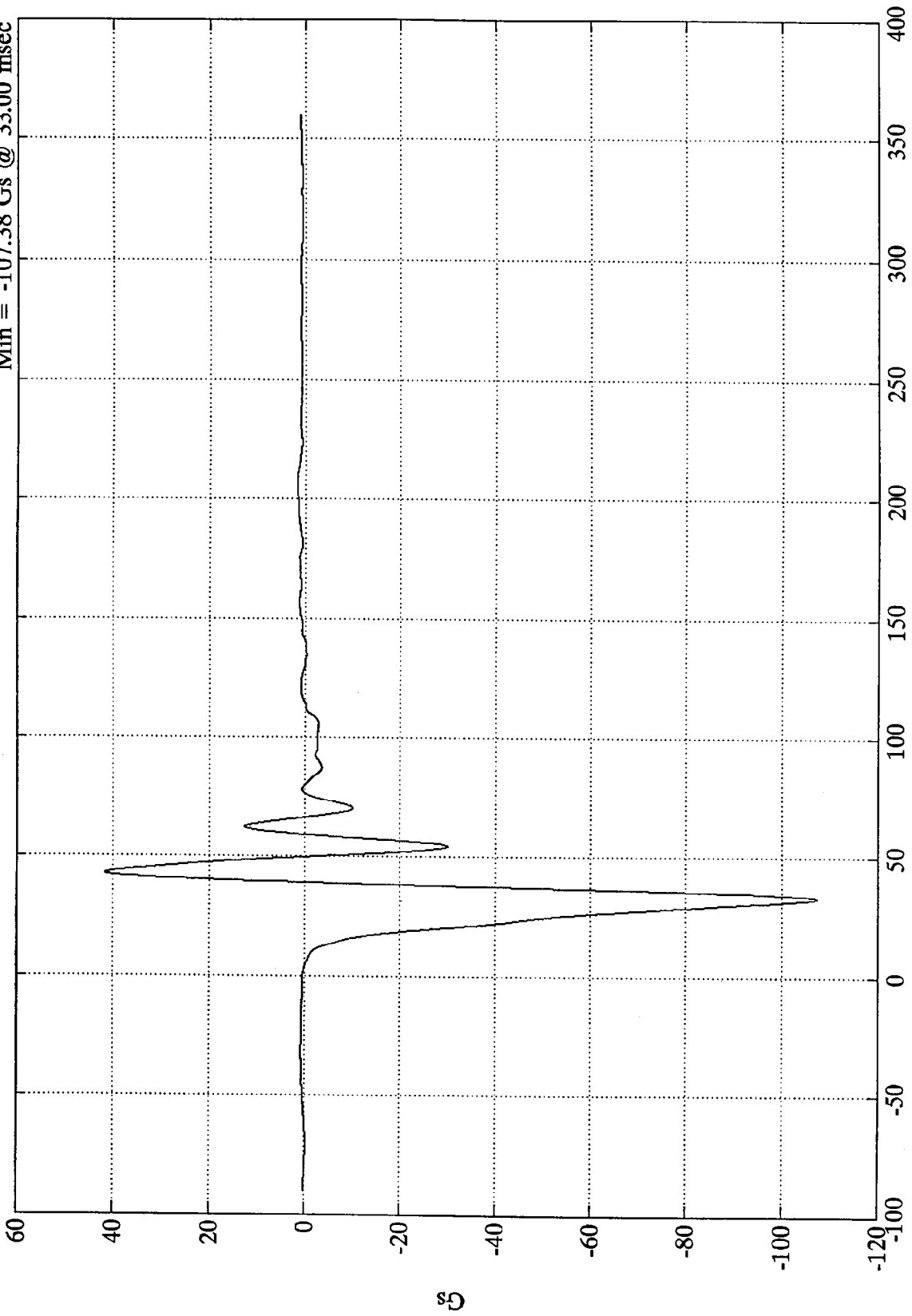


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Engine Bottom X

Max = 41.73 Gs @ 42.96 msec
Min = -107.38 Gs @ 33.00 msec



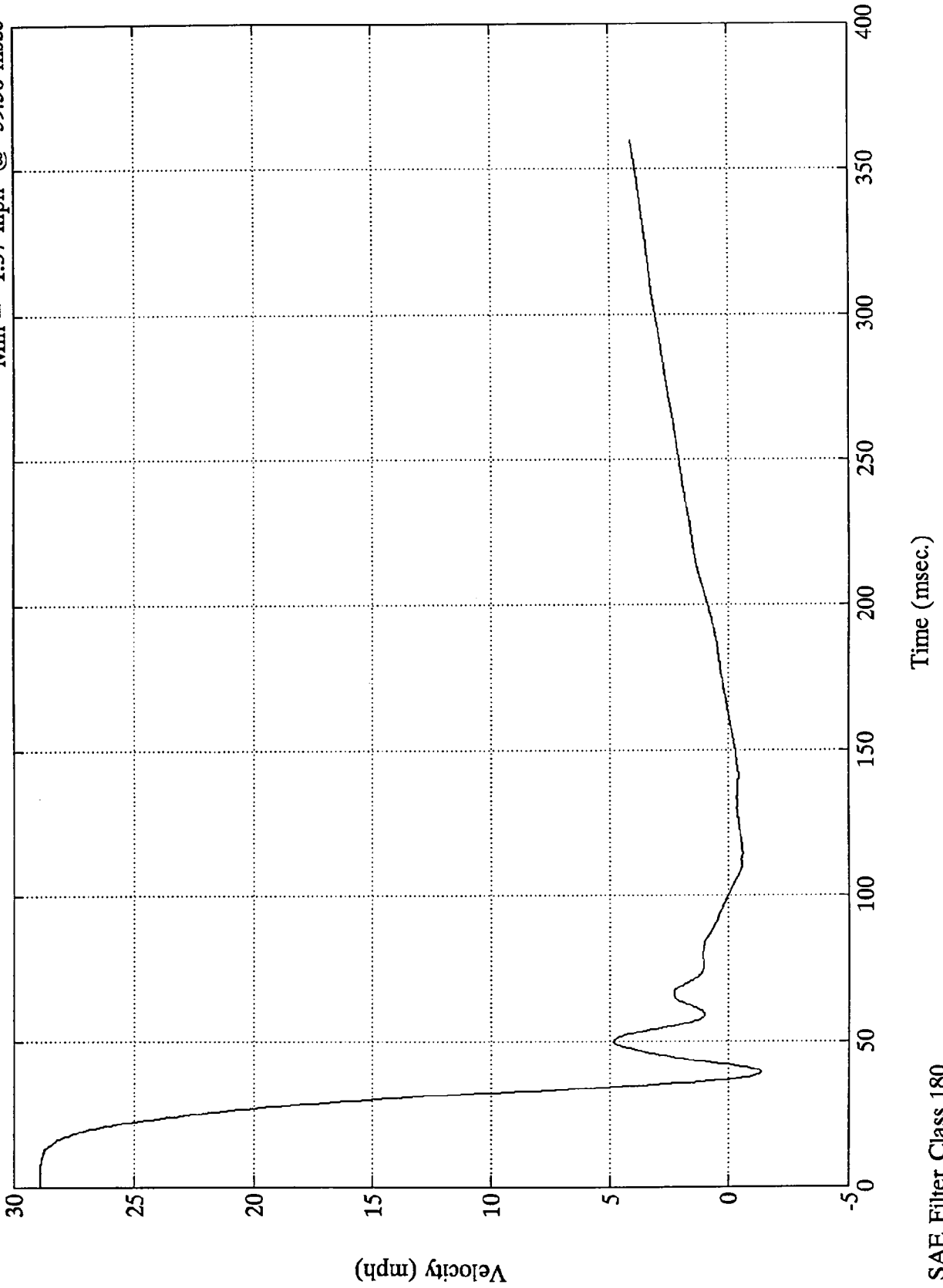
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Engine Bottom X

Max = 28.92 mph @ 6.48 msec
Min = -1.37 mph @ 39.36 msec

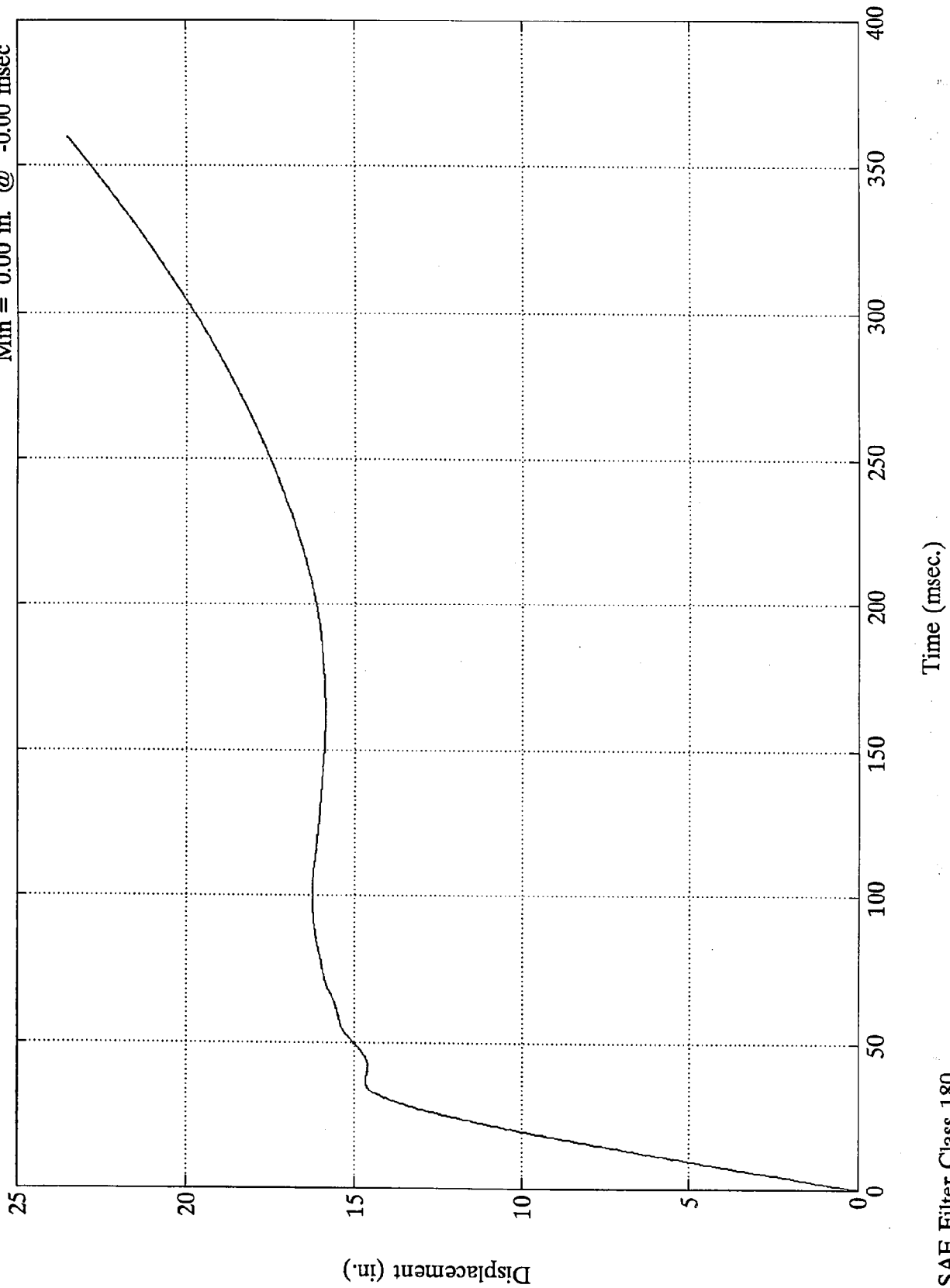


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Engine Bottom X

Max = 23.52 in. @ 359.76 msec
Min = 0.00 in. @ -0.00 msec



SAE Filter Class 180

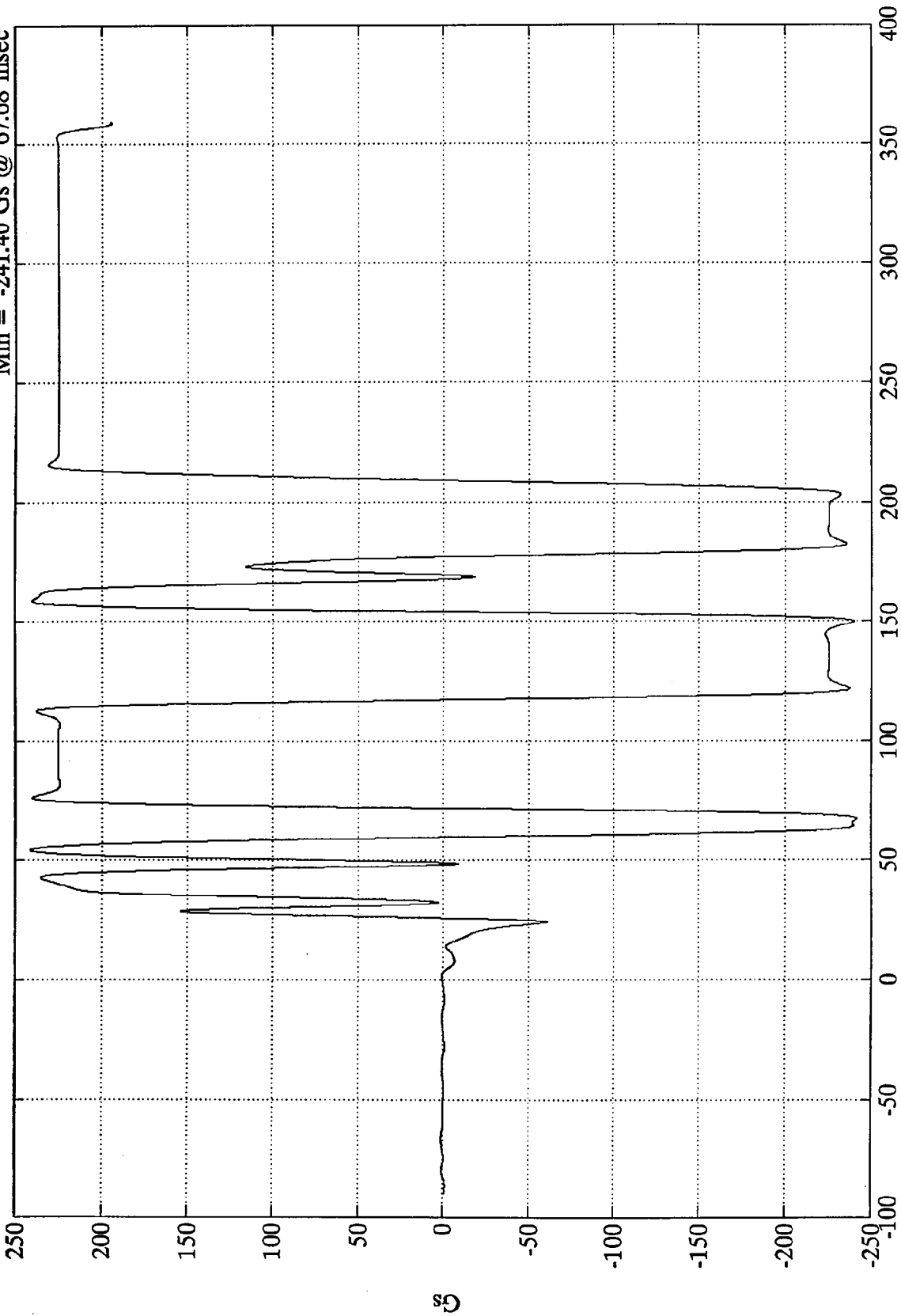
Time (msec.)

Displacement (in.)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

R. Brake Caliper X

Max = 241.25 Gs @ 54.36 msec
Min = -241.40 Gs @ 67.68 msec



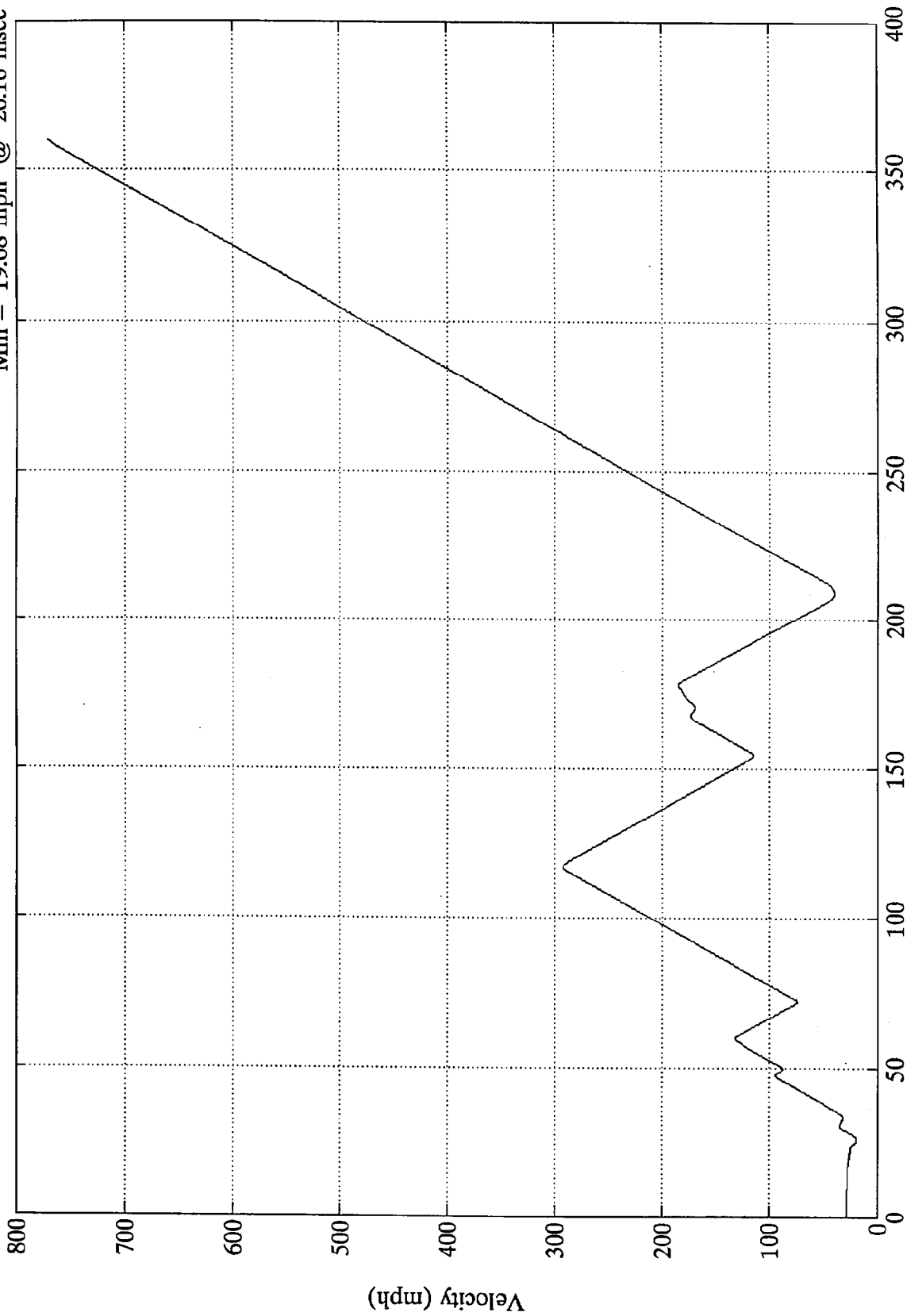
Time (msec) Data cable damaged after 22 msec.

SAE Filter Class 60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

R. Brake Caliper X

Max = 770.45 mph @ 359.76 msec
Min = 19.68 mph @ 26.16 msec



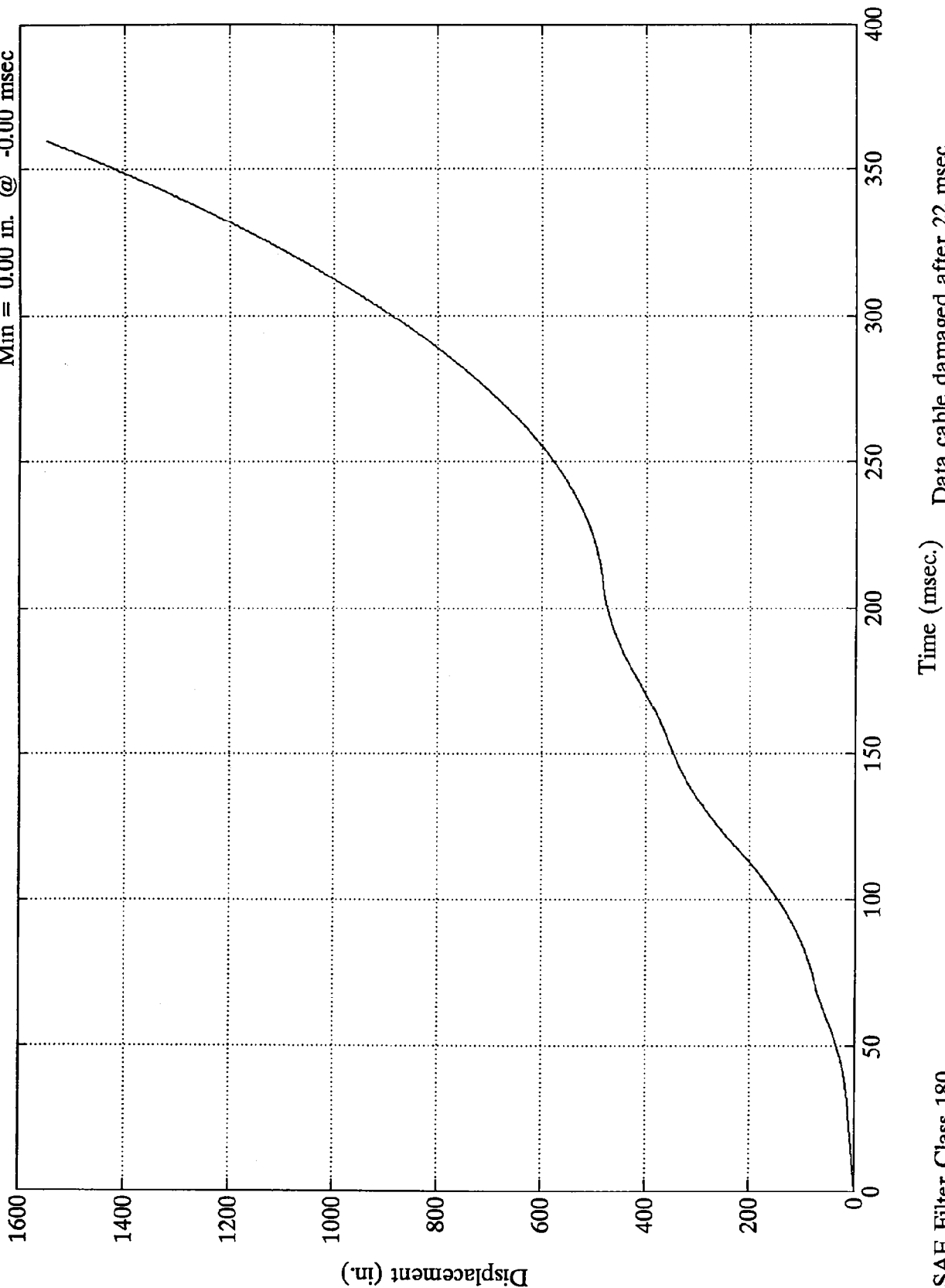
Time (msec.) Data cable damaged after 22 msec.

SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

R. Brake Caliper X

Max = 1548.00 in. @ 359.76 msec
Min = 0.00 in. @ -0.00 msec



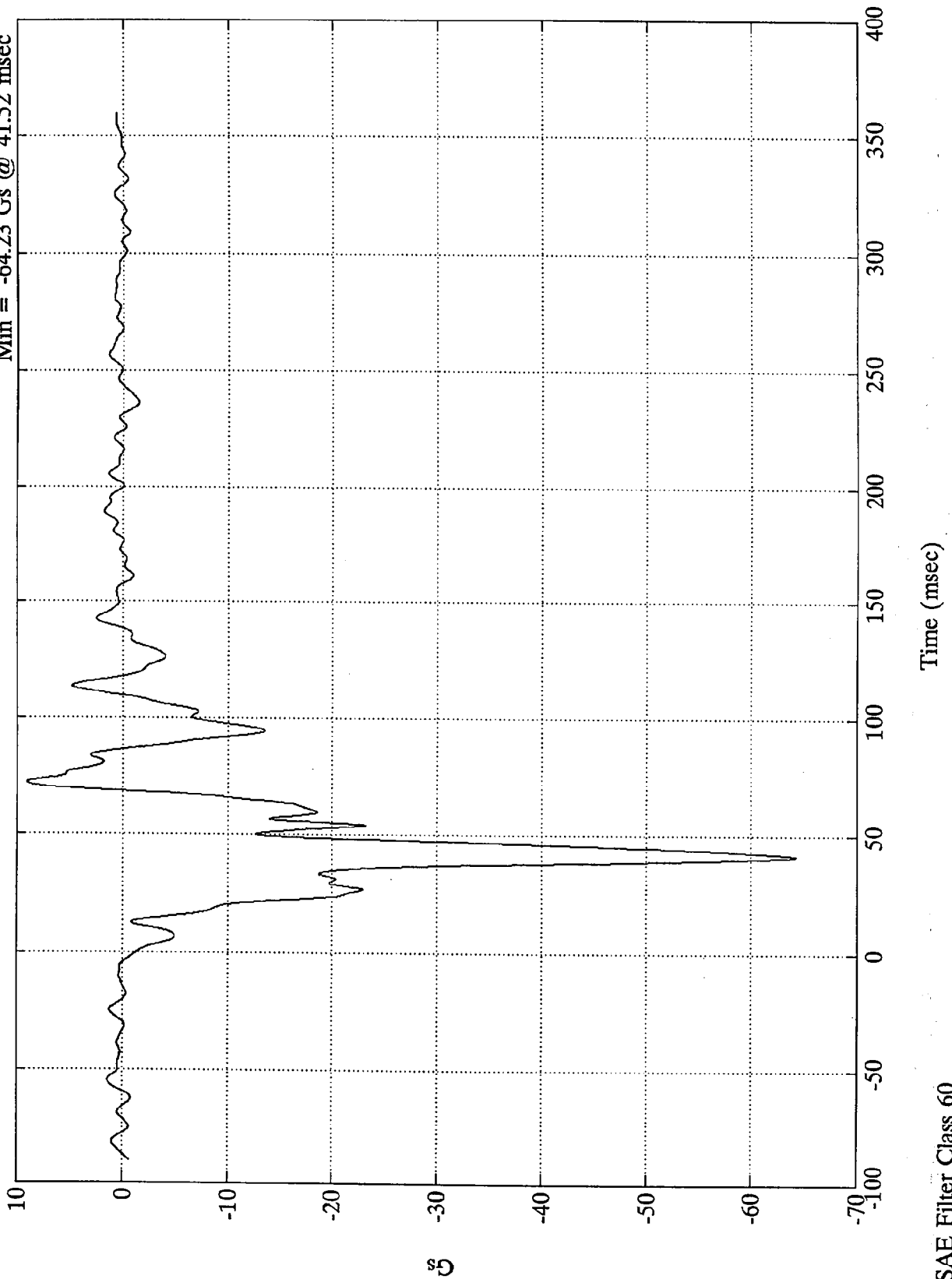
SAE Filter Class 180

Data cable damaged after 22 msec.

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

L. Brake Caliper X

Max = 9.07 Gs @ 72.36 msec
Min = -64.23 Gs @ 41.52 msec

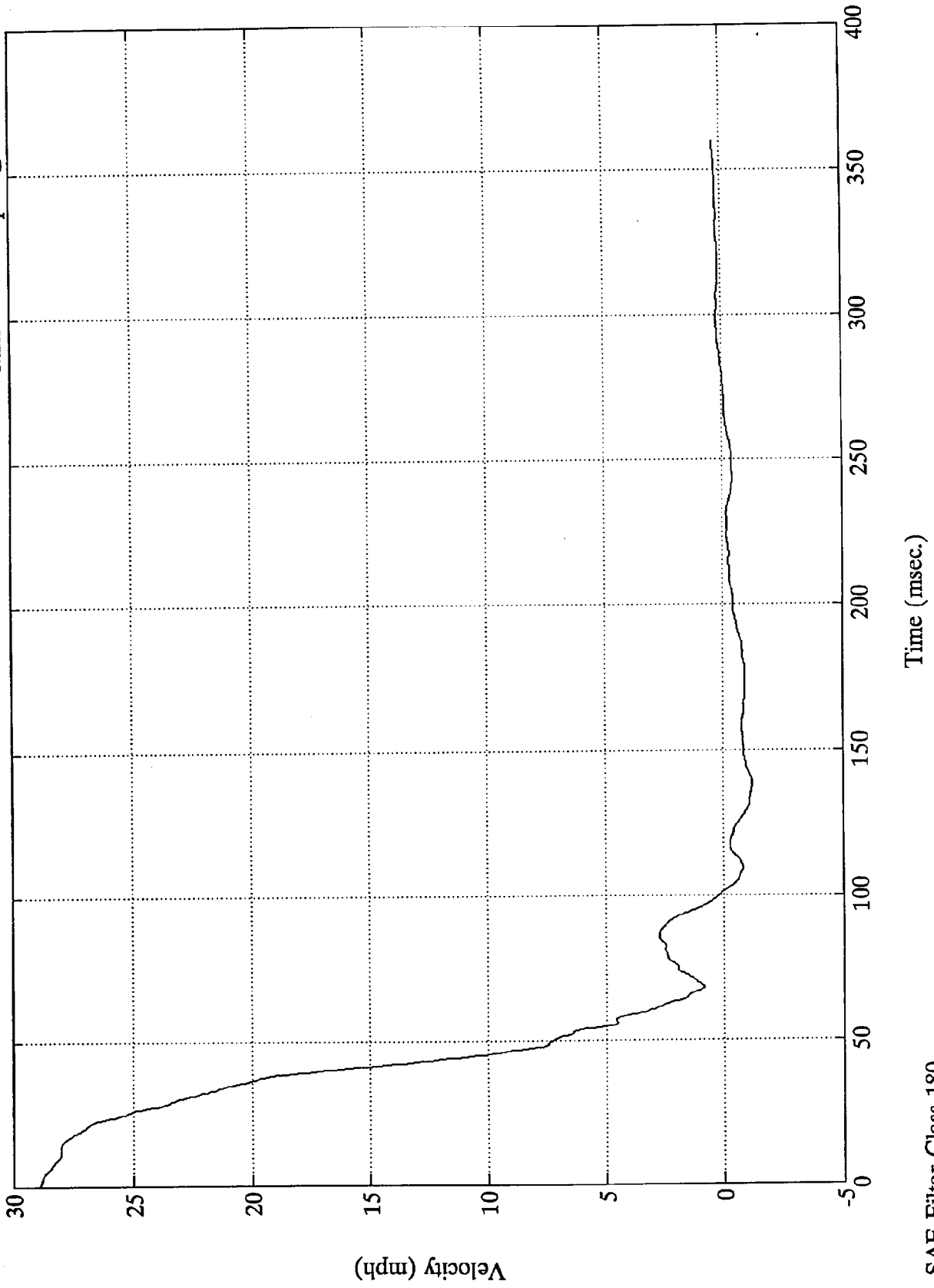


SAE Filter Class 60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

L. Brake Caliper X

Max = 28.90 mph @ -0.00 msec
Min = -1.19 mph @ 138.48 msec

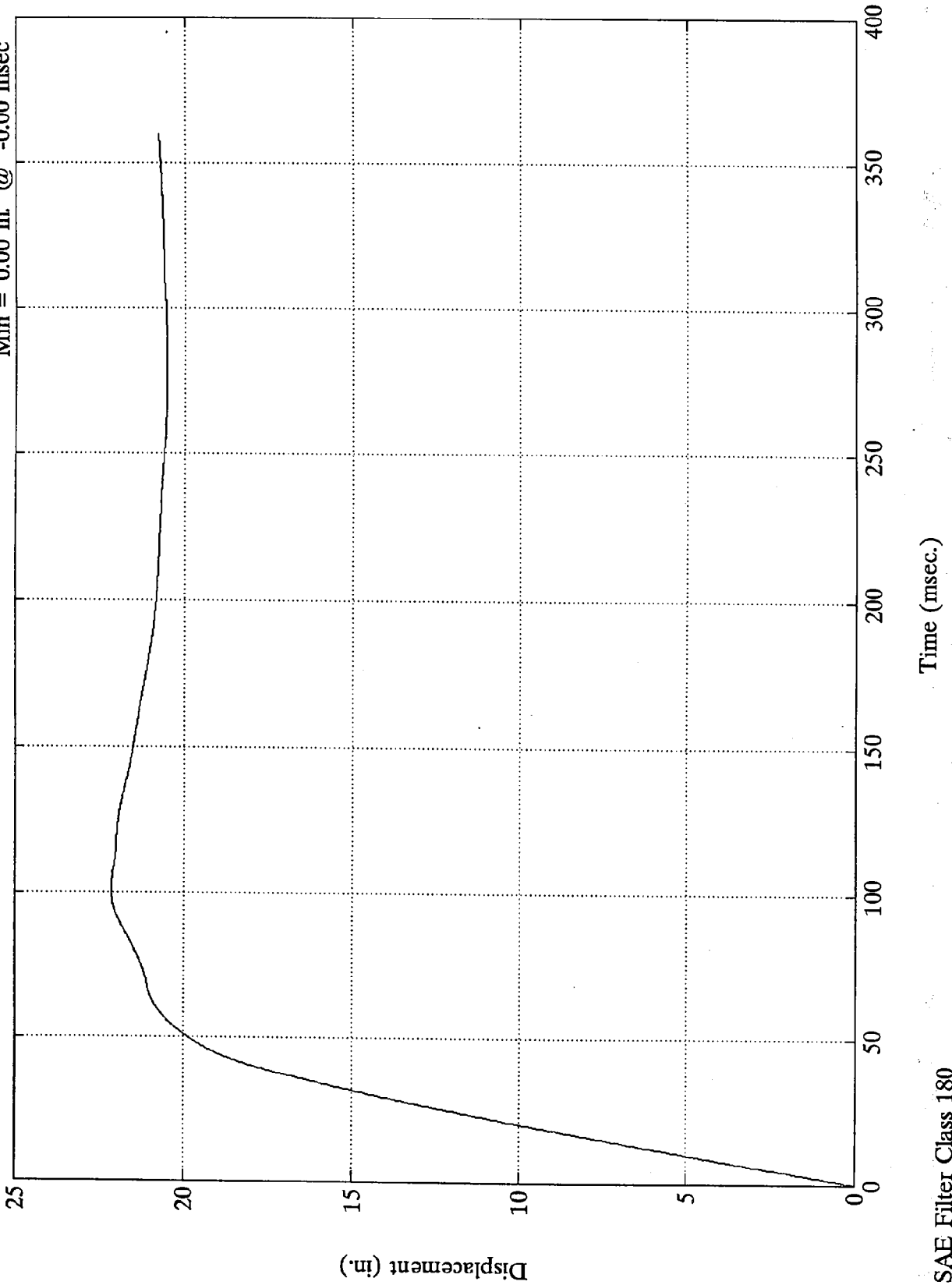


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

L. Brake Caliper X

Max = 22.15 in. @ 103.20 msec
Min = 0.00 in. @ -0.00 msec



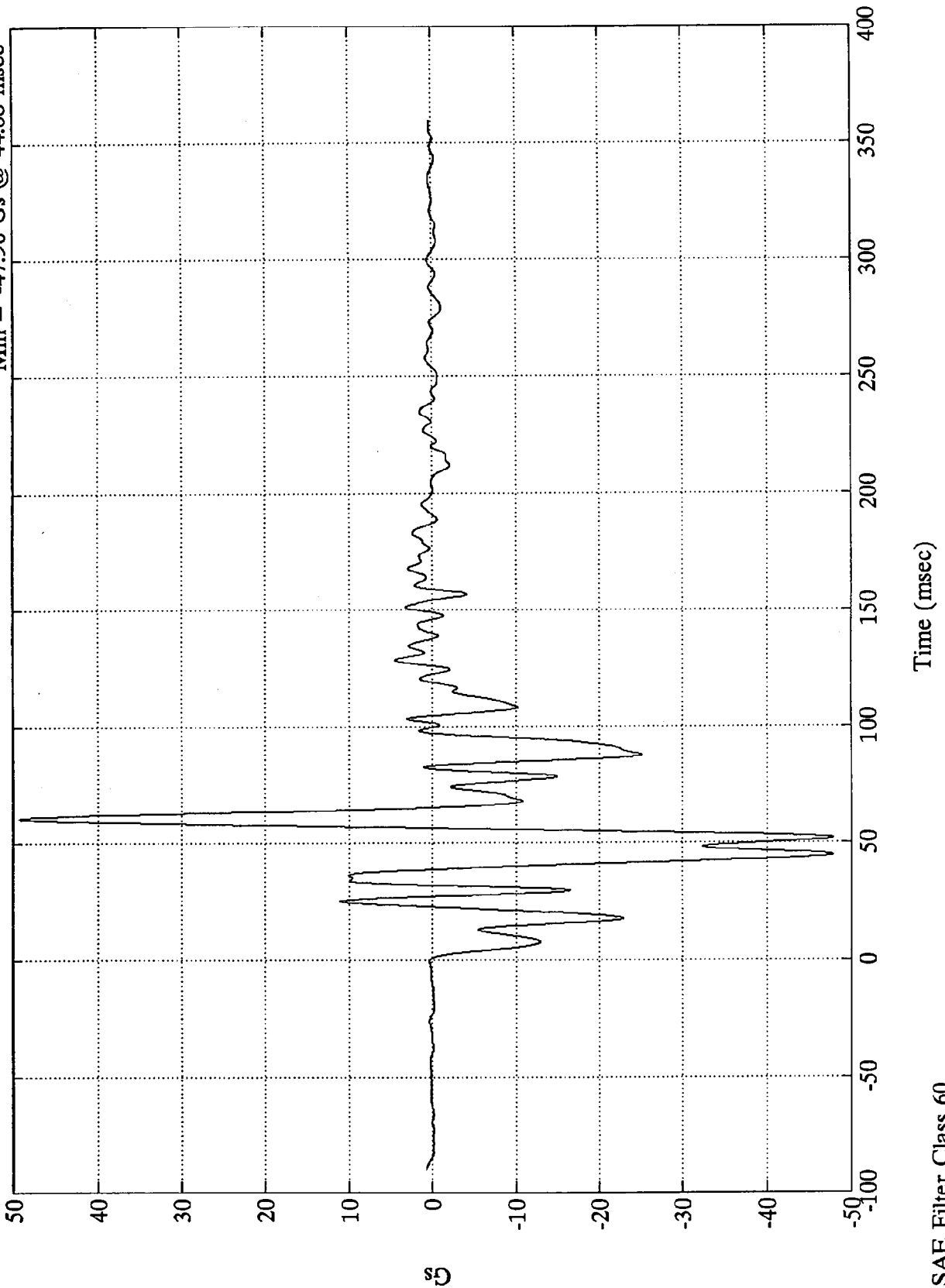
SAE Filter Class 180

Time (msec.)

Displacement (in.)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Instrument Panel X
Max = 49.37 Gs @ 60.72 msec
Min = -47.90 Gs @ 44.88 msec

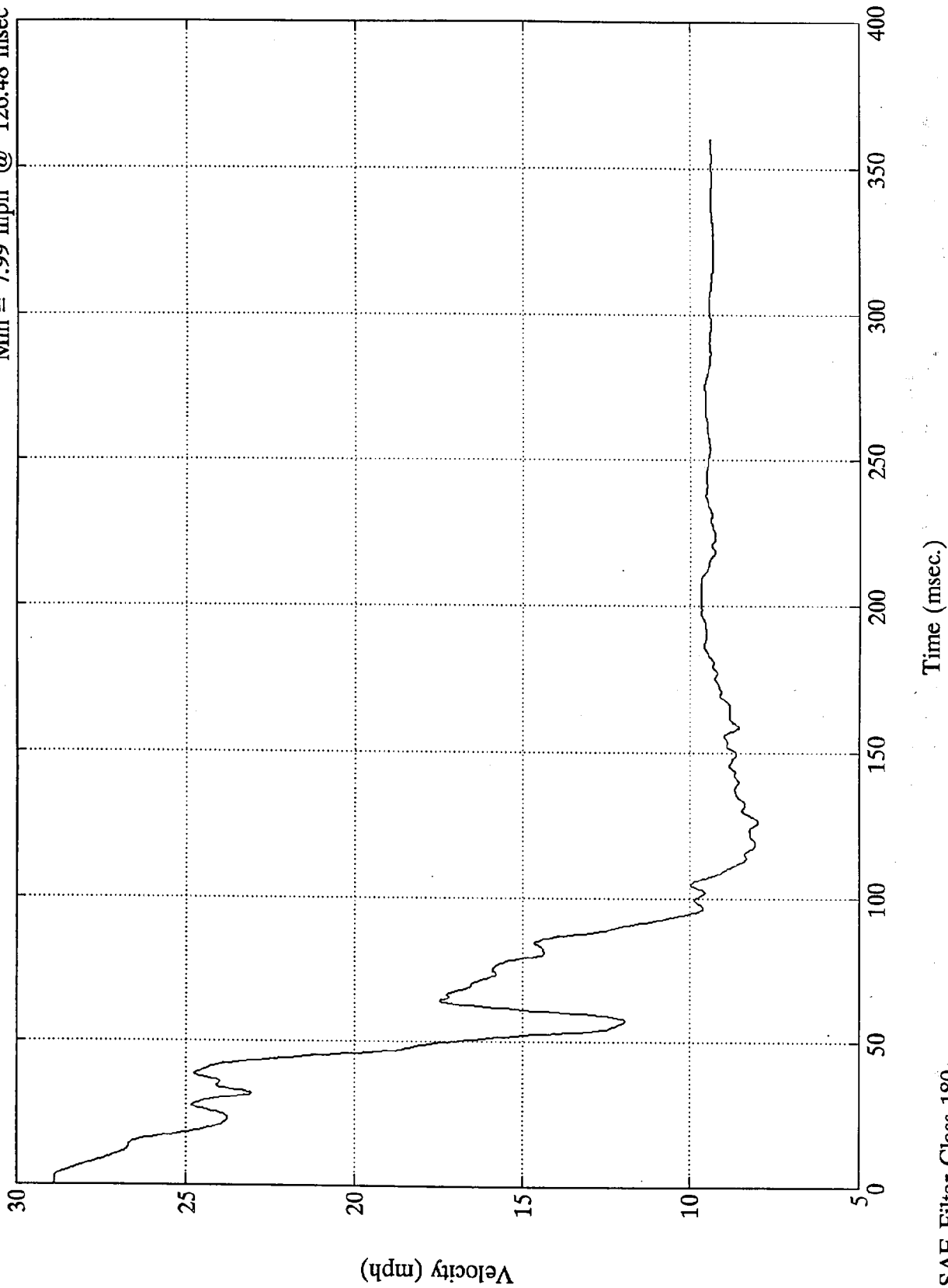


SAE Filter Class 60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Instrument Panel X

Max = 28.90 mph @ 0.48 msec
Min = 7.99 mph @ 126.48 msec



SAE Filter Class 180

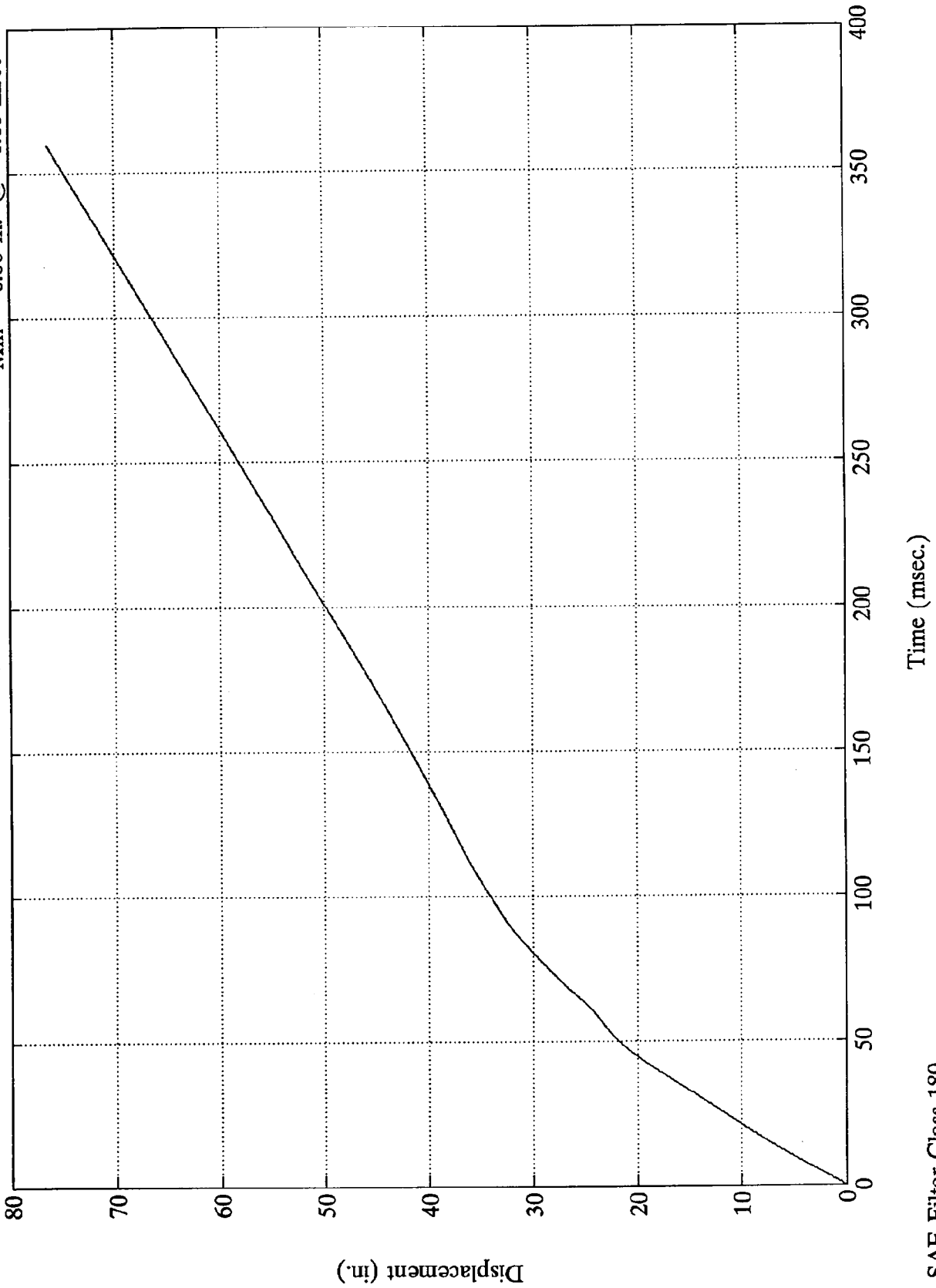
Time (msec.)

Velocity (mph)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Instrument Panel X

Max = 76.36 in. @ 359.76 msec
Min = 0.00 in. @ -0.00 msec

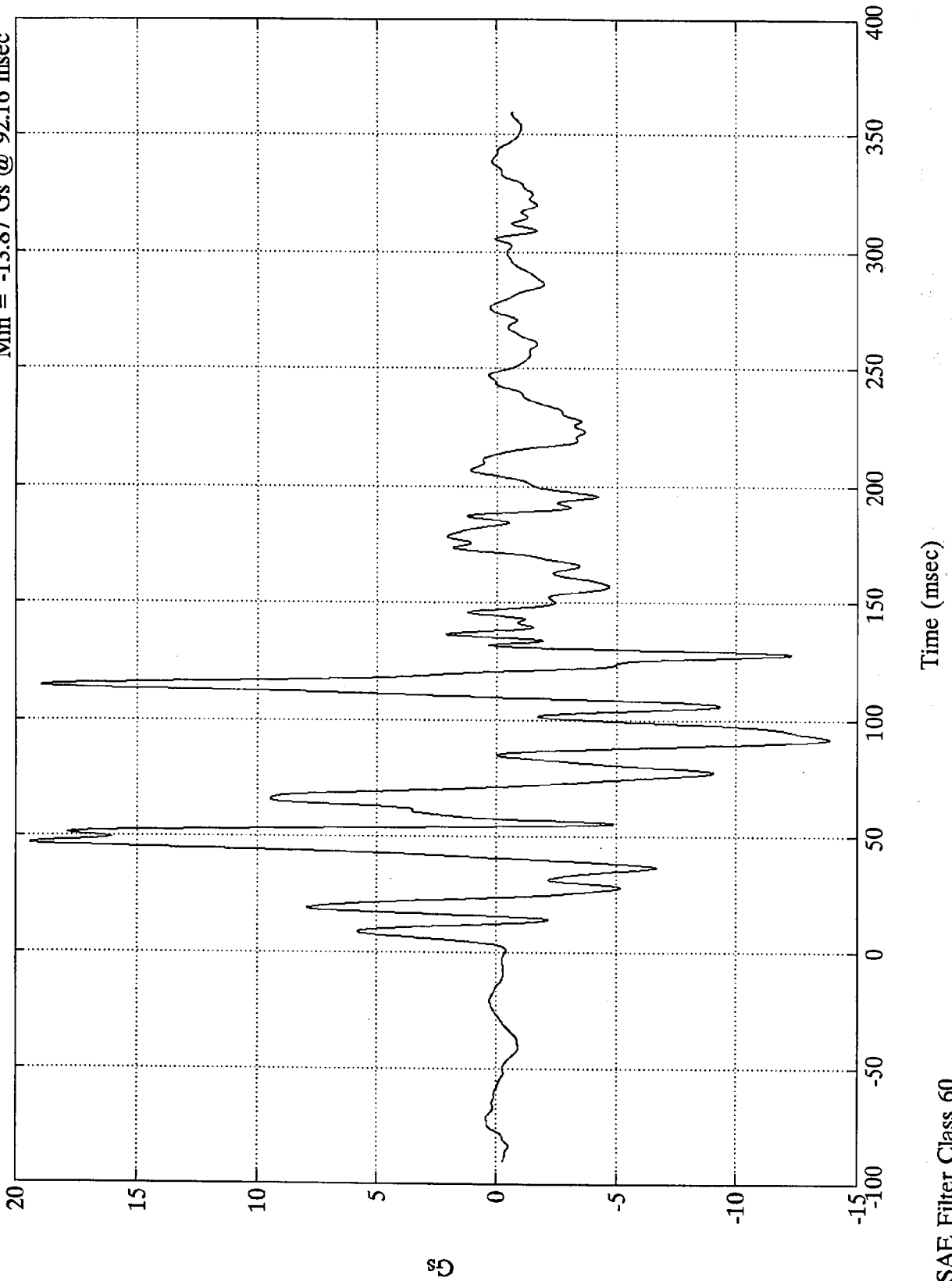


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 19.42 Gs @ 47.16 msec
Min = -13.87 Gs @ 92.16 msec

Trunk Z



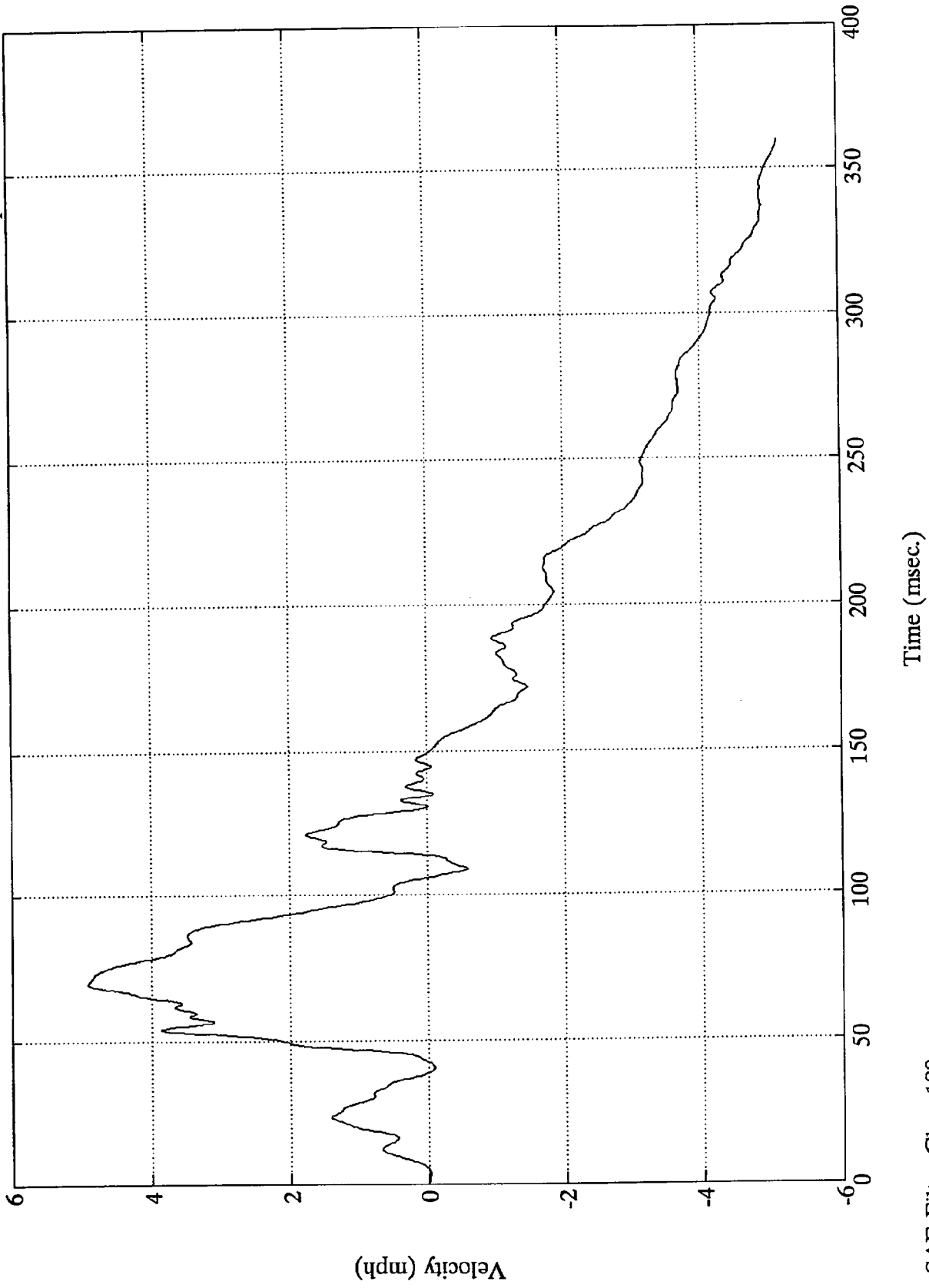
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 60

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Trunk Z

Max = 4.92 mph @ 70.08 msec
Min = -5.14 mph @ 359.76 msec

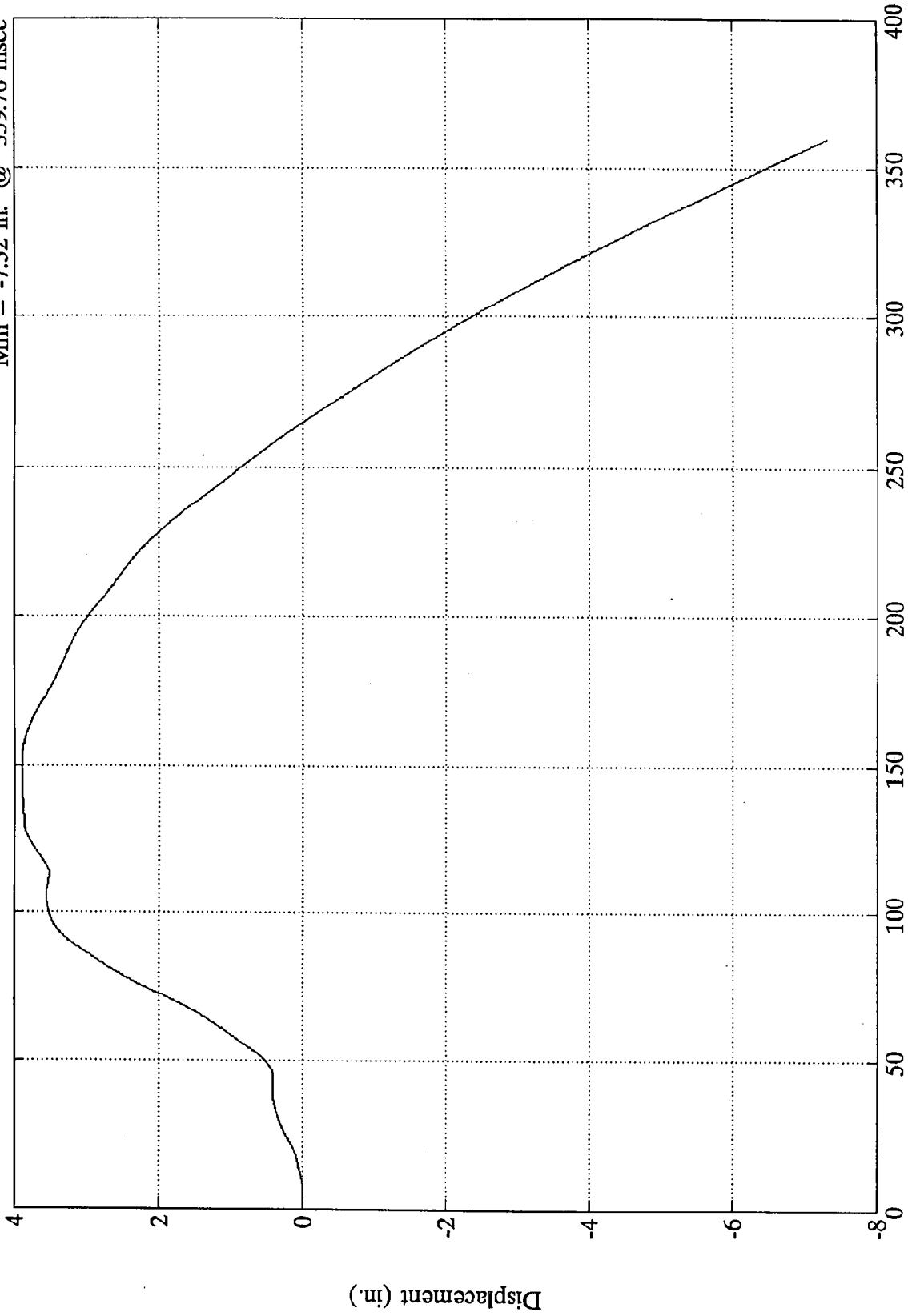


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 3.90 in. @ 149.52 msec
Min = -7.32 in. @ 359.76 msec

Trunk Z



Time (msec.)

SAE Filter Class 180

TEST NO. CT0304

<u>DUMMY</u>	<u>SAE_FILTER_CHANNEL_CLASS</u>
Head Accelerations	1000
Chest Accelerations	180
Femur Forces	600

FACILITY: track
RUN #: 1625
SERIES #: 1

TEST DATE: 22 May 1996
TEST TIME: 10:05:55
BOARD: A

TITLE: 208 Test #7 - 1996 Dodge Intrepid

CHANNEL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	ENGR UNIT	MAXIMUM		MINIMUM		FILTER CLASS
			AMP	msec	AMP	msec	
1	Pos. 1 Head X	Gs	45.1	271.6	-54.2	82.8	1000.0
2	Pos. 1 Head Y	Gs	18.3	271.1	-7.0	83.2	1000.0
3	Pos. 1 Head Z	Gs	25.3	271.1	-12.2	100.7	1000.0
4	Pos. 1 Left Femur	lbs	45.2	212.4	-1468.5	66.5	600.0
5	Pos. 1 Chest X	Gs	7.0	291.6	-40.4	90.7	180.0
6	Pos. 1 Chest Y	Gs	7.1	97.1	-4.3	58.7	180.0
7	Pos. 1 Chest Z	Gs	7.4	82.6	-3.7	99.8	180.0
8	Pos. 1 Right Femur	lbs	59.8	201.1	-1587.2	58.3	600.0
9	Pos. 2 Head X	Gs	9.7	271.2	-47.1	84.7	1000.0
10	Pos. 2 Head Y	Gs	18.1	49.1	-4.2	61.6	1000.0
11	Pos. 2 Head Z	Gs	22.6	78.1	-22.5	107.8	1000.0
12	Pos. 2 Left Femur	lbs	450.6	49.2	-1793.4	58.3	600.0
13	Pos. 2 Chest X	Gs	3.4	49.1	-52.9	78.2	180.0
14	Pos. 2 Chest Y	Gs	1.8	56.5	-3.8	88.2	180.0
15	Pos. 2 Chest Z	Gs	16.3	70.7	-9.9	118.2	180.0
16	Pos. 2 Right Femur	lbs	382.2	49.1	-1657.4	61.0	600.0
17	Pos. 1 Head Resultant	Gs	55.7	82.8	.0	-73.7	1000.0
18	Pos. 1 Chest Resultant	Gs	41.0	90.1	.1	-71.9	180.0
19	Pos. 2 Head Resultant	Gs	47.2	83.3	.1	-62.6	1000.0
20	Pos. 2 Chest Resultant	Gs	53.4	78.1	.0	-76.8	180.0

36 ms Fixed Duration HIC SUMMARY: Pos. 1 Head Resultant

hic: 382.13
t1 = 68.760 msec
t2 = 104.640 msec
Average G's Over Hic Duration = 40.83

CLIP SUMMARY: Pos. 1 Chest Resultant

Peak Resultant (3 ms CLIPPED DURATION) = 40.598 G's
Tstart = 88.6800 ms
Tend = 91.8000 ms
CSI = 307.168

36 ms Fixed Duration HIC SUMMARY: Pos. 2 Head Resultant

hic: 344.30
t1 = 63.960 msec
t2 = 99.840 msec
Average G's Over Hic Duration = 39.16

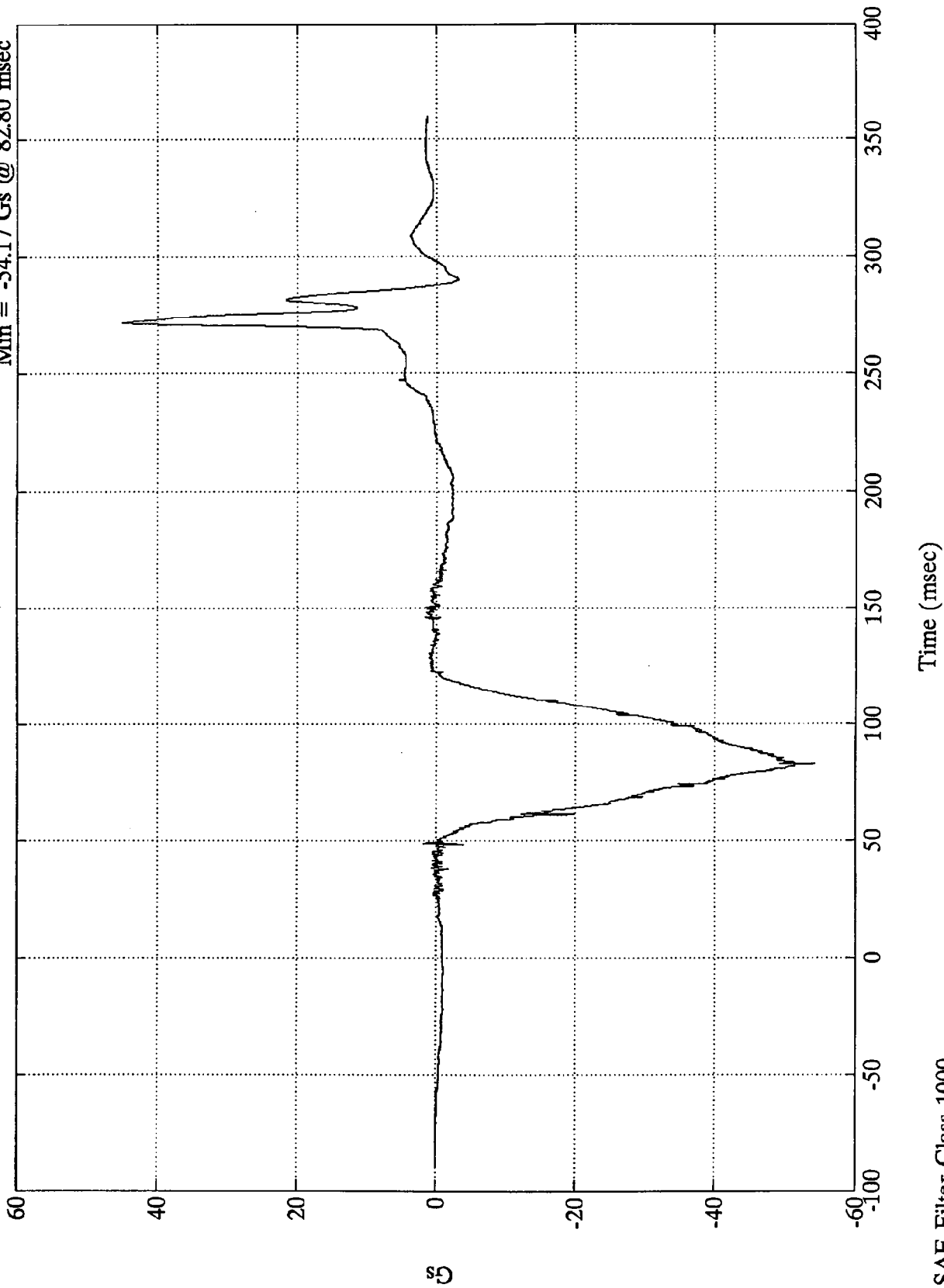
CLIP SUMMARY: Pos. 2 Chest Resultant

Peak Resultant (3 ms CLIPPED DURATION) = 52.399 G's
Tstart = 76.8000 ms
Tend = 79.9200 ms
CSI = 422.184

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Head X

Max = 45.14 Gs @ 271.56 msec
Min = -54.17 Gs @ 82.80 msec

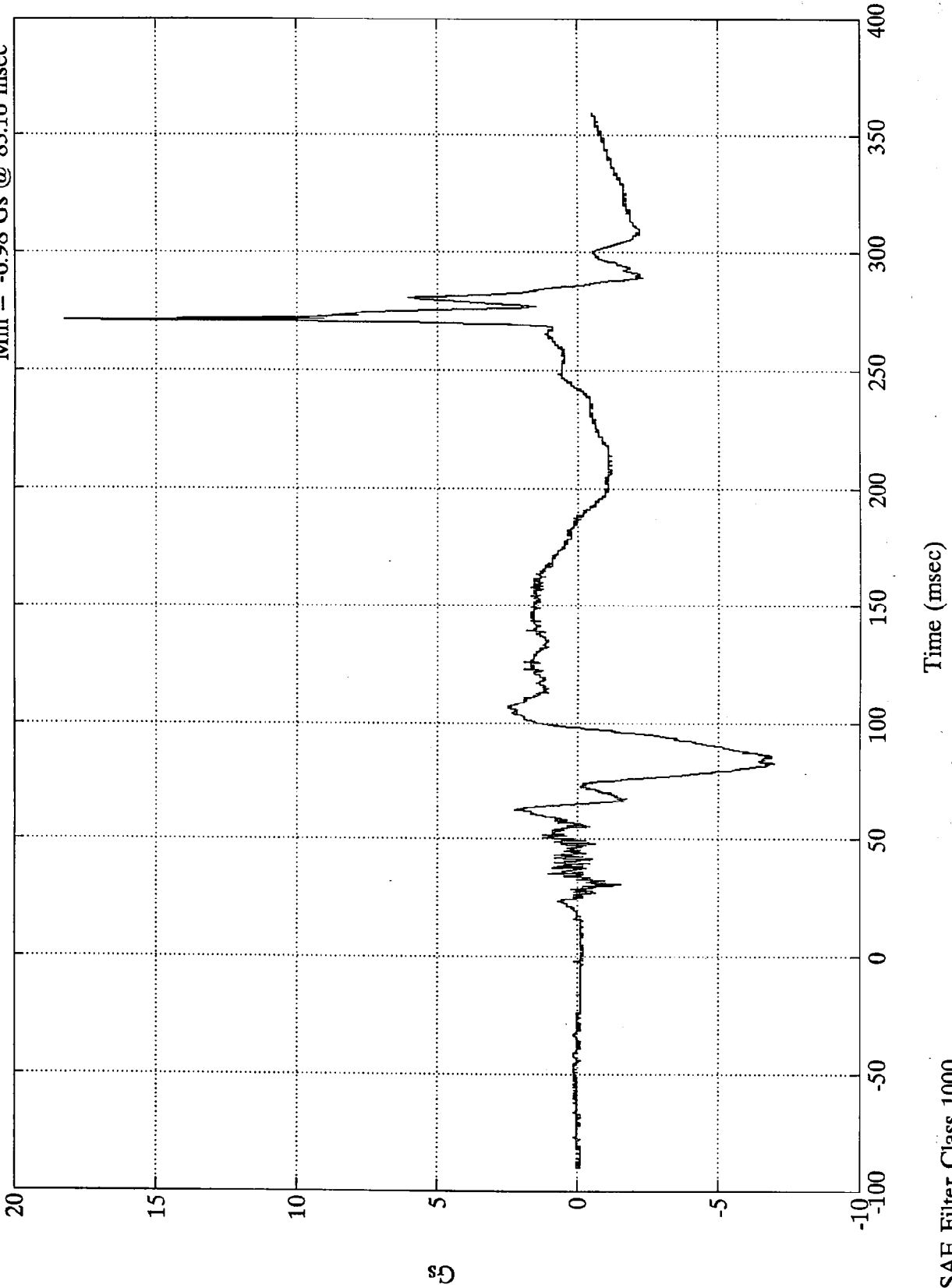


SAE Filter Class 1000

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Head Y

Max = 18.27 Gs @ 271.08 msec
Min = -6.98 Gs @ 83.16 msec

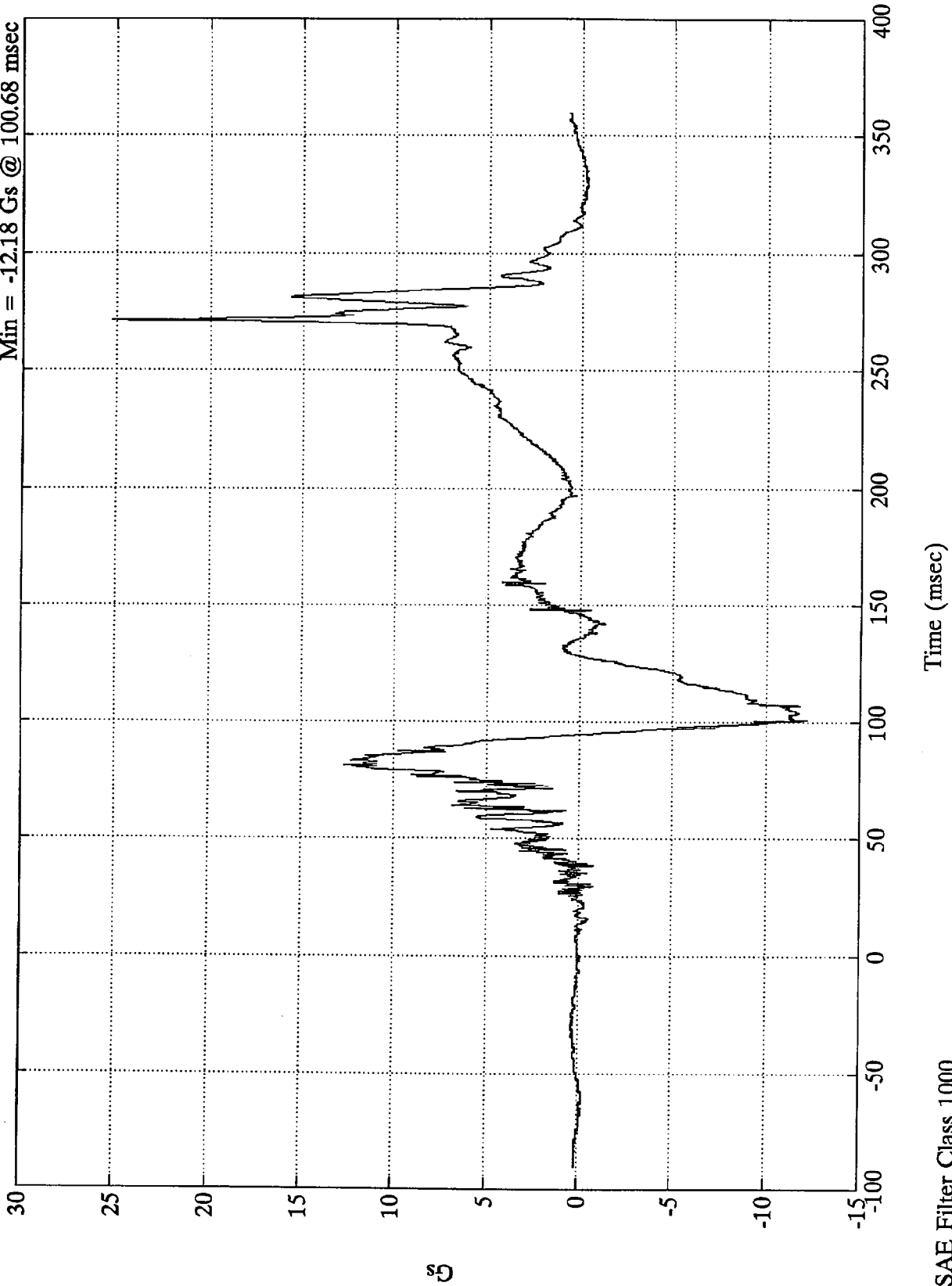


SAE Filter Class 1000

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Head Z

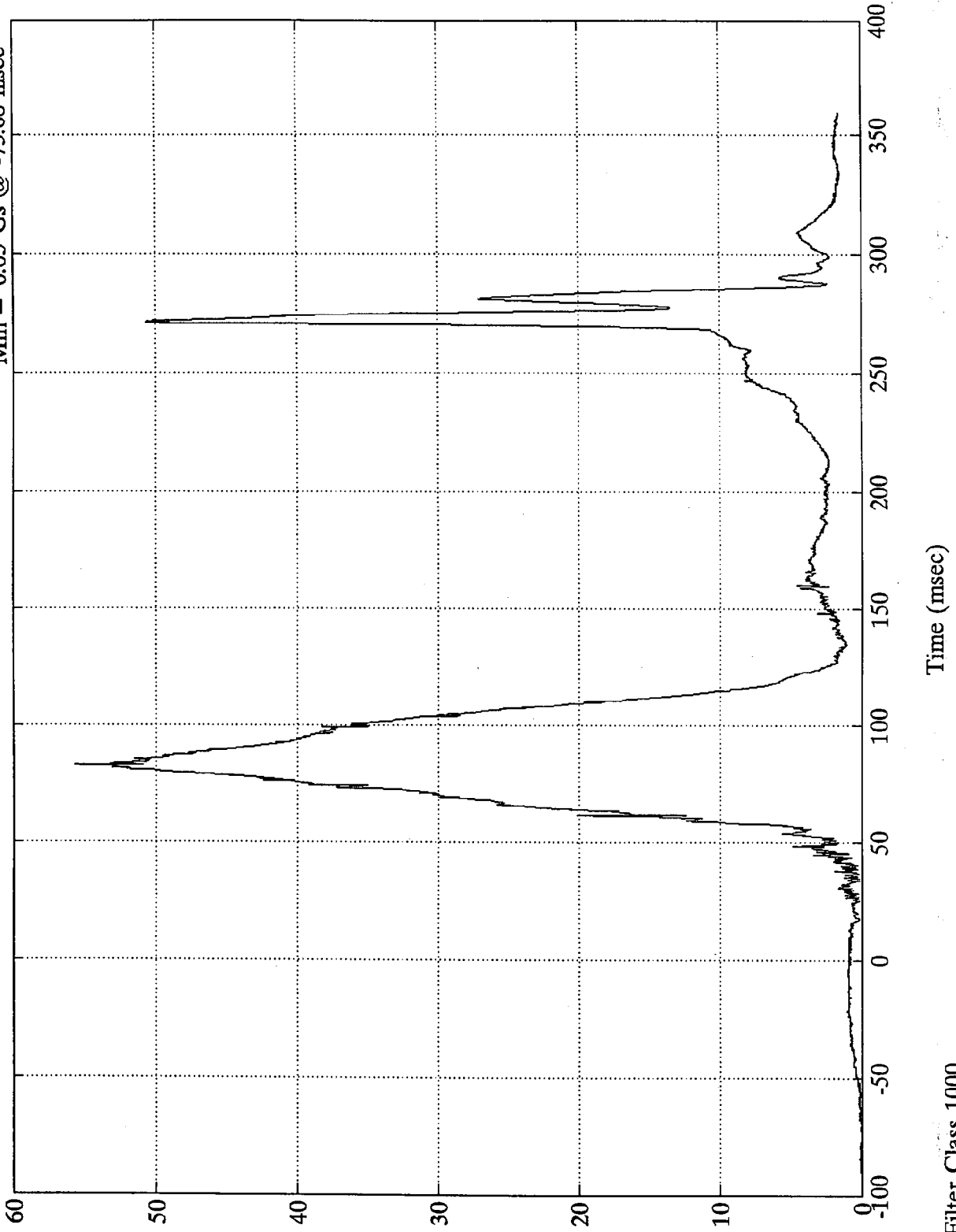
Max = 25.27 Gs @ 271.08 msec
Min = -12.18 Gs @ 100.68 msec



FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Head Resultant

Max = 55.69 Gs @ 82.80 msec
Min = 0.05 Gs @ -73.68 msec



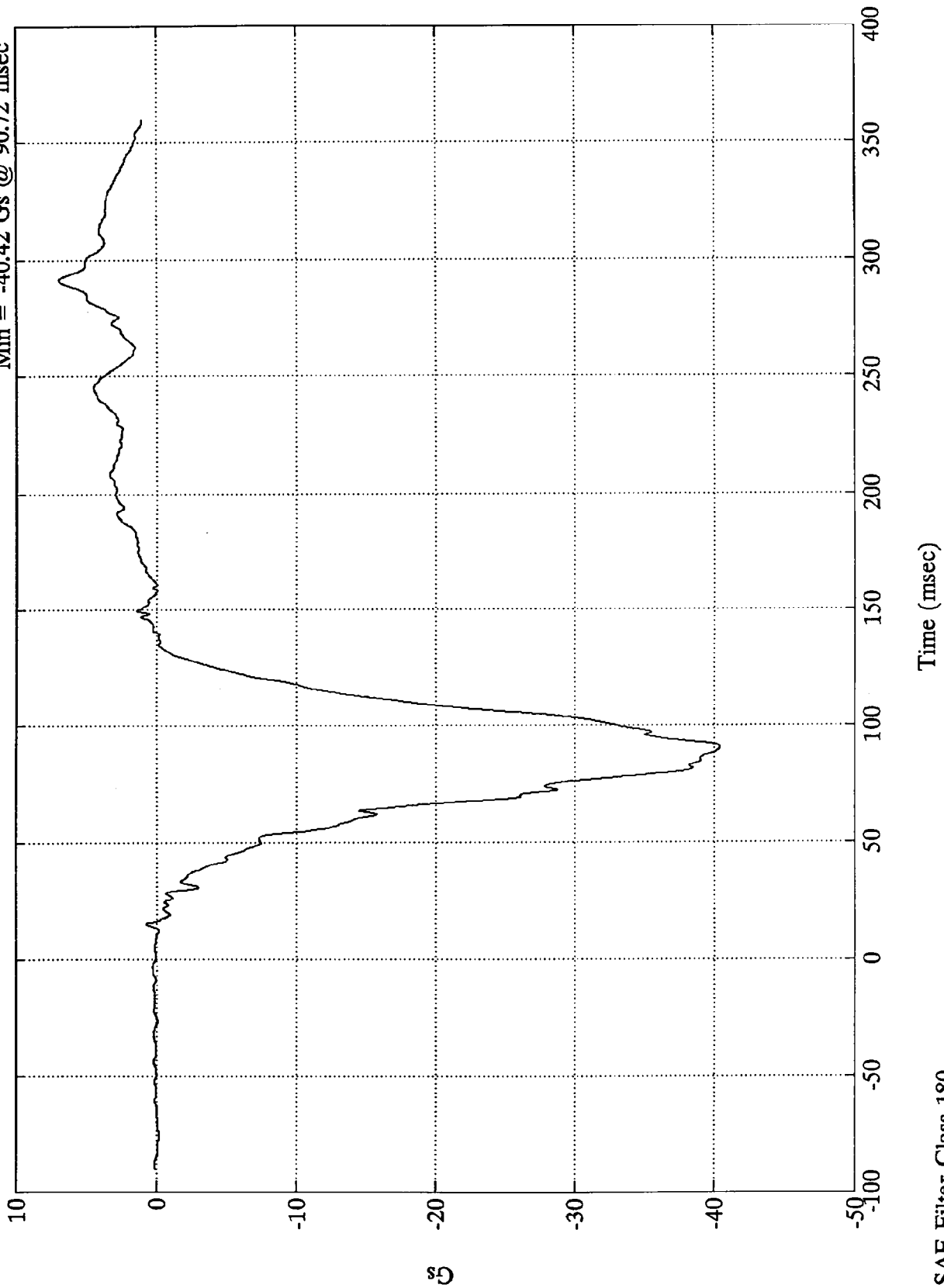
SAE Filter Class 1000

Time (msec)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 6.98 Gs @ 291.60 msec
Min = -40.42 Gs @ 90.72 msec

Pos. 1 Chest X

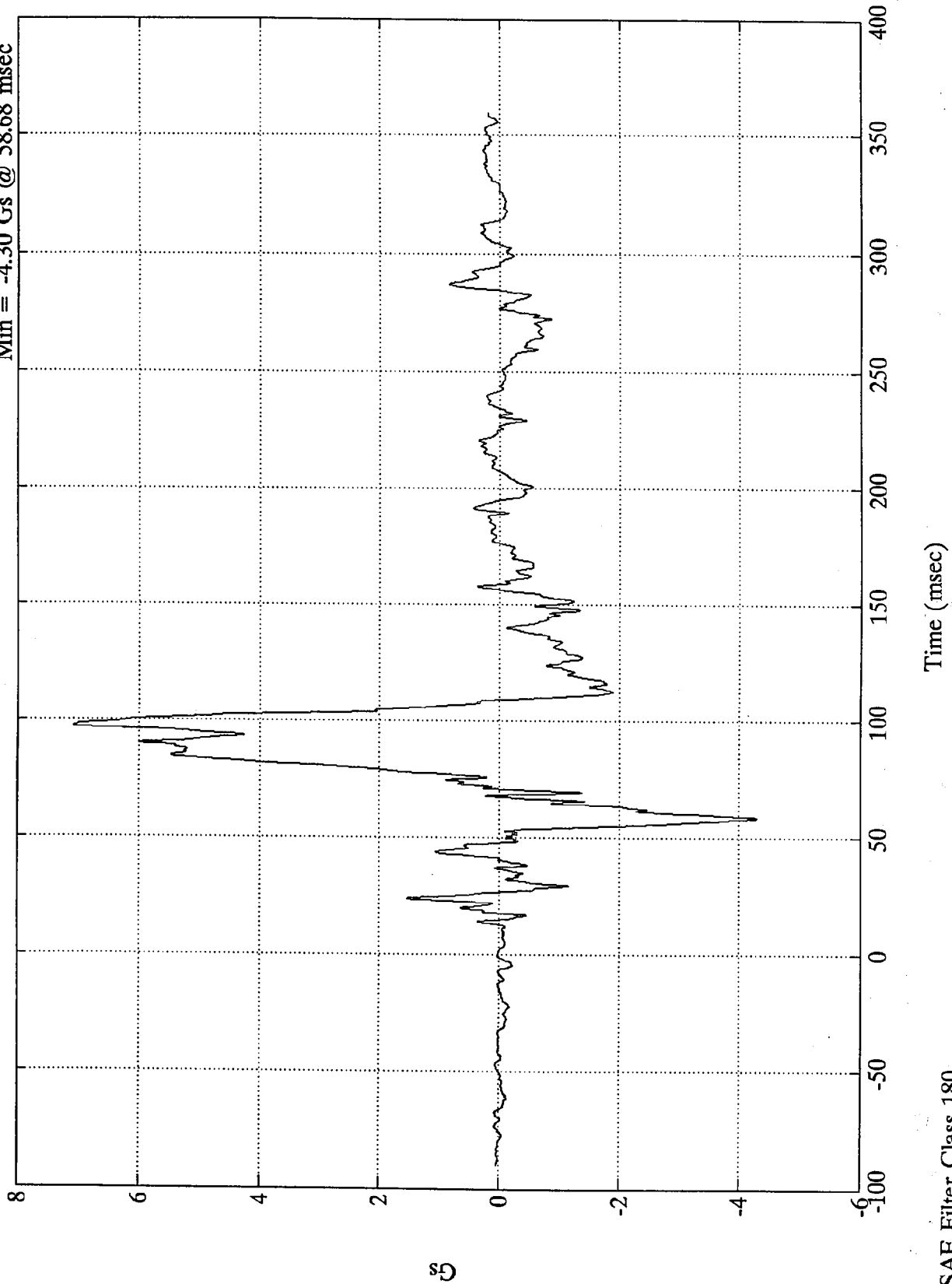


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 7.08 Gs @ 97.08 msec
Min = -4.30 Gs @ 58.68 msec

Pos. 1 Chest Y



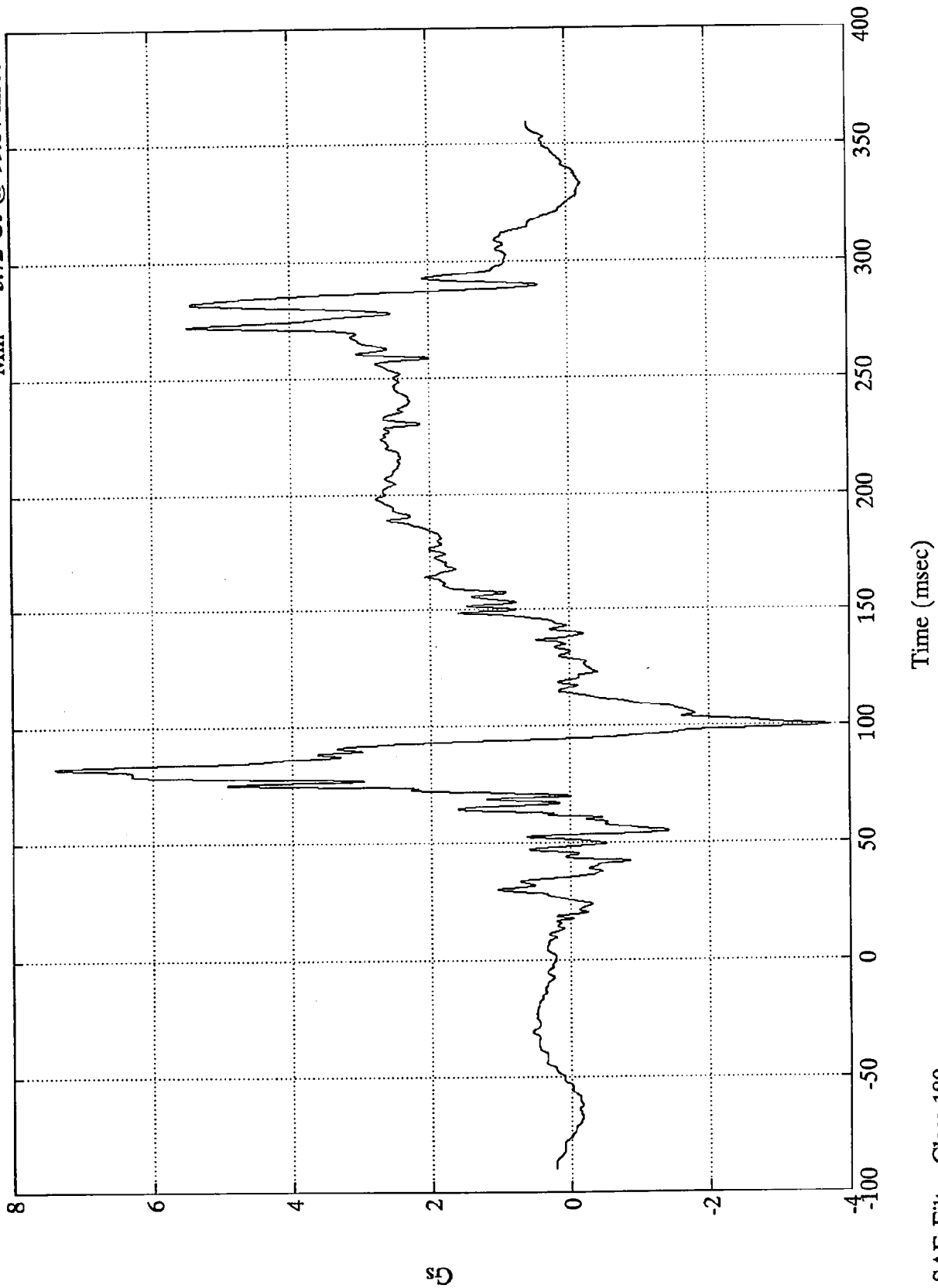
SAE Filter Class 180

Time (msec)

Gs

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Chest Z
Max = 7.40 Gs @ 82.56 msec
Min = -3.72 Gs @ 99.84 msec

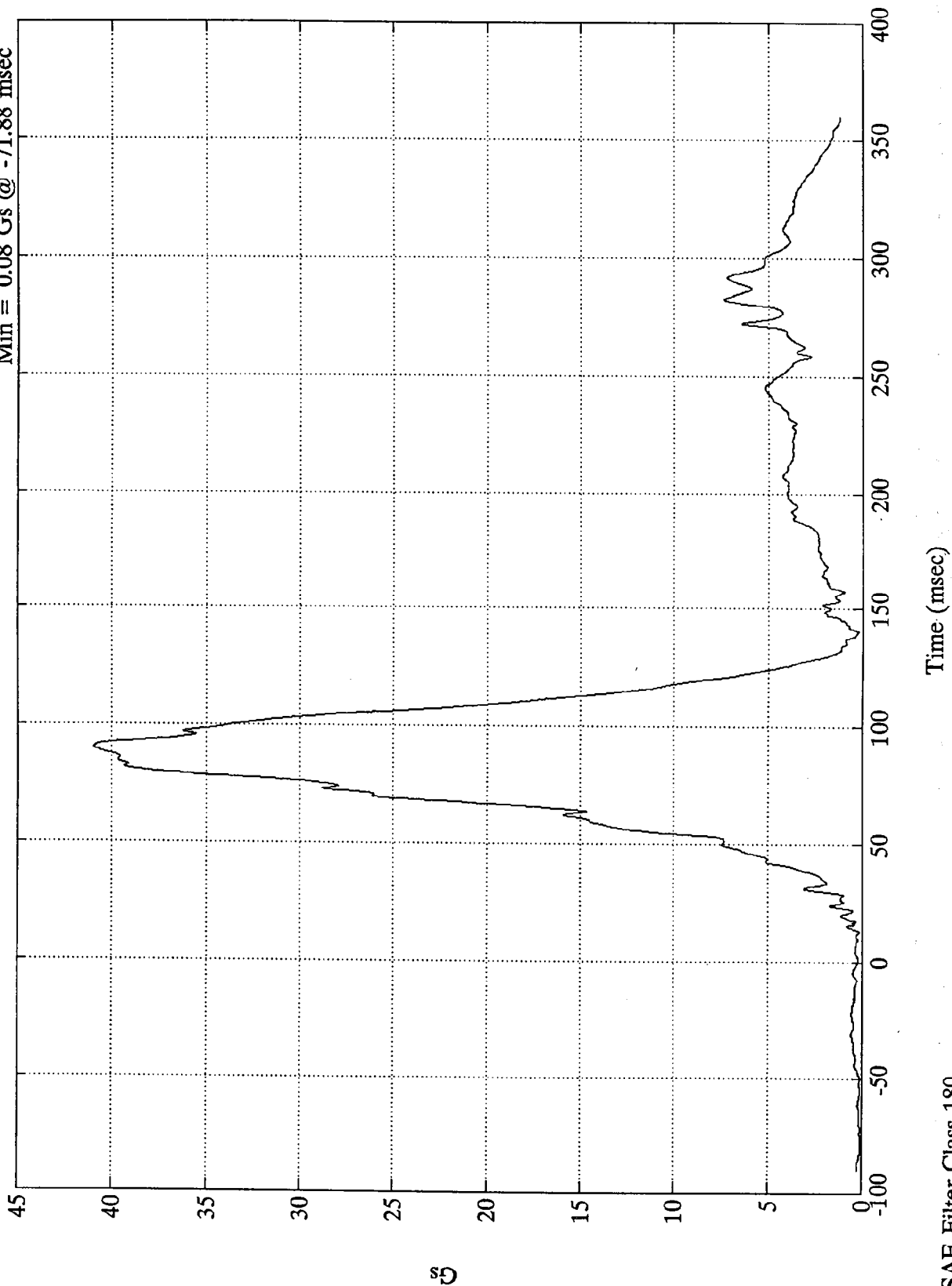


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 40.96 Gs @ 90.12 msec
Min = 0.08 Gs @ -71.88 msec

Pos. 1 Chest Resultant

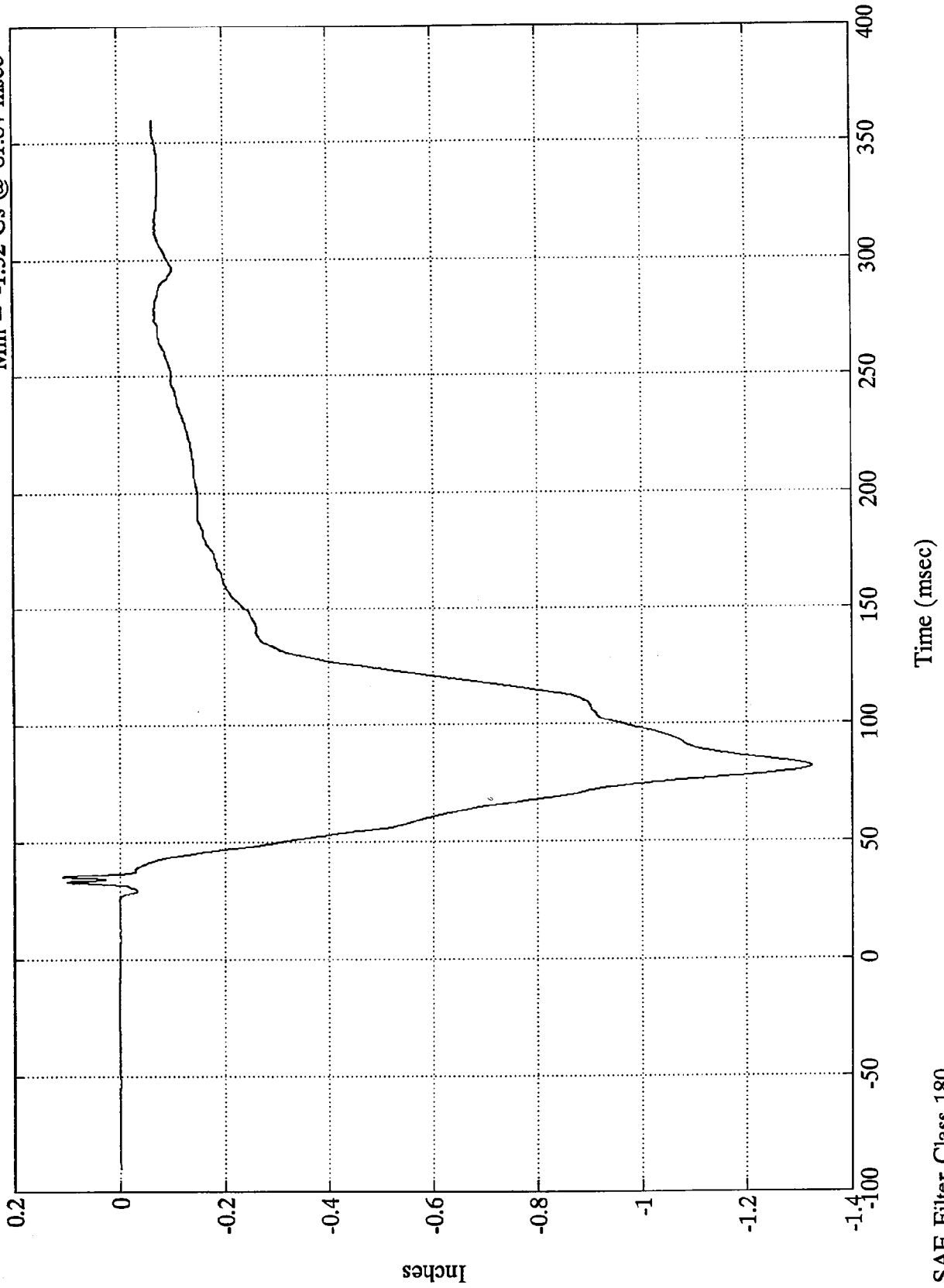


SAE Filter Class 180

5G

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Chest displacement
Max = 0.11 Gs @ 35.76 msec
Min = -1.32 Gs @ 81.84 msec

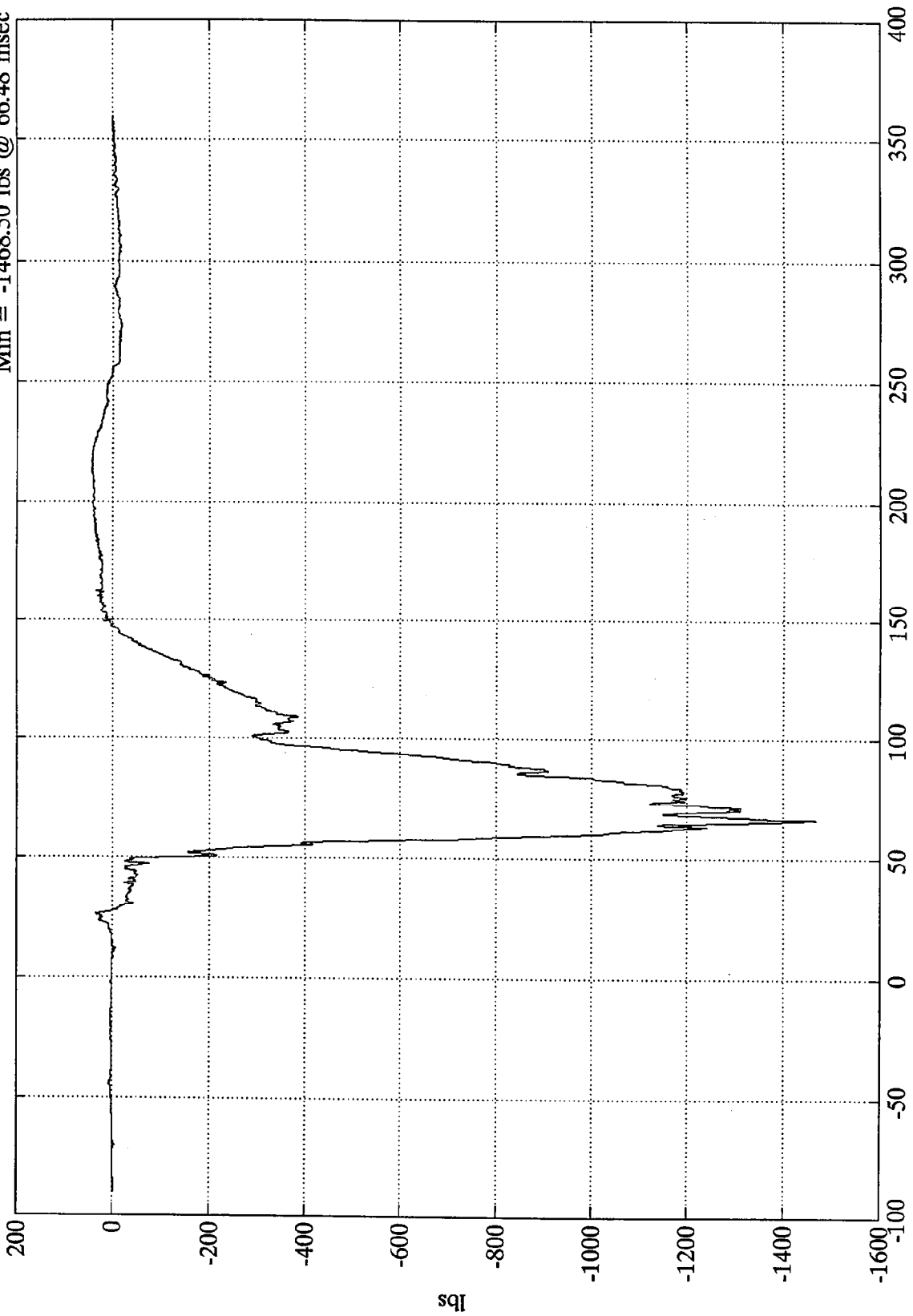


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Left Femur

Max = 45.25 lbs @ 212.40 msec
Min = -1468.50 lbs @ 66.48 msec



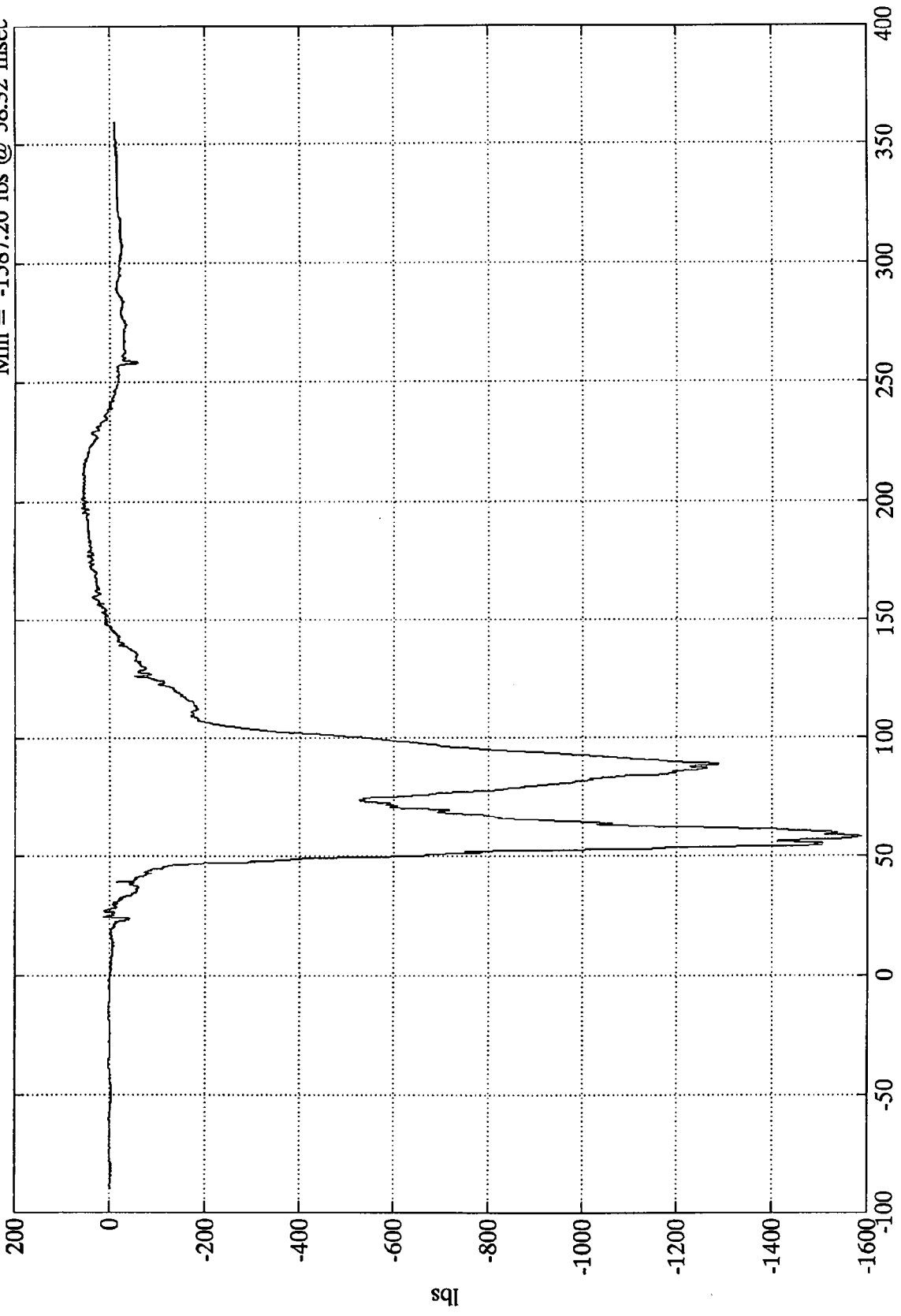
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Right Femur

Max = 59.78 lbs @ 201.12 msec
Min = -1587.20 lbs @ 58.32 msec



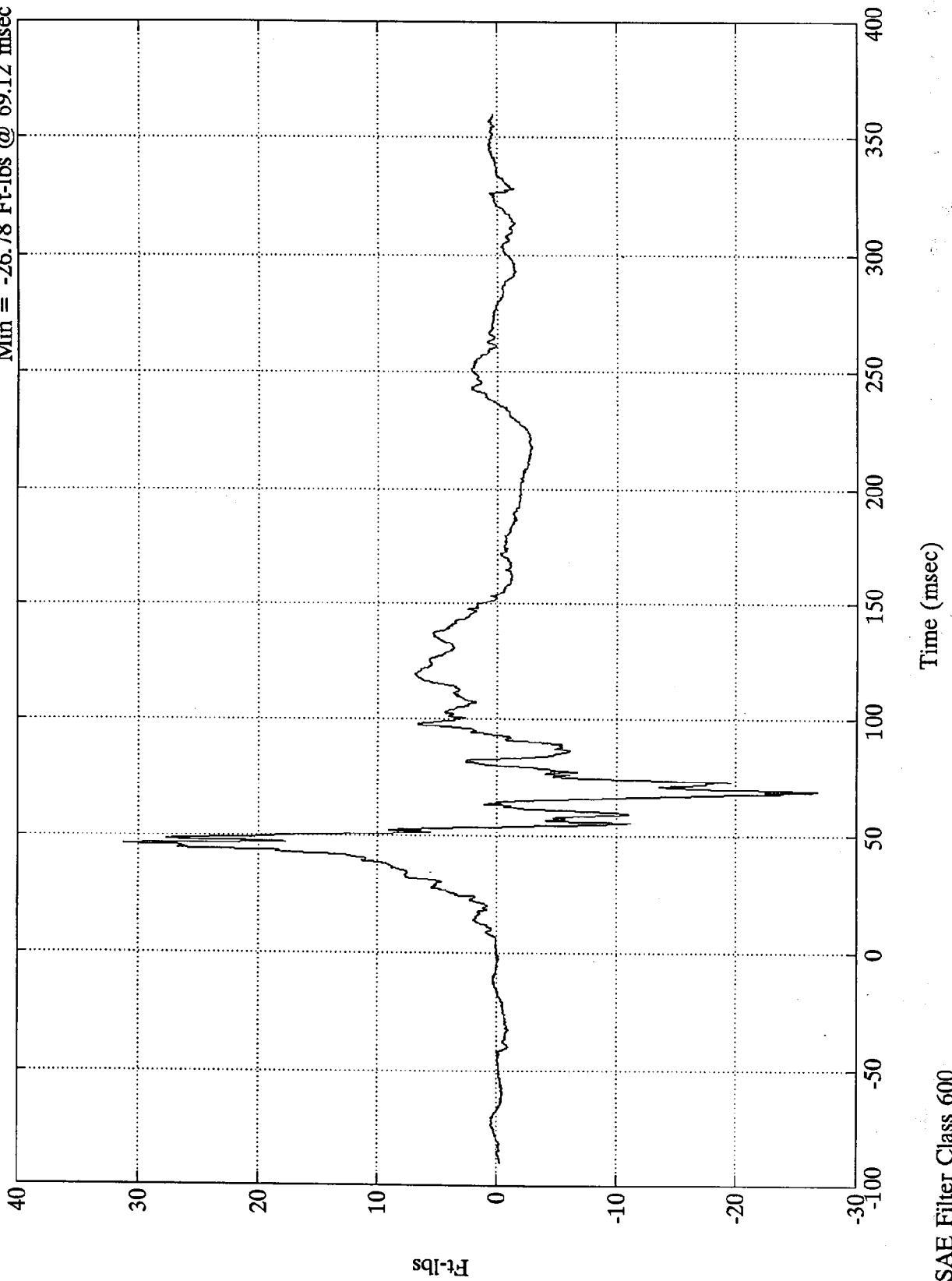
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Left Upper Tibia Mx

Max = 31.21 Ft-lbs @ 46.56 msec
Min = -26.78 Ft-lbs @ 69.12 msec

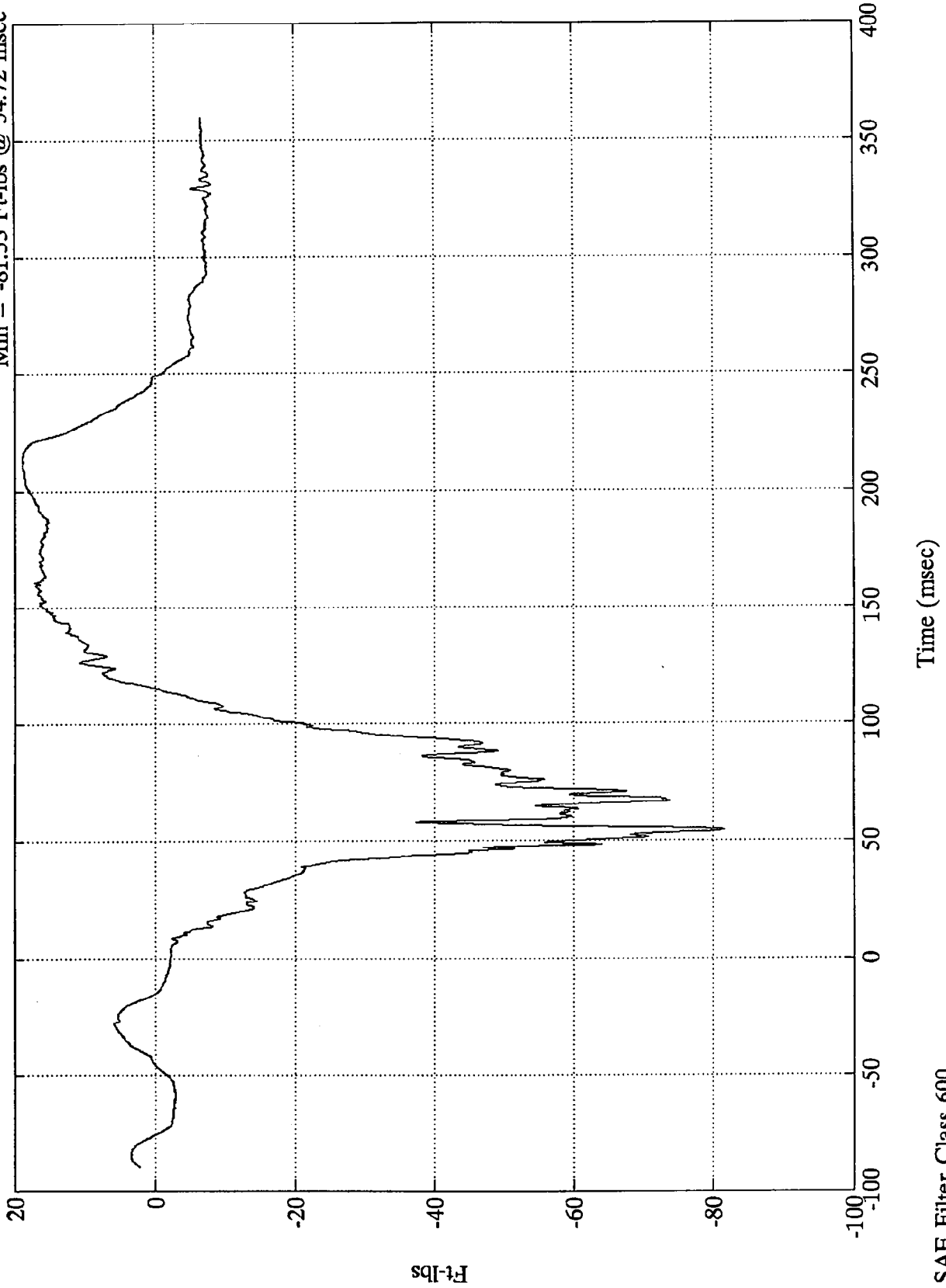


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Left Upper Tibia My

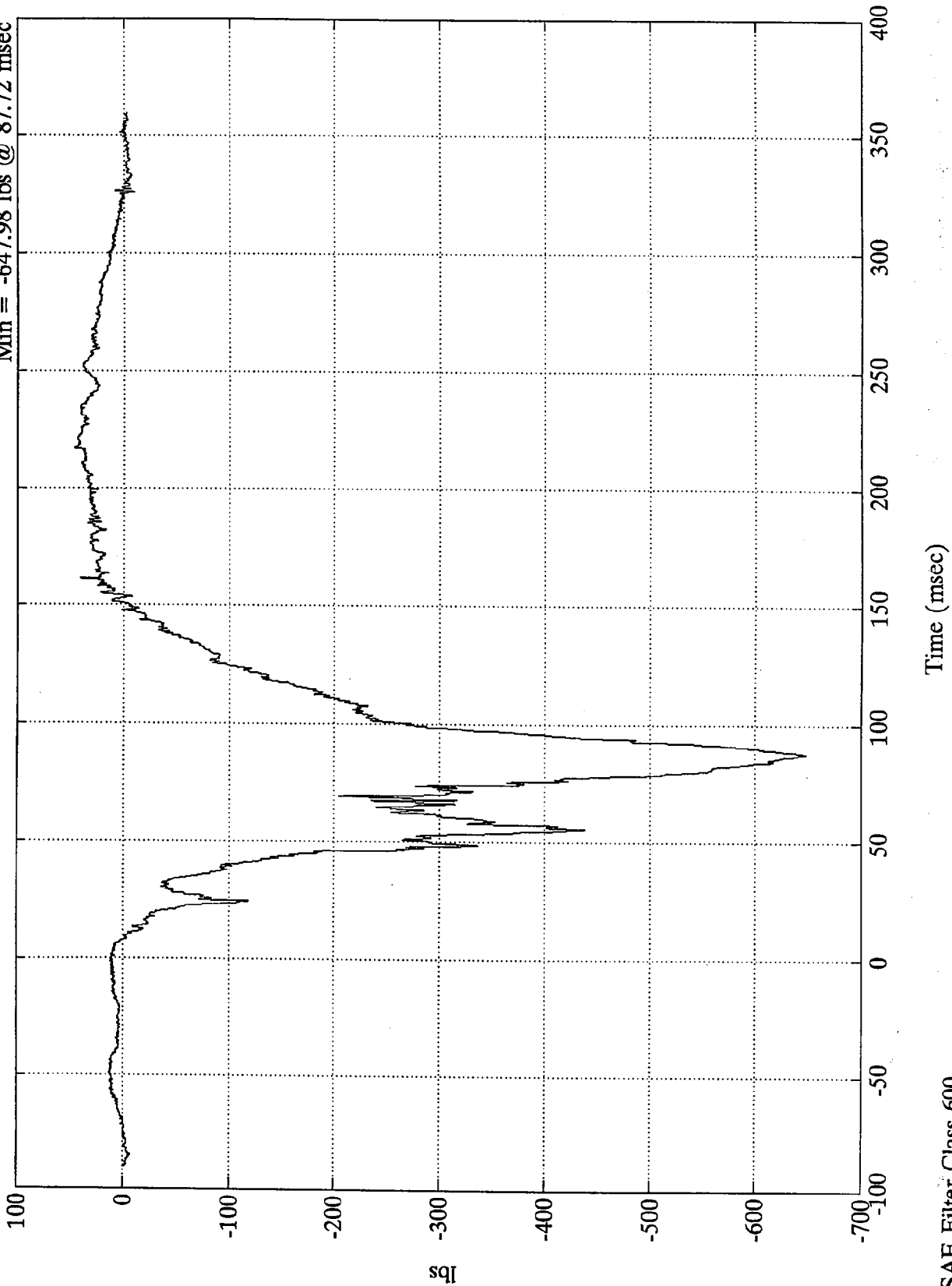
Max = 19.01 Ft-lbs @ 210.24 msec
Min = -81.53 Ft-lbs @ 54.72 msec



SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Left Lower Tibia Fz
Max = 46.88 lbs @ 217.20 msec
Min = -647.98 lbs @ 87.72 msec

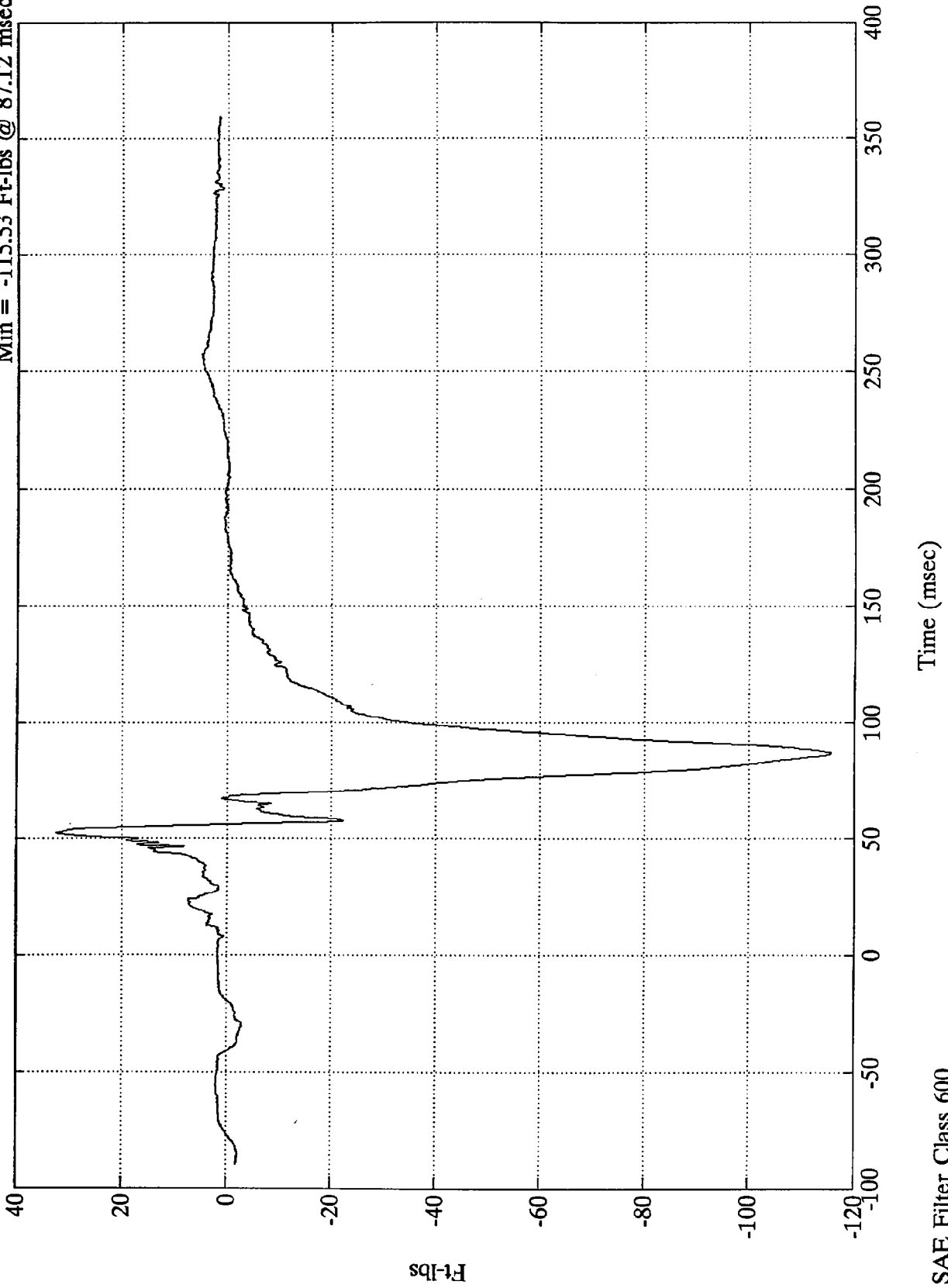


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Left Lower Tibia My

Max = 32.54 Ft-lbs @ 52.56 msec
Min = -115.53 Ft-lbs @ 87.12 msec



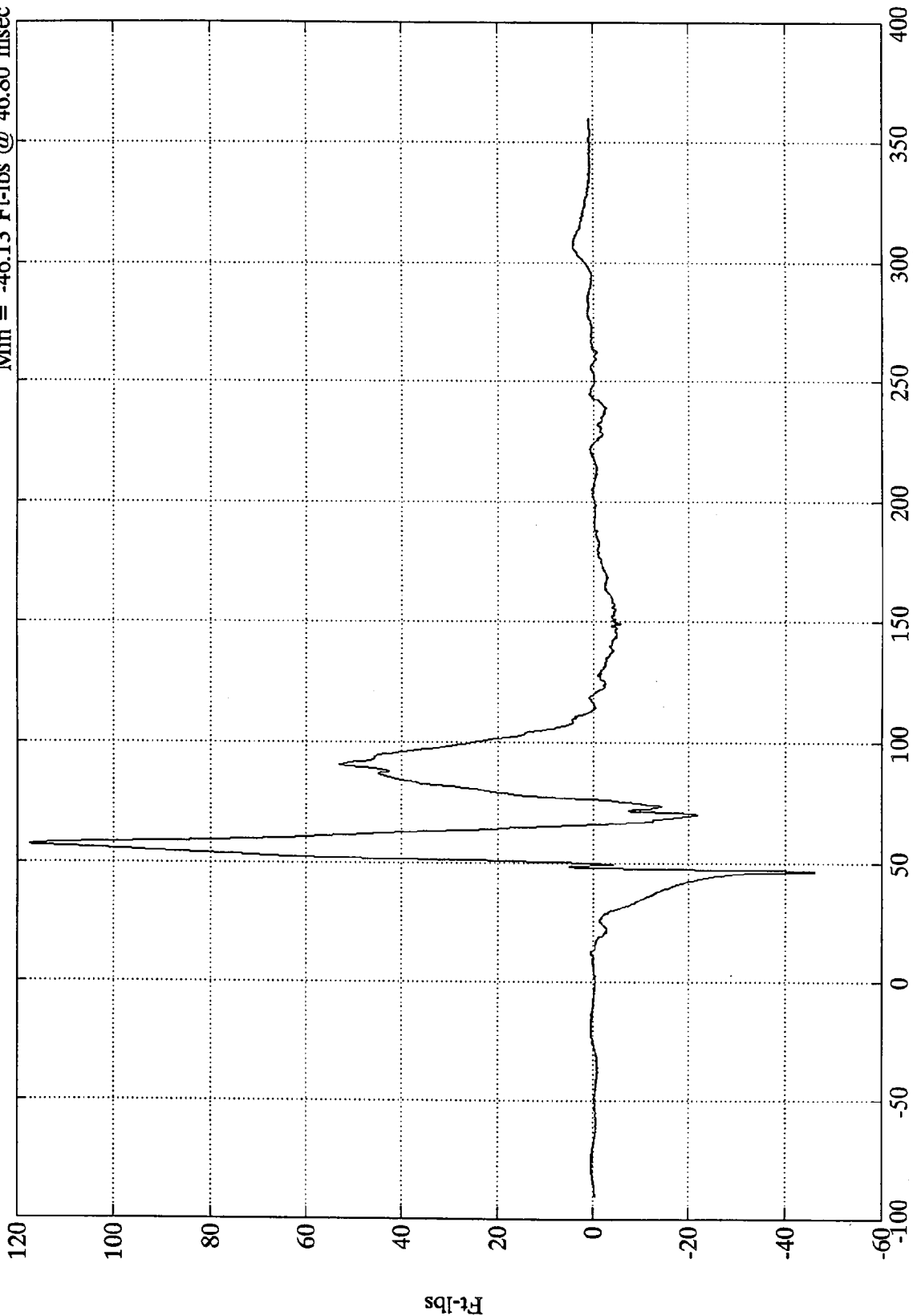
SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Right Upper Tibia Mx

Max = 117.49 Ft-lbs @ 57.36 msec

Min = -46.13 Ft-lbs @ 46.80 msec



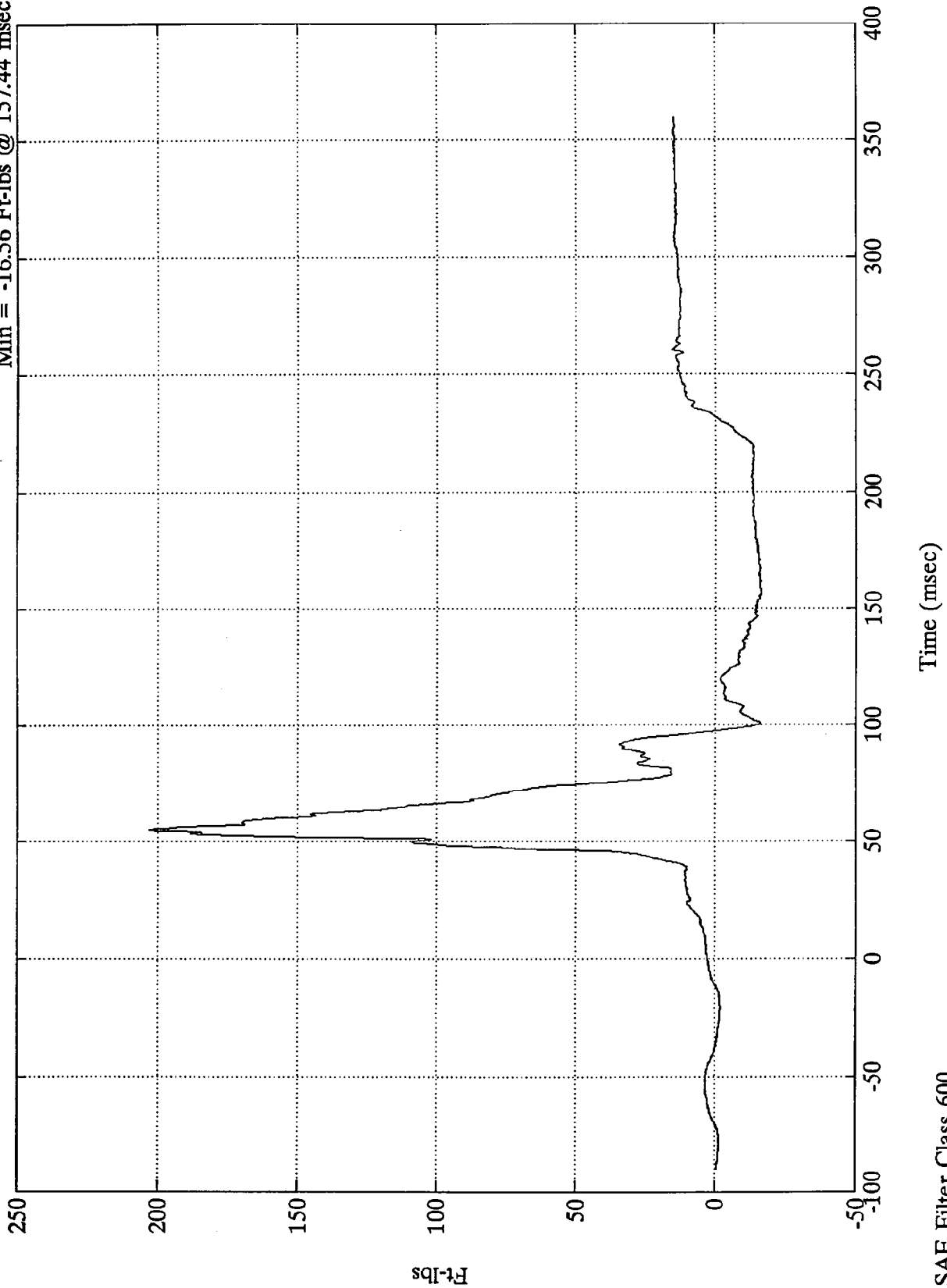
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Right Upper Tibia My

Max = 202.93 Ft-lbs @ 55.08 msec
Min = -16.56 Ft-lbs @ 157.44 msec

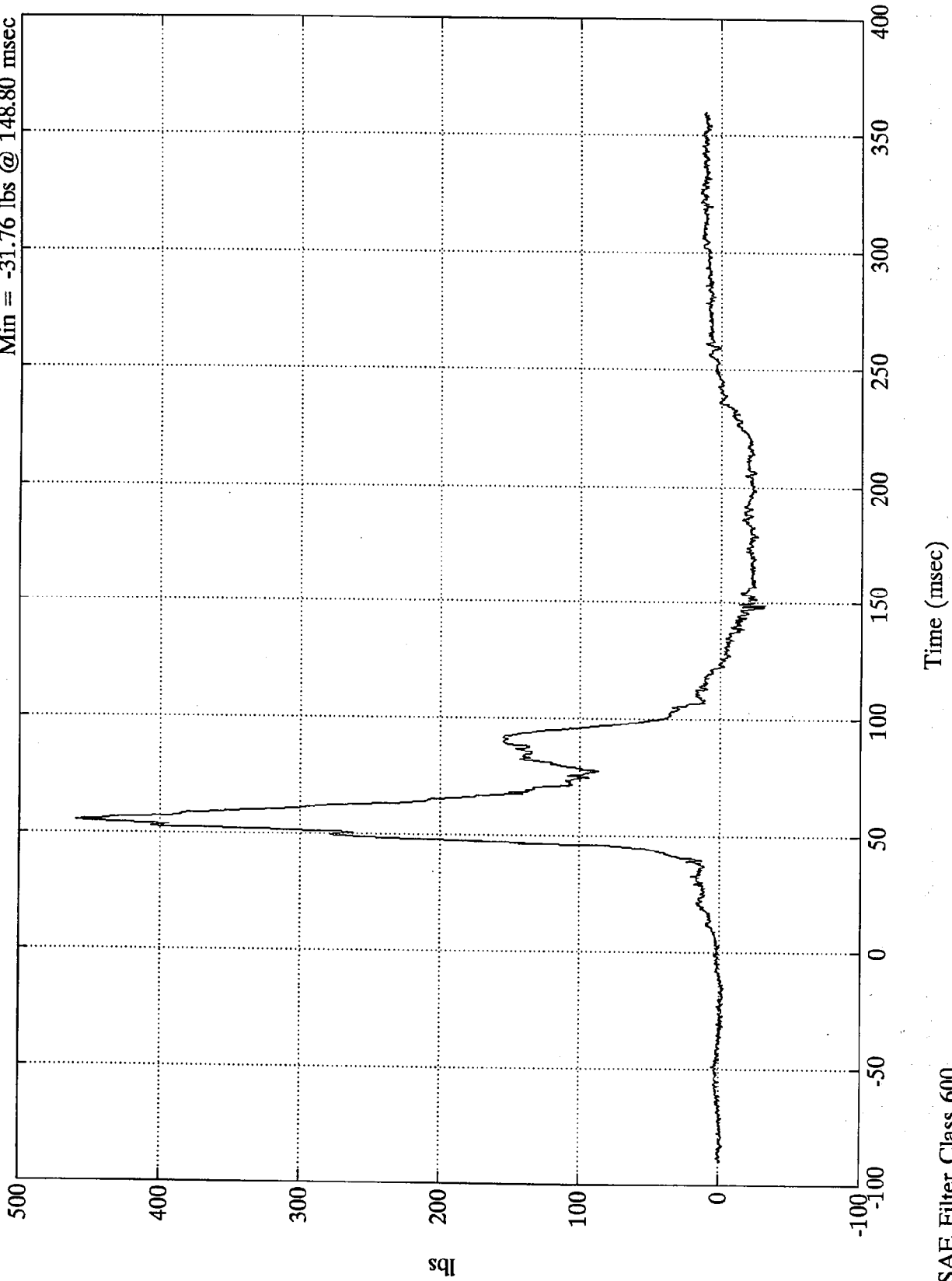


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Right Lower Tibia Fx

Max = 460.03 lbs @ 55.44 msec
Min = -31.76 lbs @ 148.80 msec

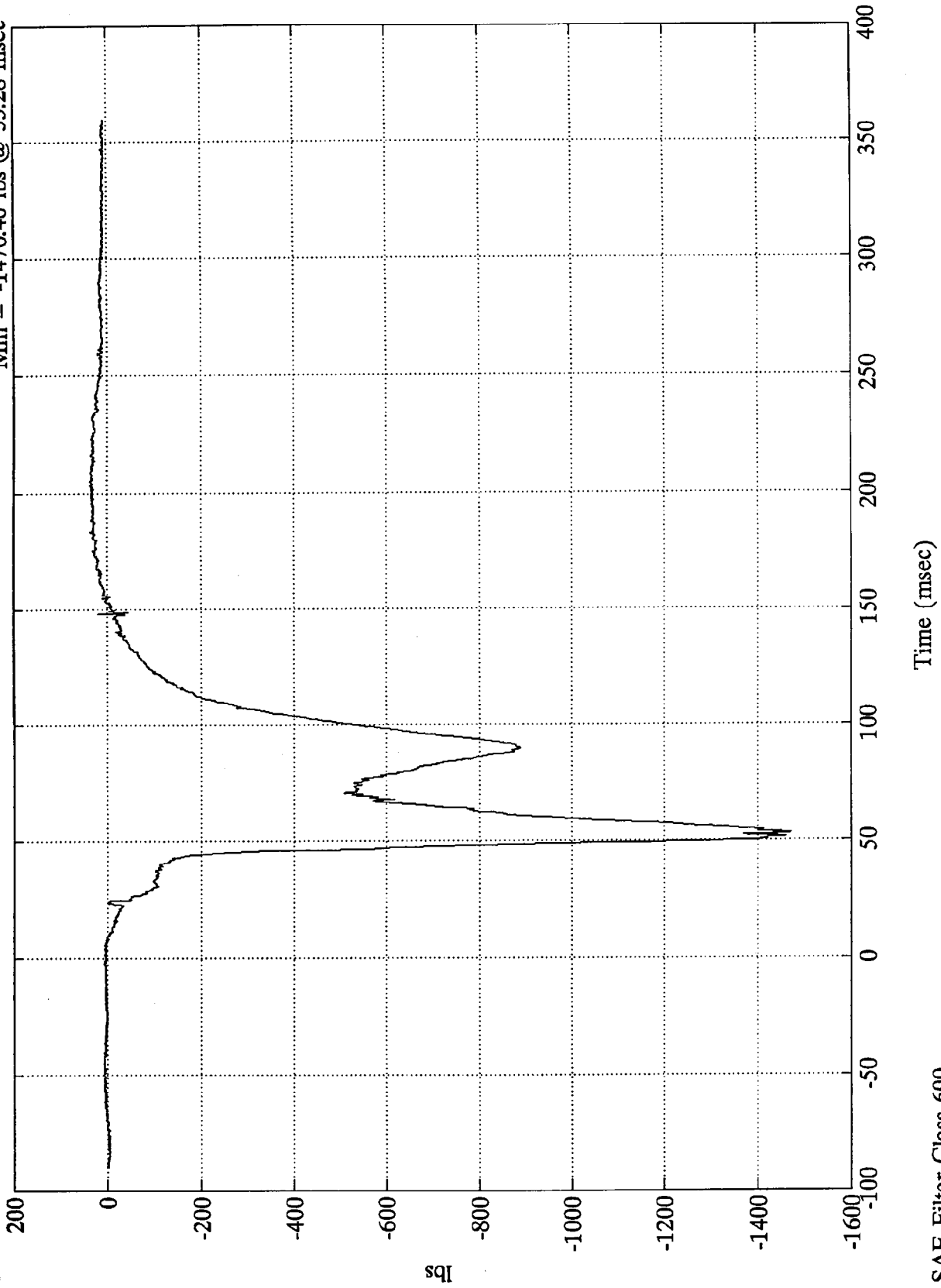


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Right Lower Tibia Fz

Max = 37.41 lbs @ 205.20 msec
Min = -1470.40 lbs @ 53.28 msec



lbs

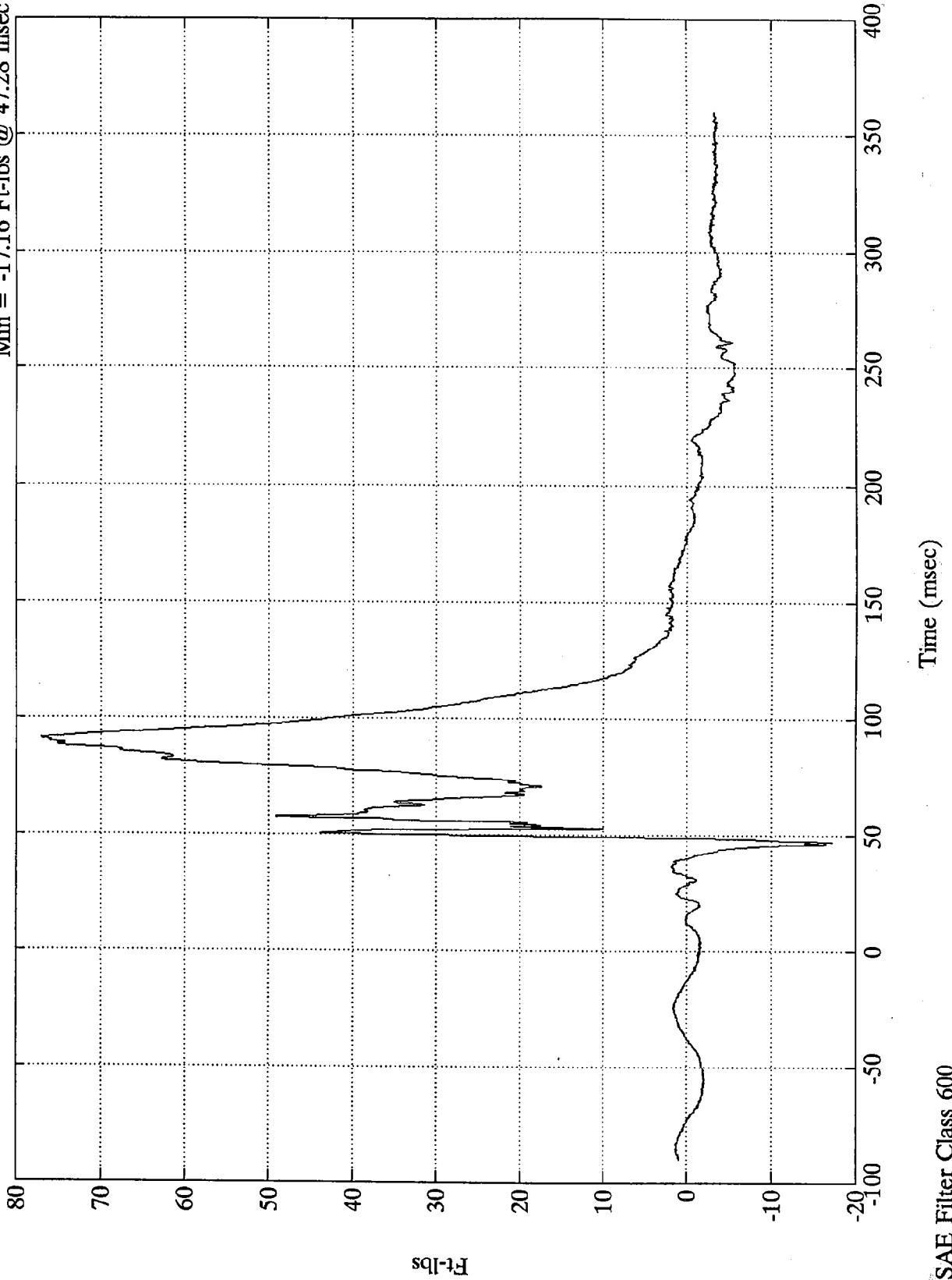
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 1 Right Lower Tibia My

Max = 76.96 Ft-lbs @ 91.32 msec
Min = -17.16 Ft-lbs @ 47.28 msec

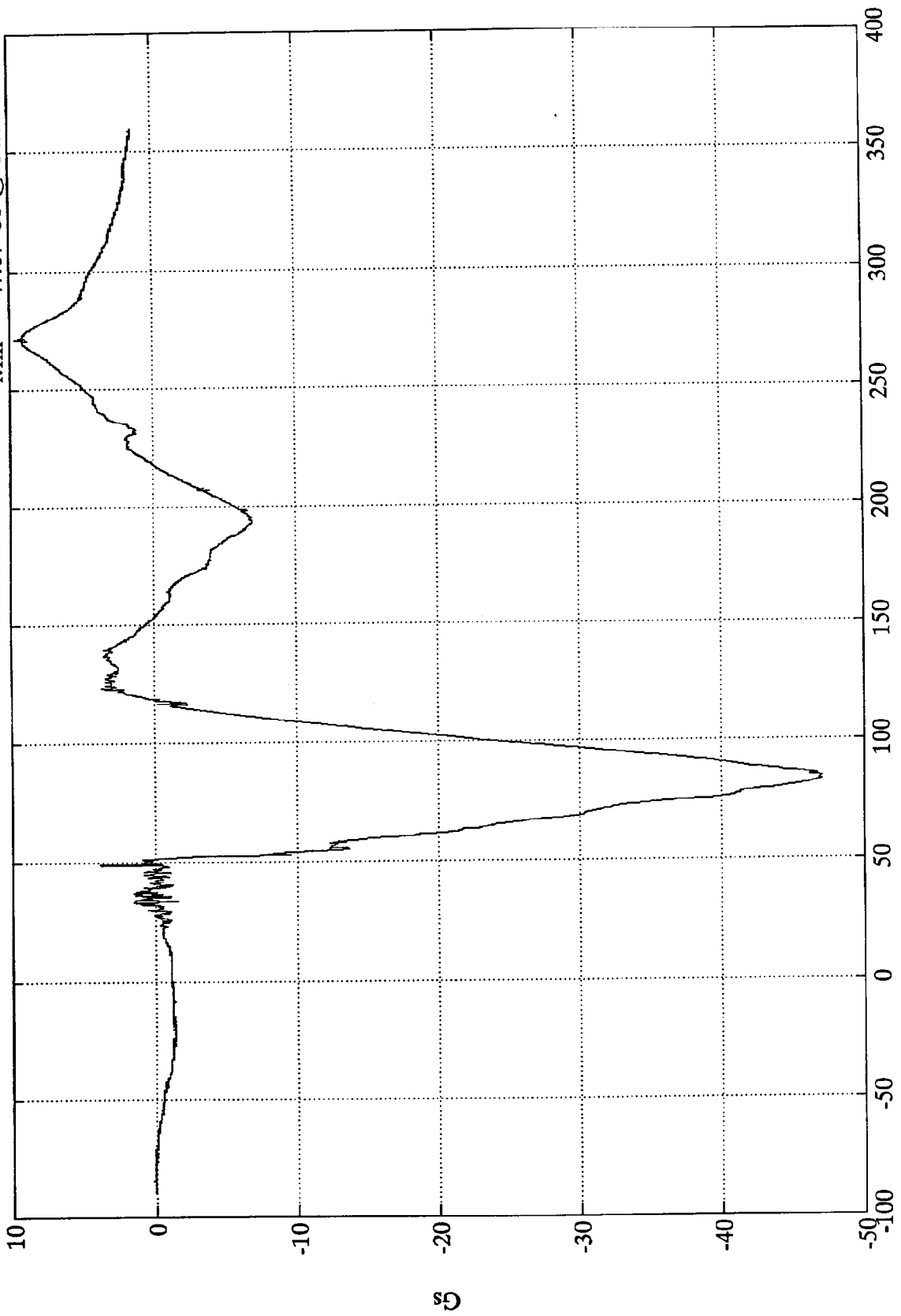


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Head X

Max = 9.66 Gs @ 271.20 msec
Min = -47.07 Gs @ 84.72 msec



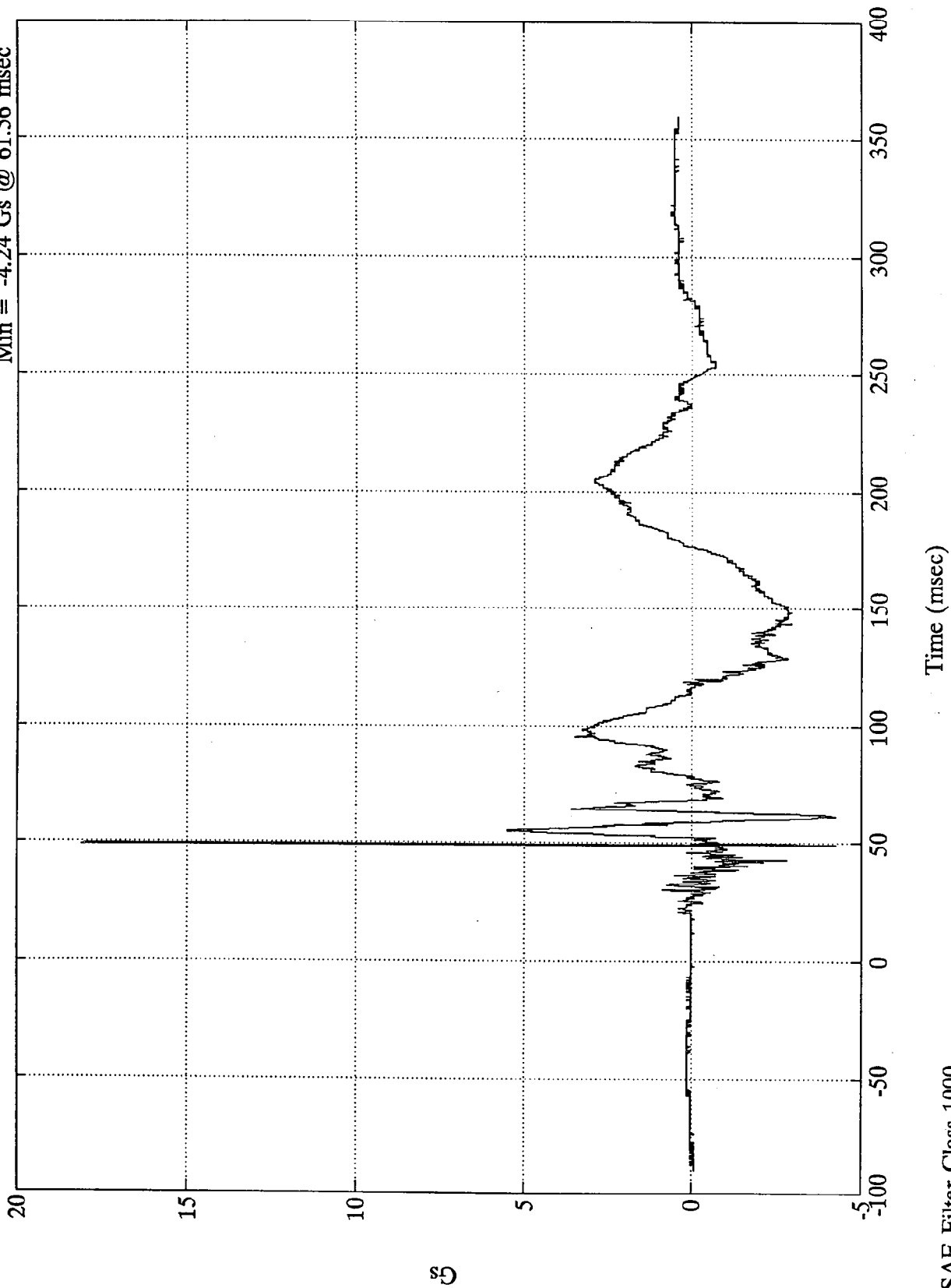
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 1000

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Head Y

Max = 18.09 Gs @ 49.08 msec
Min = -4.24 Gs @ 61.56 msec



SAE Filter Class 1000

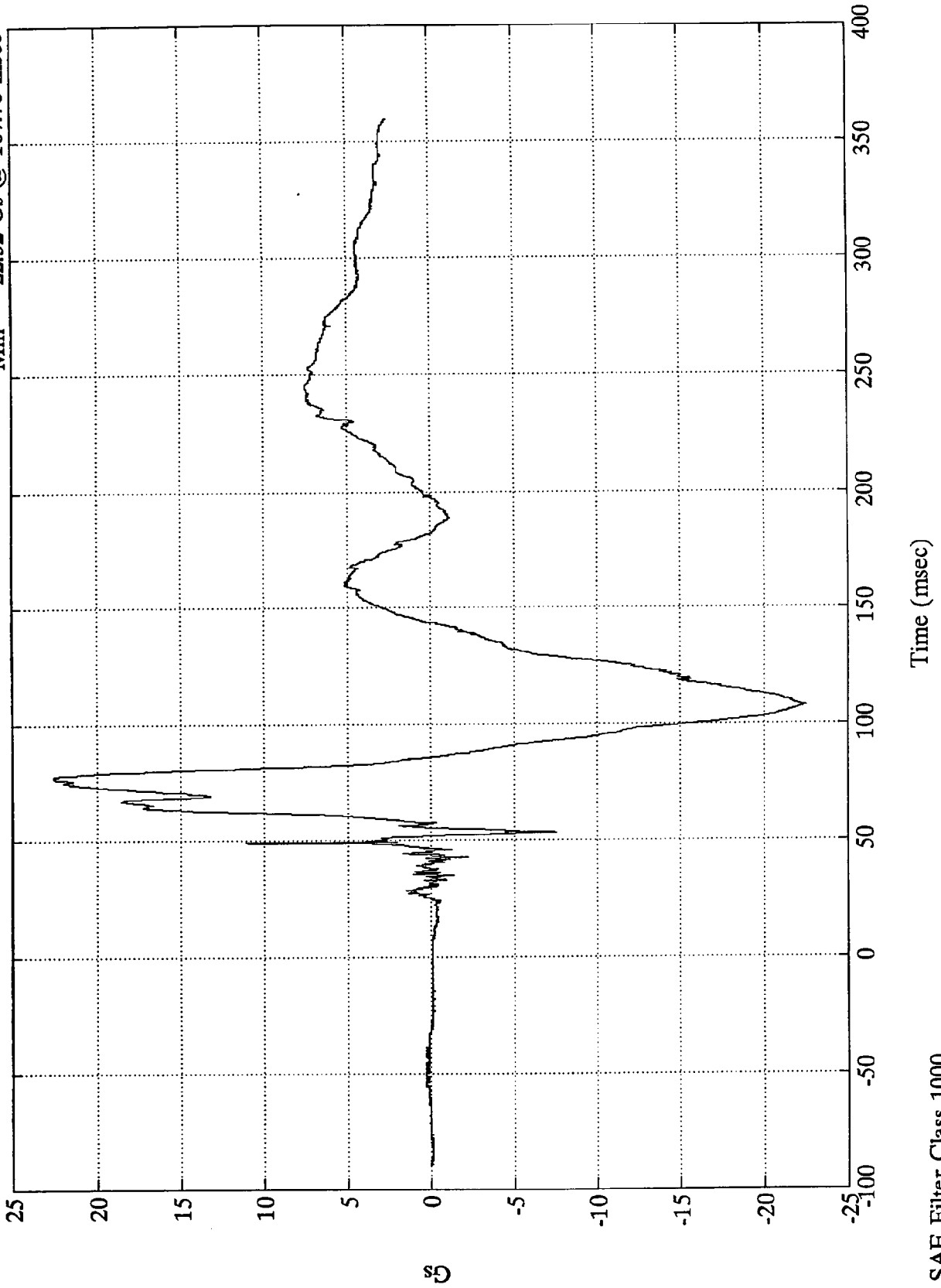
Time (msec)

Gs

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 22.57 Gs @ 78.12 msec
Min = -22.52 Gs @ 107.76 msec

Pos. 2 Head Z

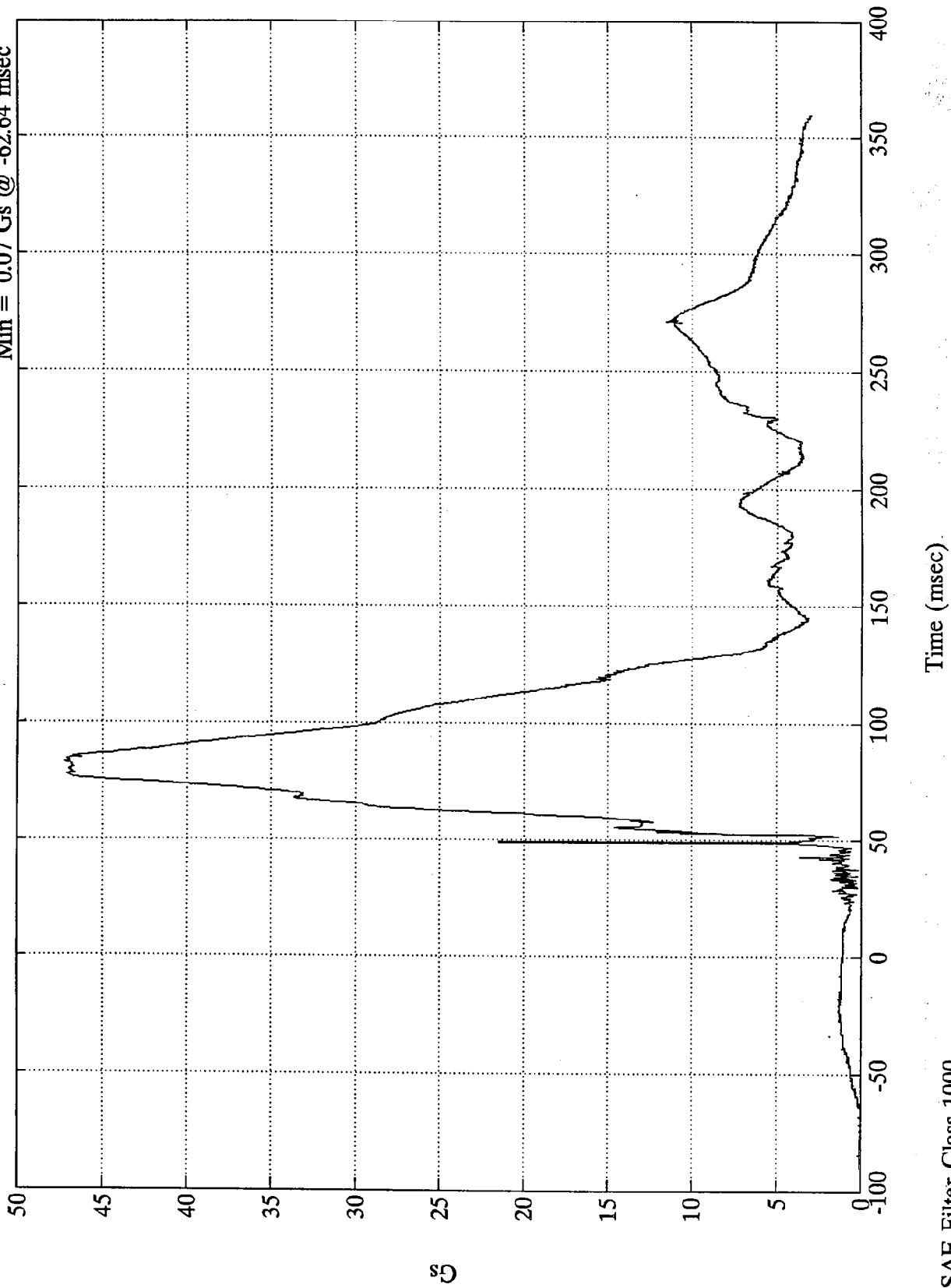


SAE Filter Class 1000

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Head Resultant

Max = 47.21 Gs @ 83.28 msec
Min = 0.07 Gs @ -62.64 msec

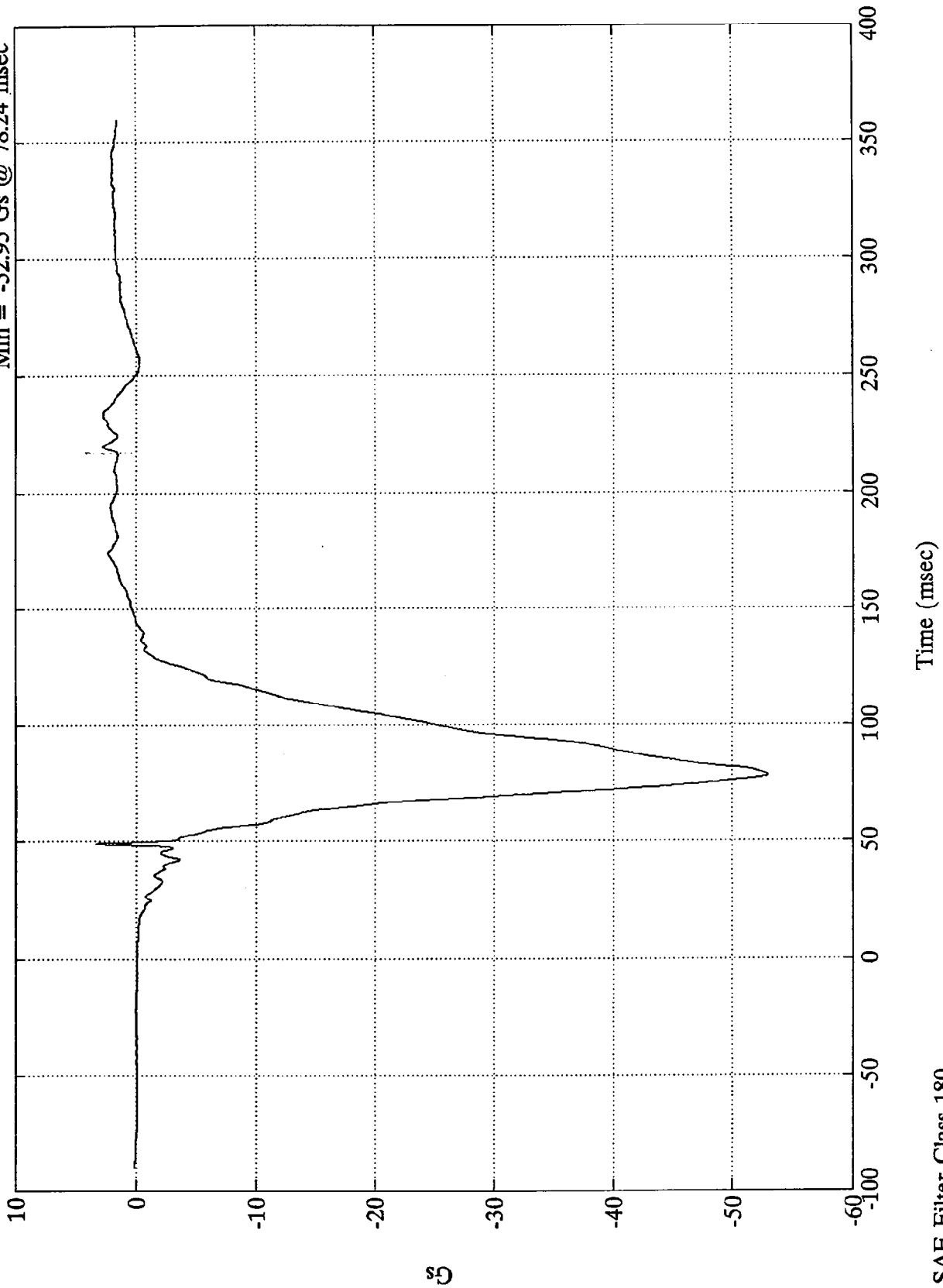


SAE Filter Class 1000

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Chest X

Max = 3.37 Gs @ 49.08 msec
Min = -52.95 Gs @ 78.24 msec



SAE Filter Class 180

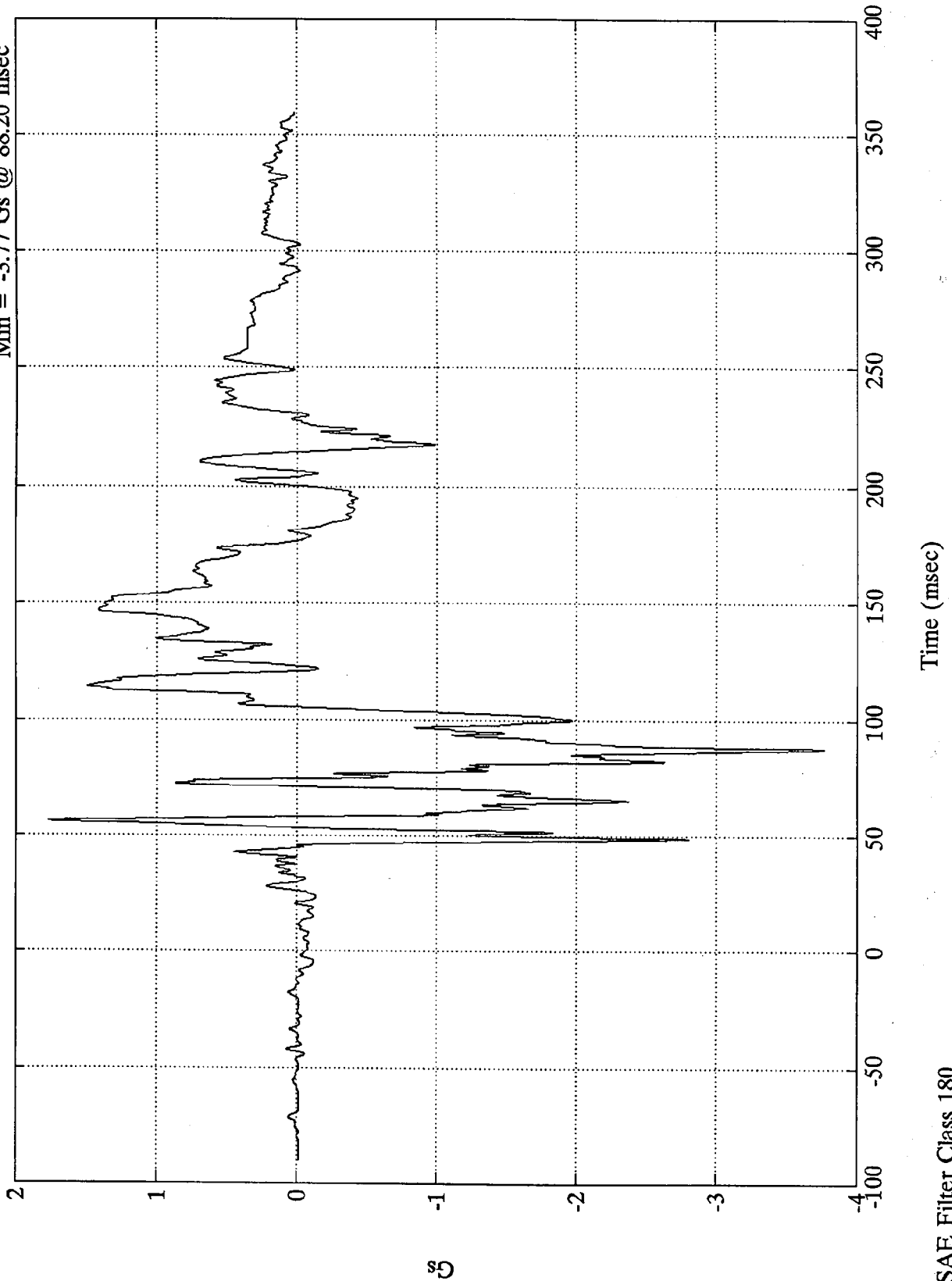
Gs

Time (msec)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Chest Y

Max = 1.77 Gs @ 56.52 msec
Min = -3.77 Gs @ 88.20 msec



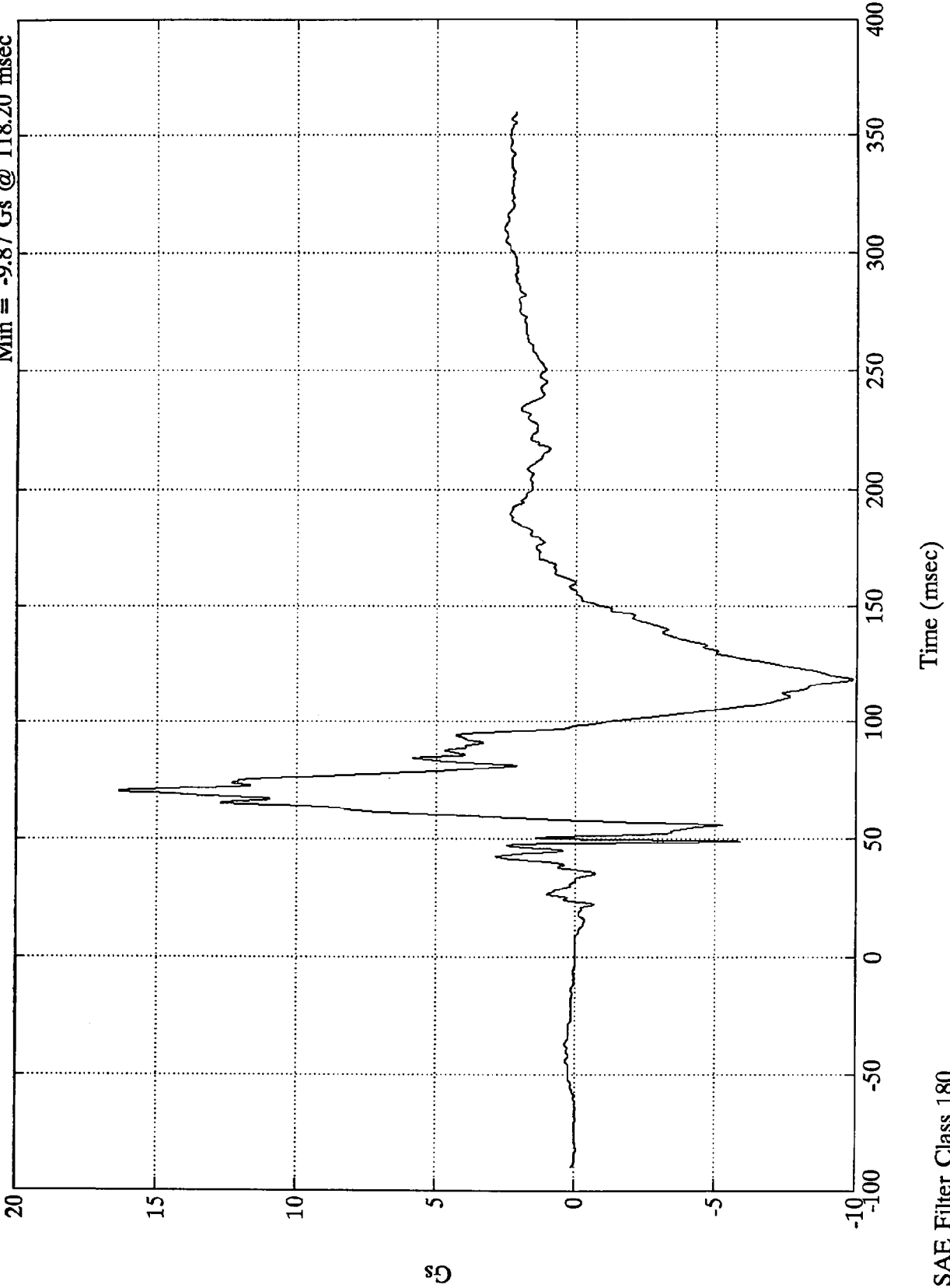
SAE Filter Class 180

Time (msec)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Chest Z

Max = 16.35 Gs @ 70.68 msec
Min = -9.87 Gs @ 118.20 msec

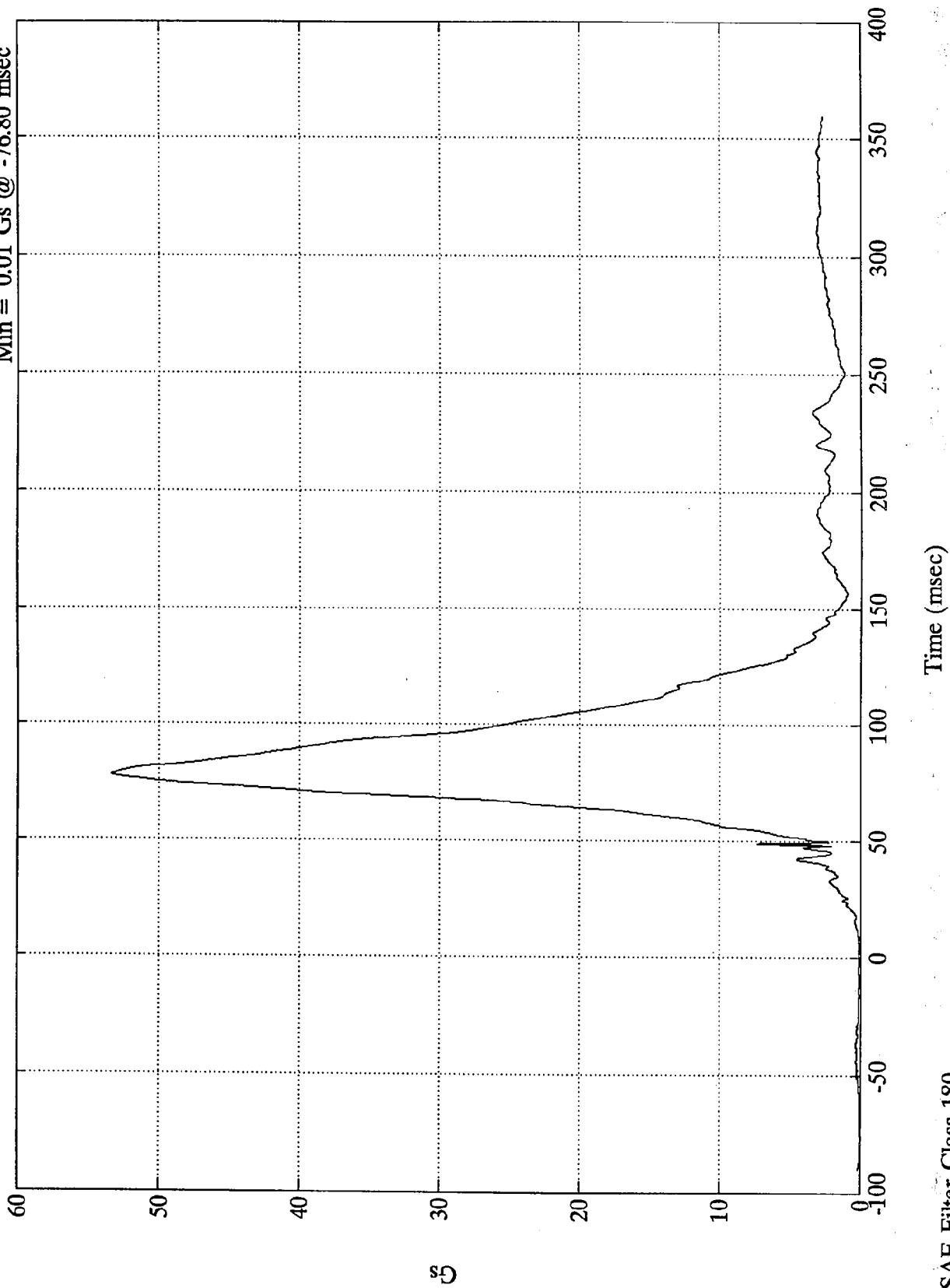


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Chest Resultant

Max = 53.36 Gs @ 78.12 msec
Min = 0.01 Gs @ -76.80 msec

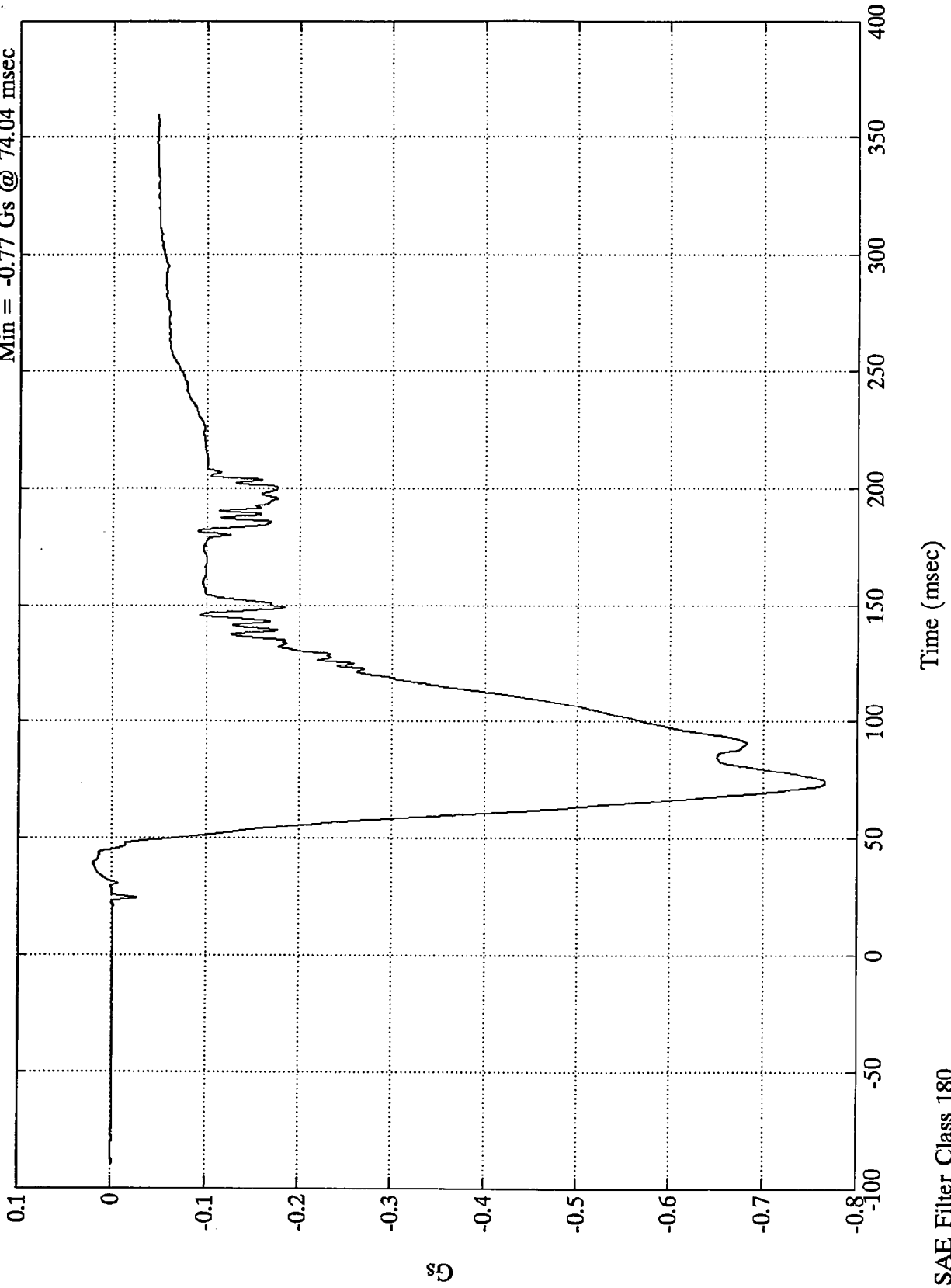


SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Chest Displacement

Max = 0.02 Gs @ 39.36 msec
Min = -0.77 Gs @ 74.04 msec



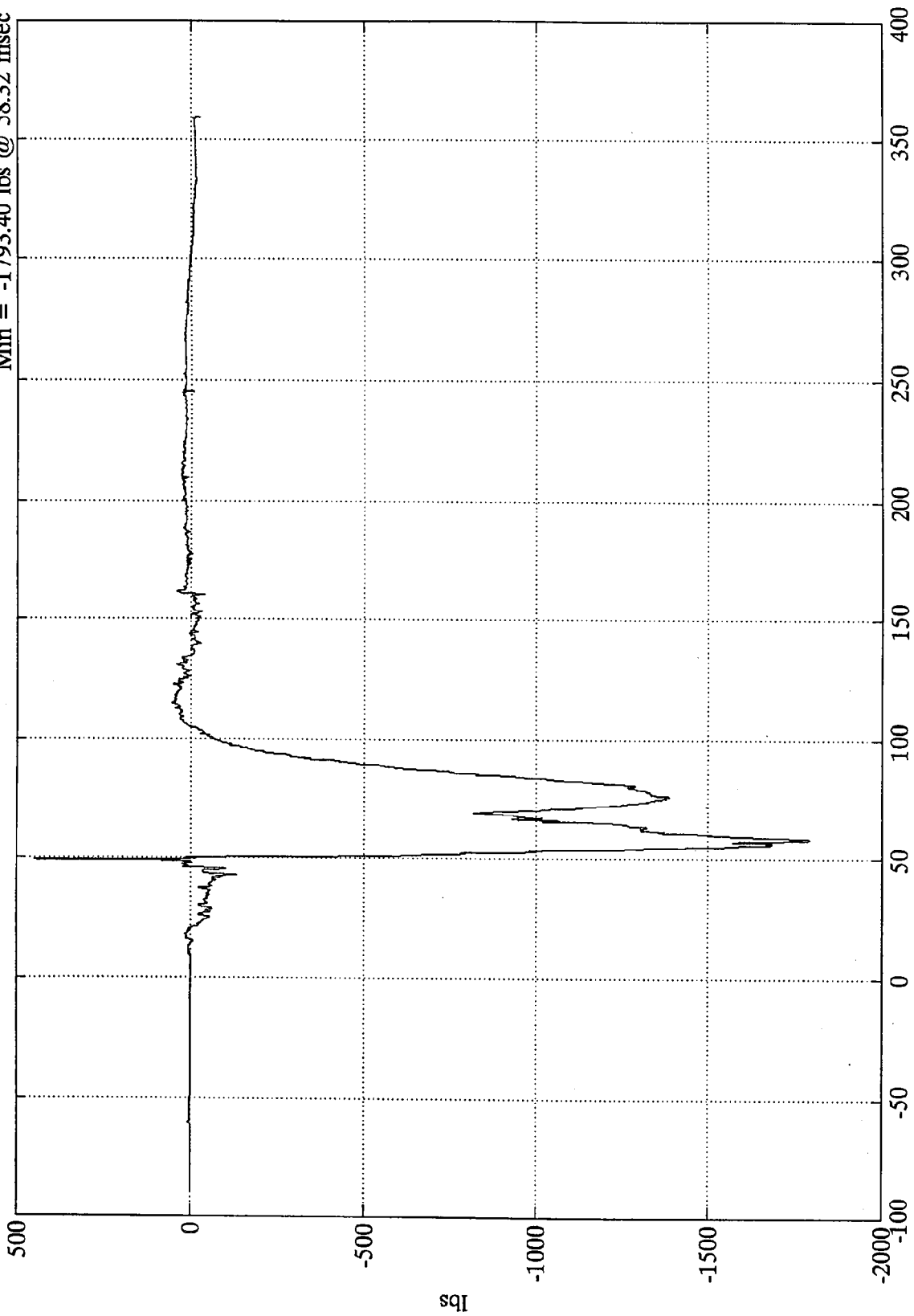
SAE Filter Class 180

59

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Left Femur

Max = 450.63 lbs @ 49.20 msec
Min = -1793.40 lbs @ 58.32 msec



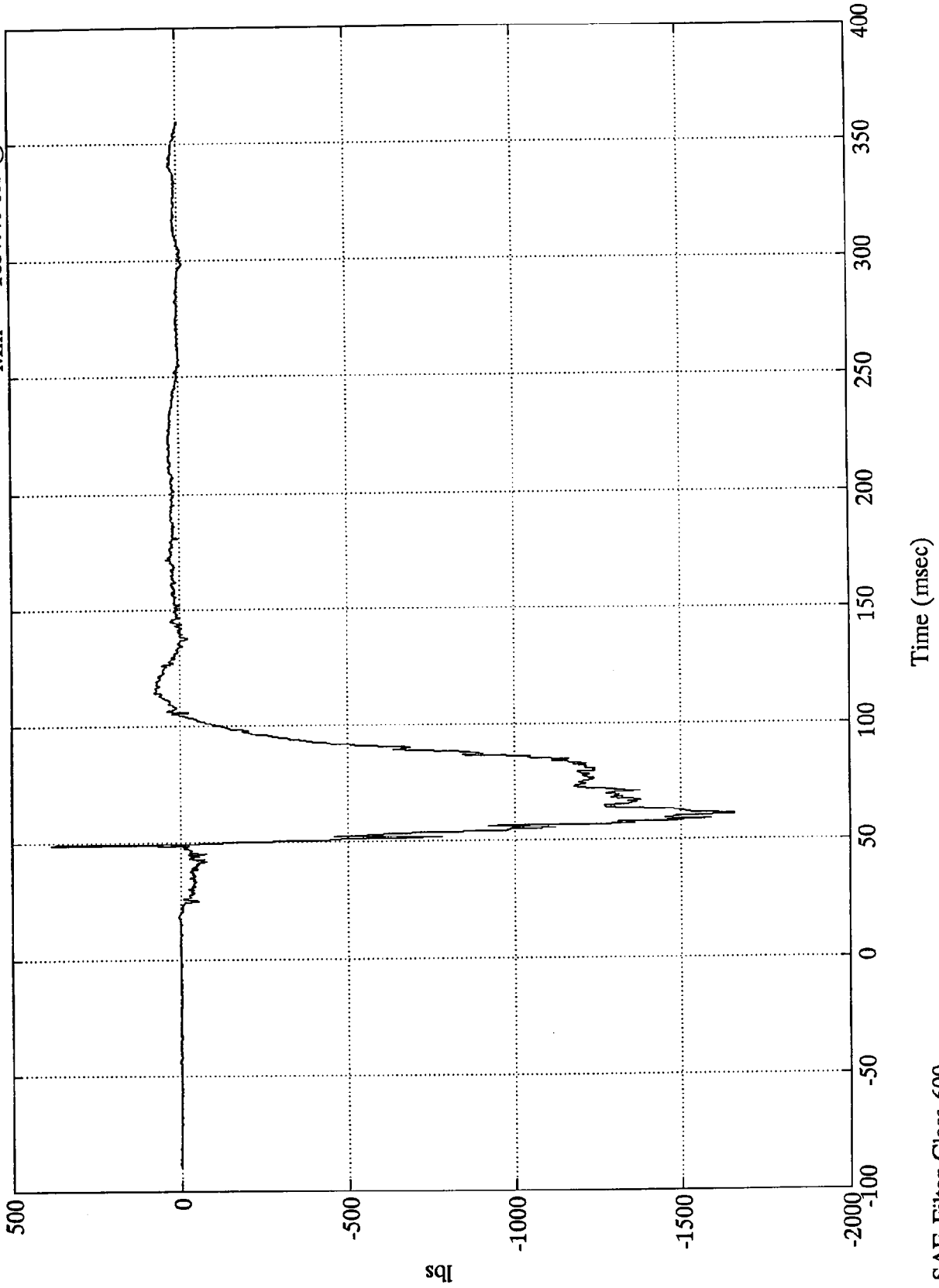
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Right Femur

Max = 382.17 lbs @ 49.08 msec
Min = -1657.40 lbs @ 60.96 msec

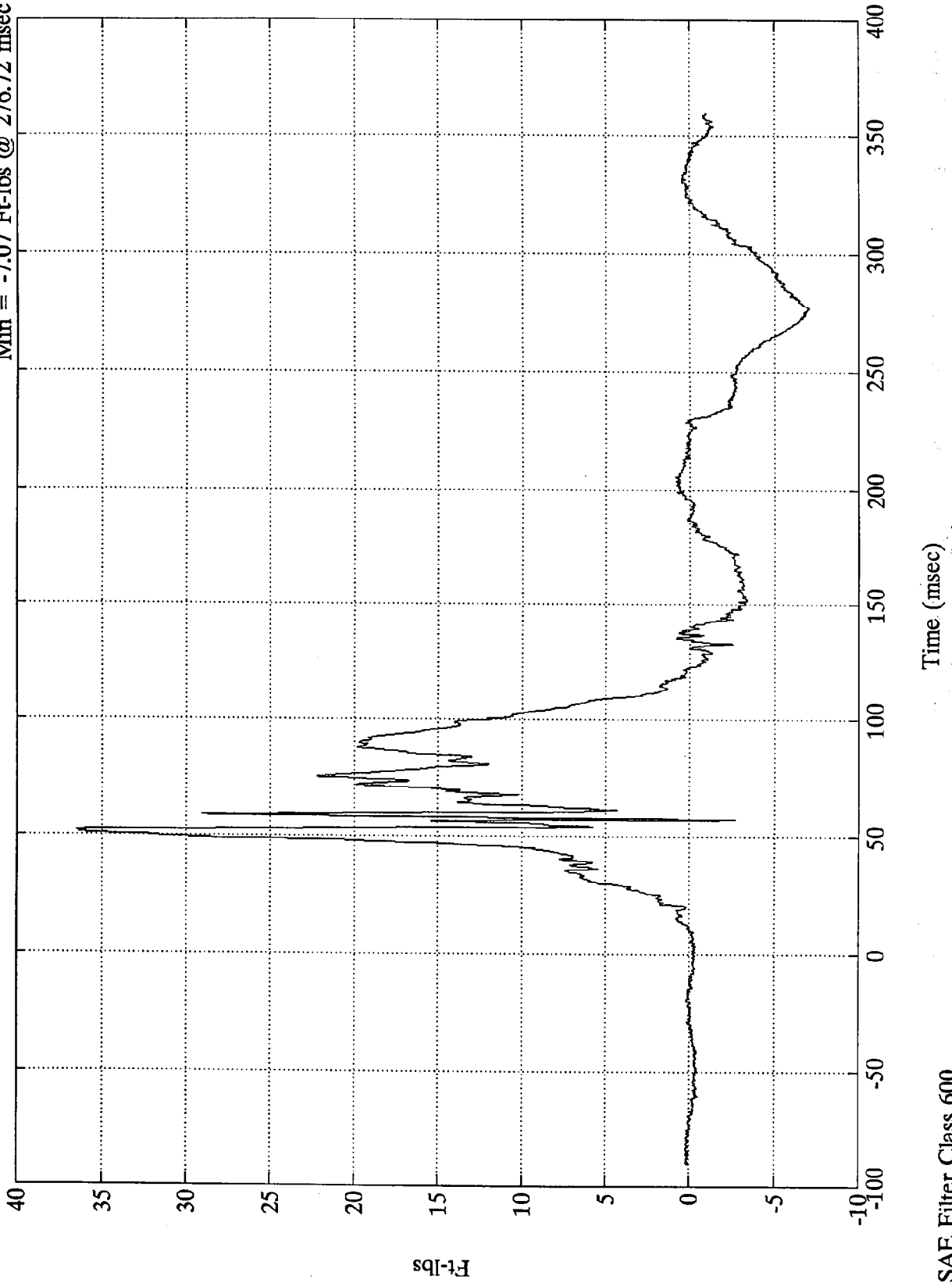


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Left Upper Tibia Mx

Max = 36.48 Ft-lbs @ 52.20 msec
Min = -7.07 Ft-lbs @ 276.72 msec

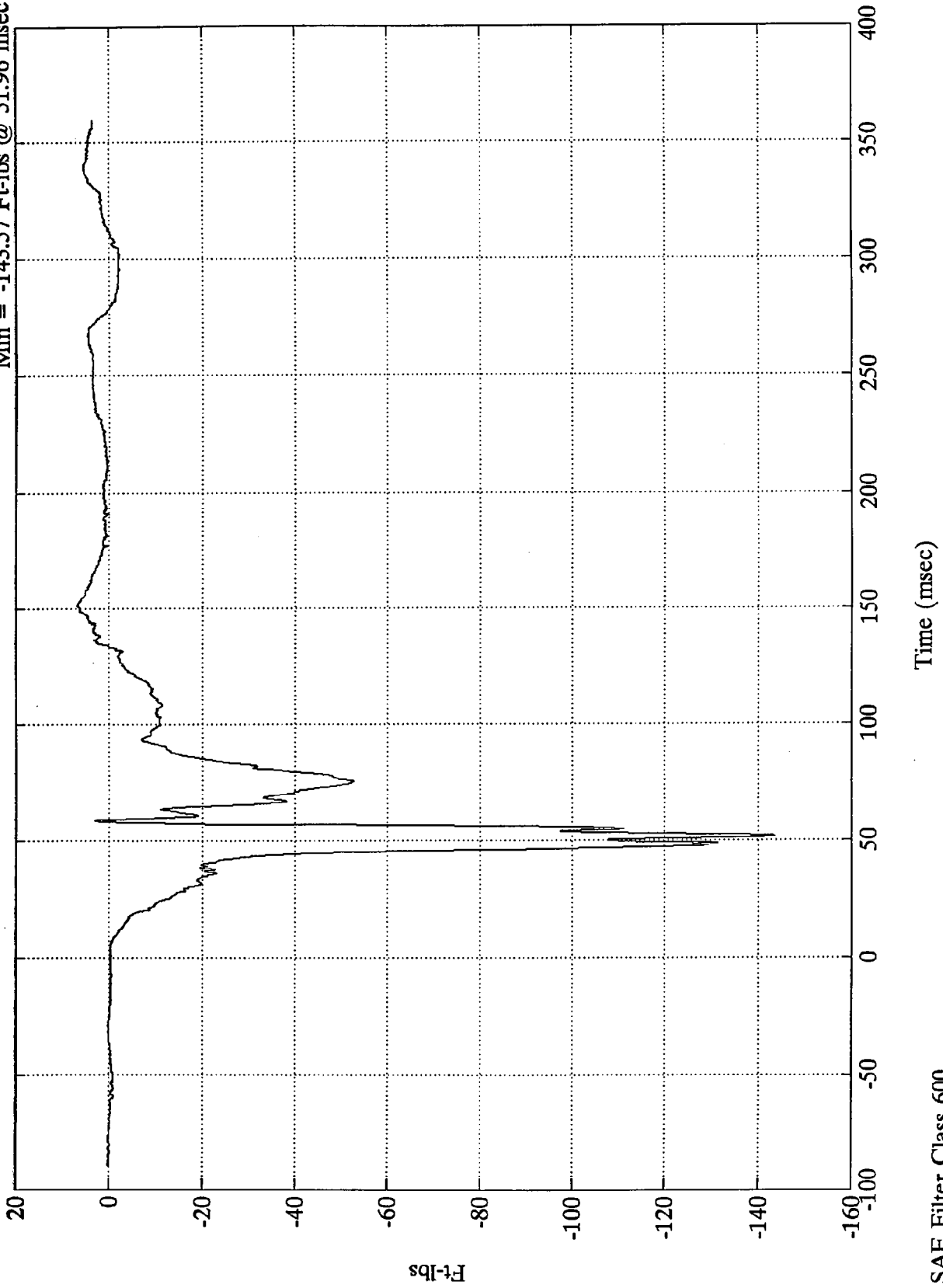


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 • 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Left Upper Tibia My

Max = 6.85 Ft-lbs @ 151.20 msec
Min = -143.57 Ft-lbs @ 51.96 msec

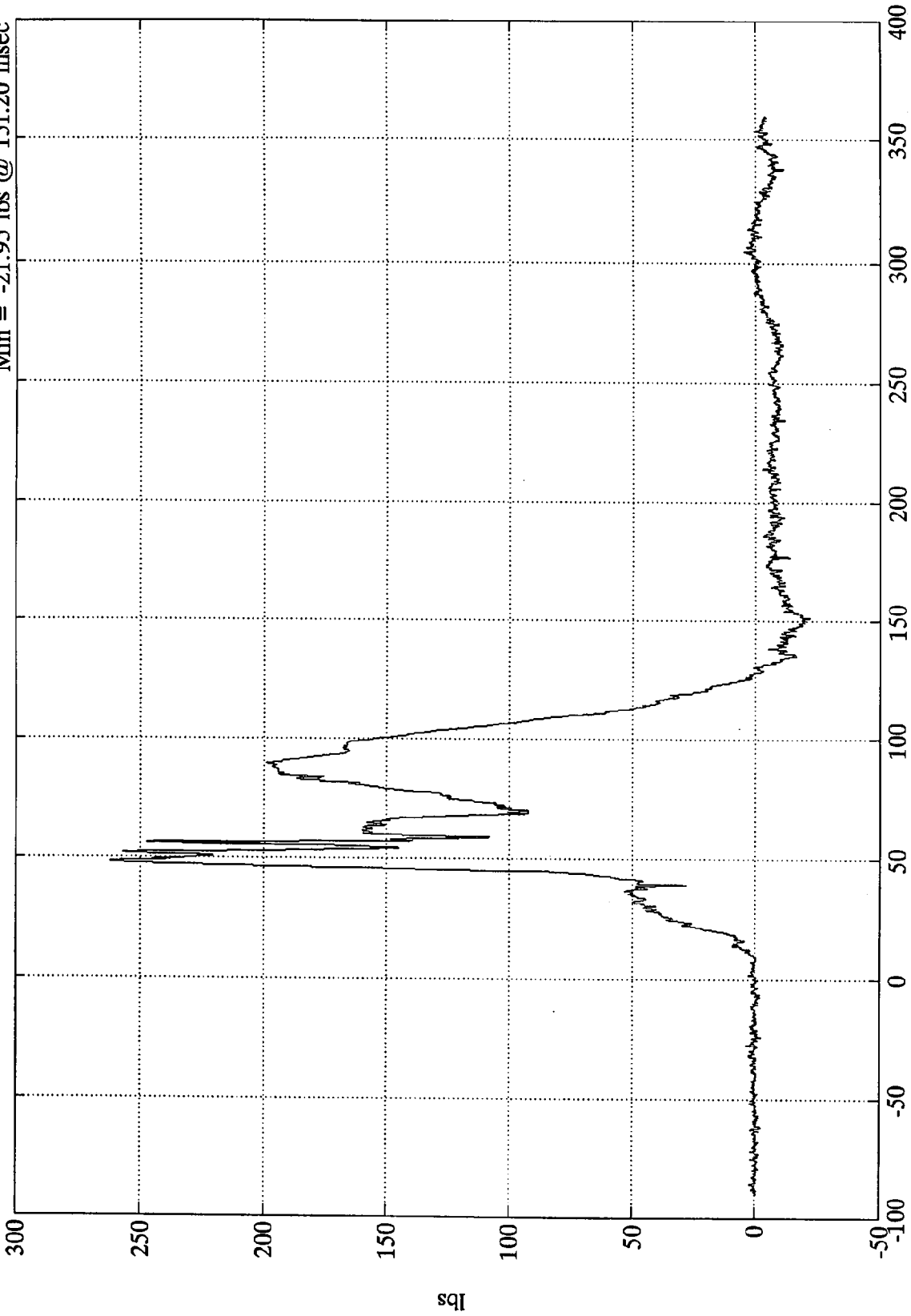


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Left Lower Tibia Fx

Max = 262.13 lbs @ 48.48 msec
Min = -21.95 lbs @ 151.20 msec



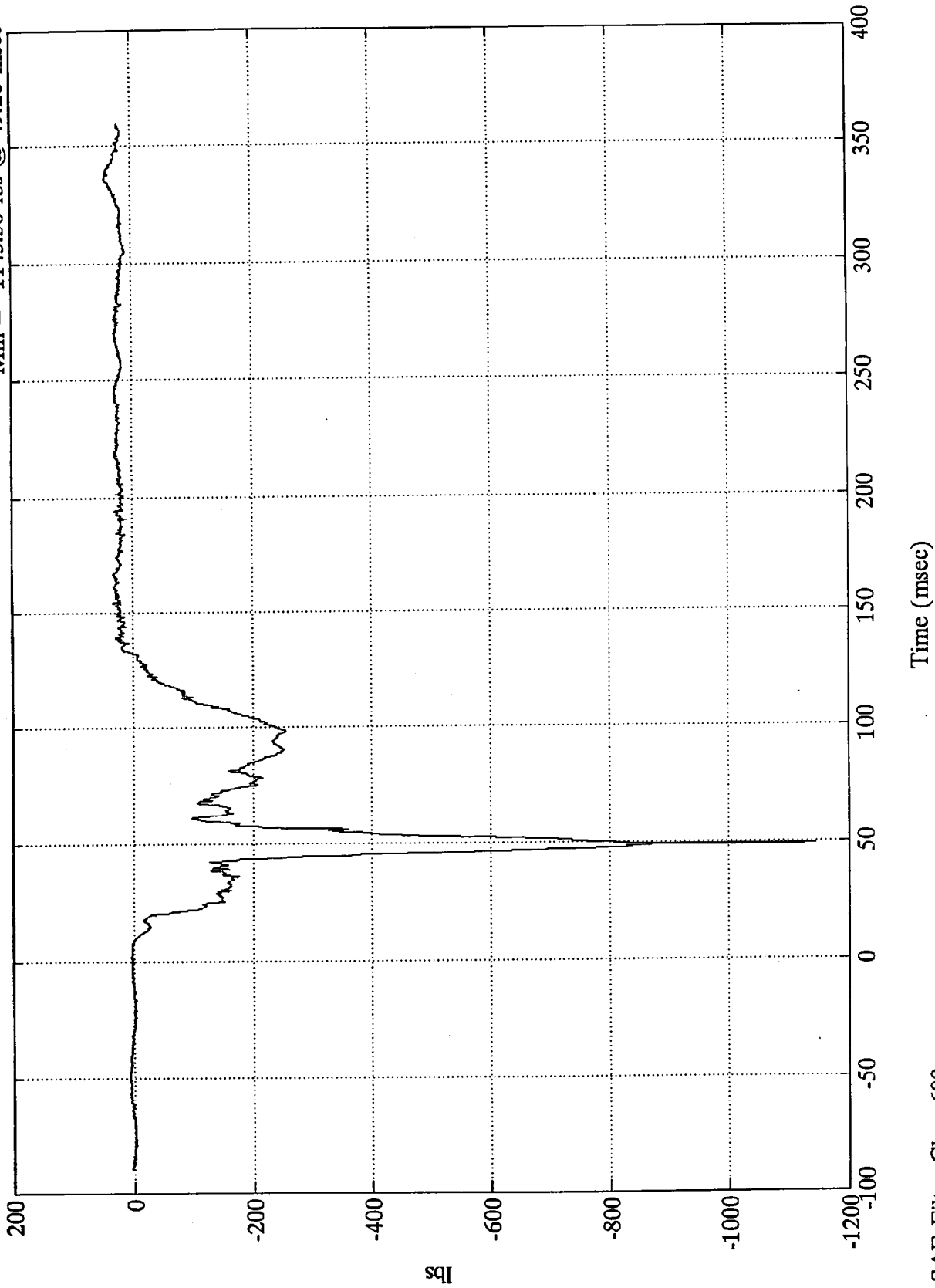
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Left Lower Tibia Fz

Max = 43.50 lbs @ 336.12 msec
Min = -1143.30 lbs @ 49.20 msec

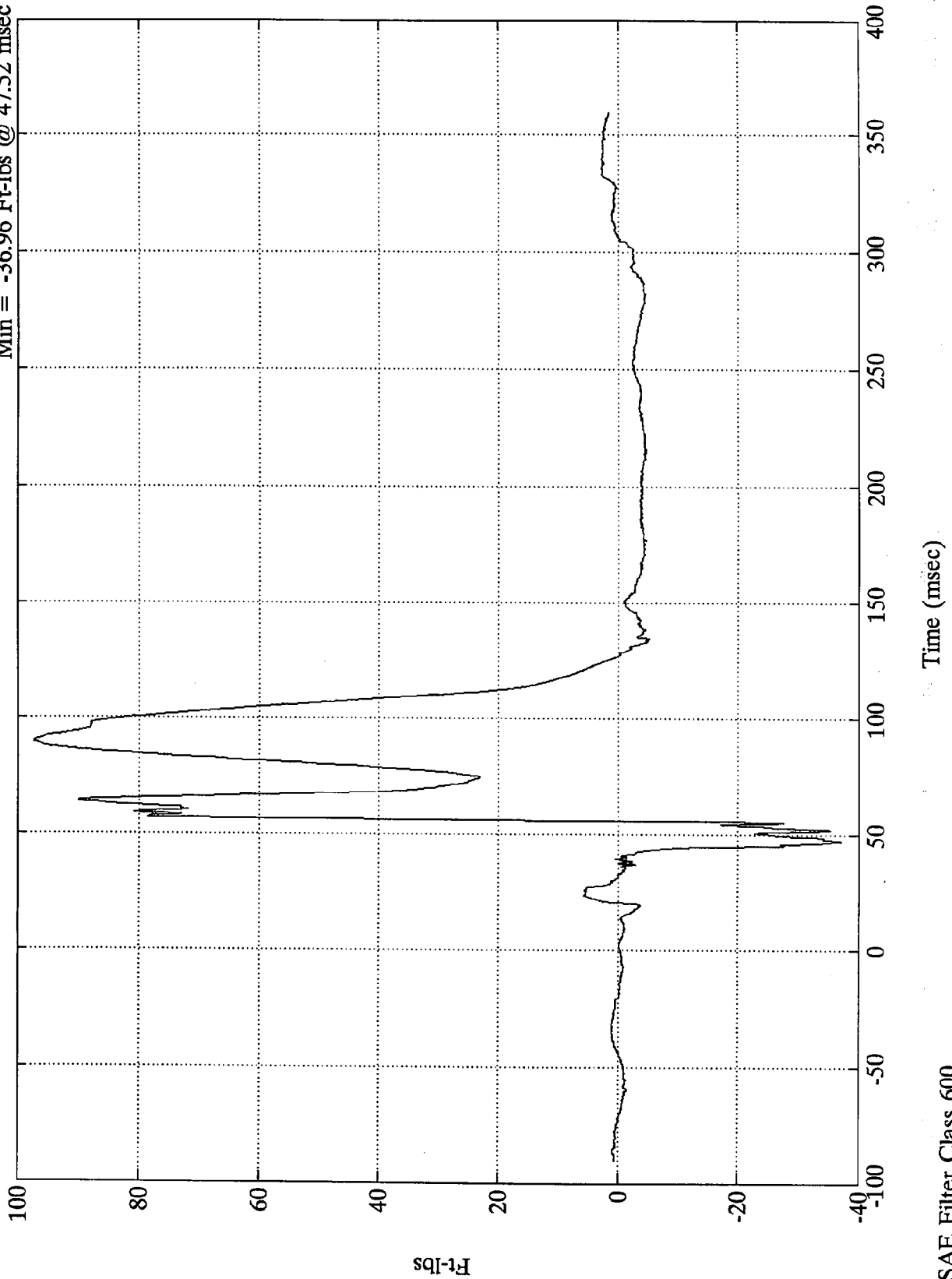


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Left Lower Tibia My

Max = 97.42 Ft-lbs @ 89.76 msec
Min = -36.96 Ft-lbs @ 47.52 msec



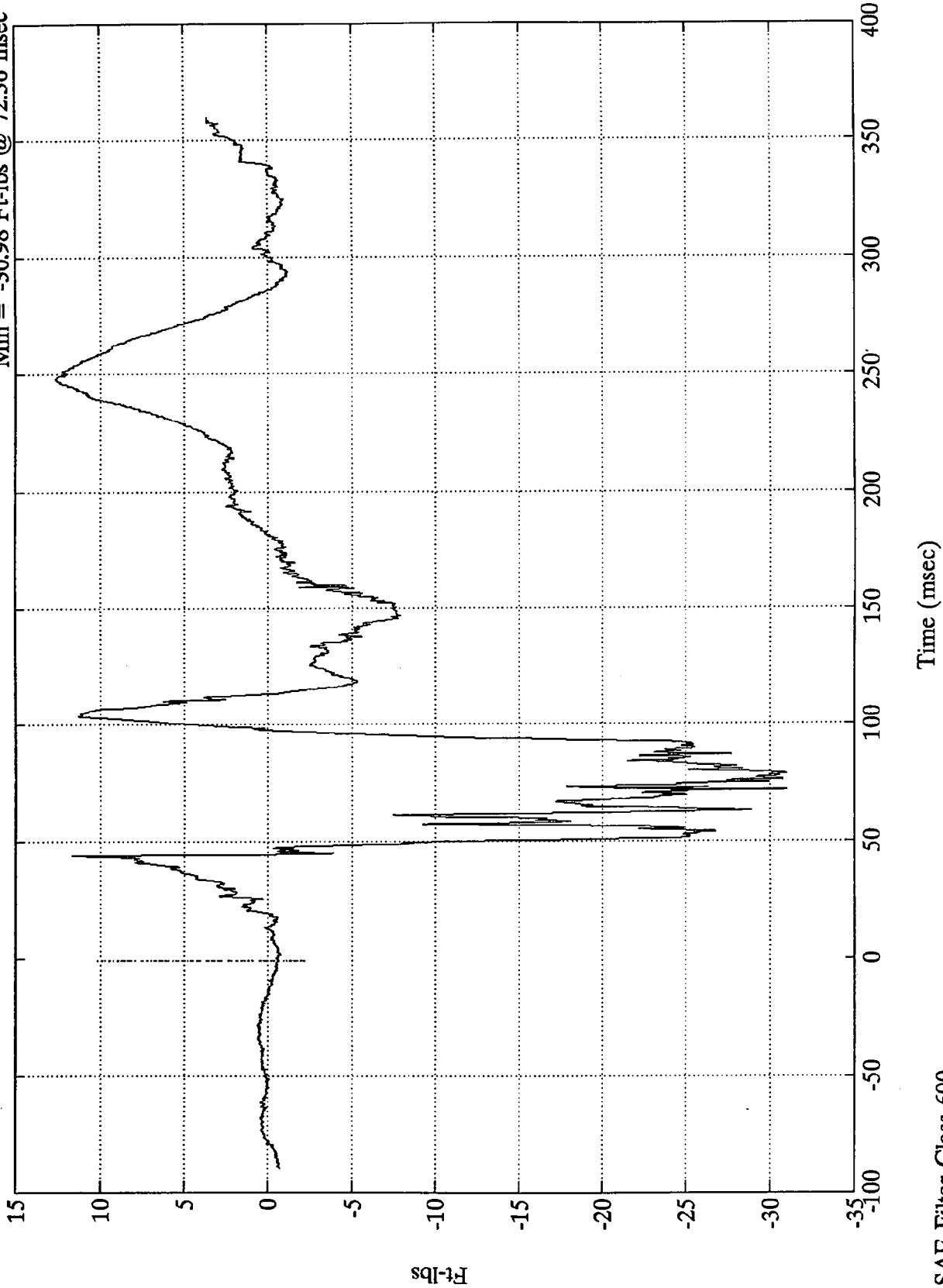
SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Right Upper Tibia Mx

Max = 12.66 Ft-lbs @ 248.04 msec

Min = -30.98 Ft-lbs @ 72.36 msec

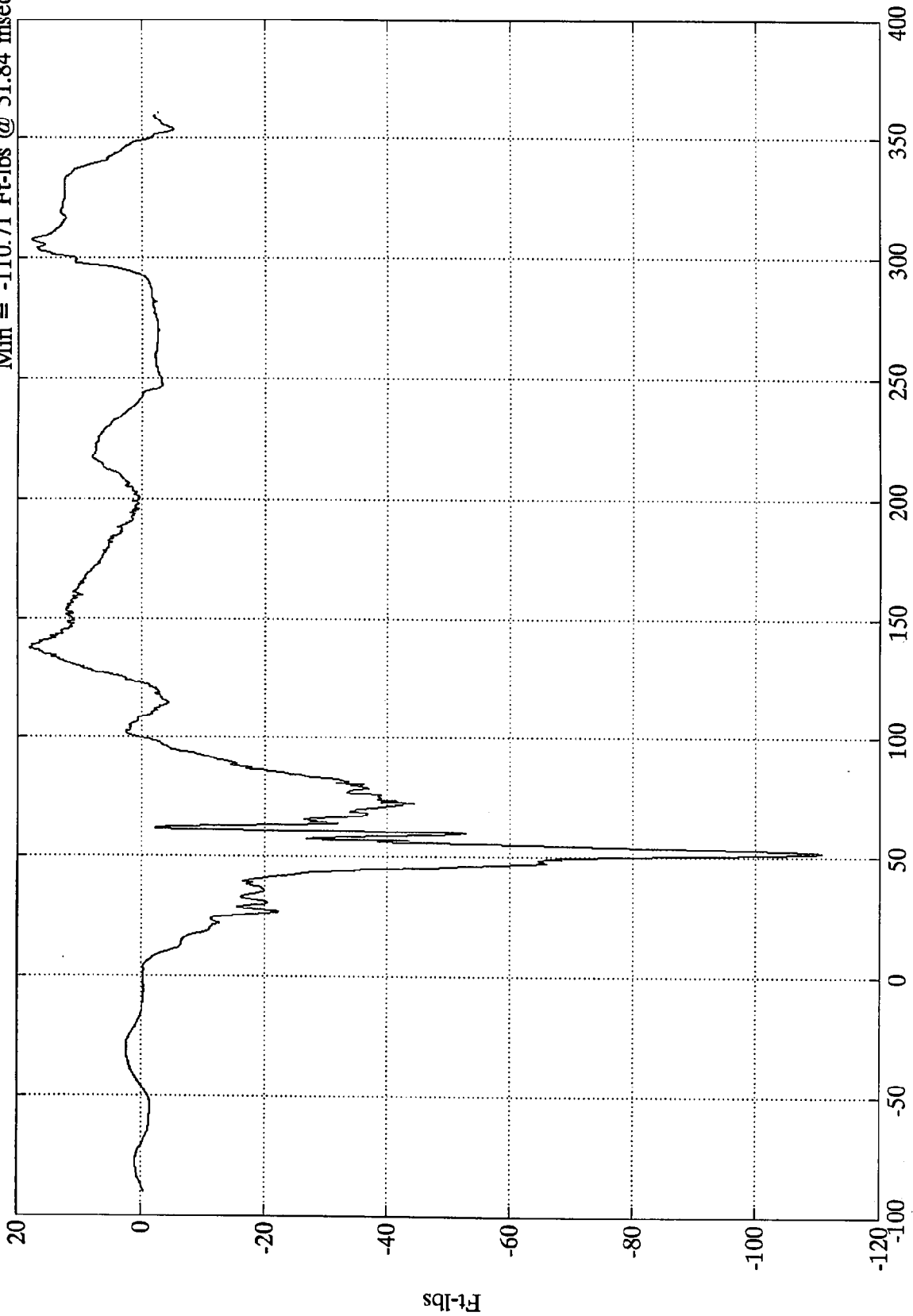


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Right Upper Tibia My

Max = 18.03 Ft-lbs @ 137.88 msec
Min = -110.71 Ft-lbs @ 51.84 msec



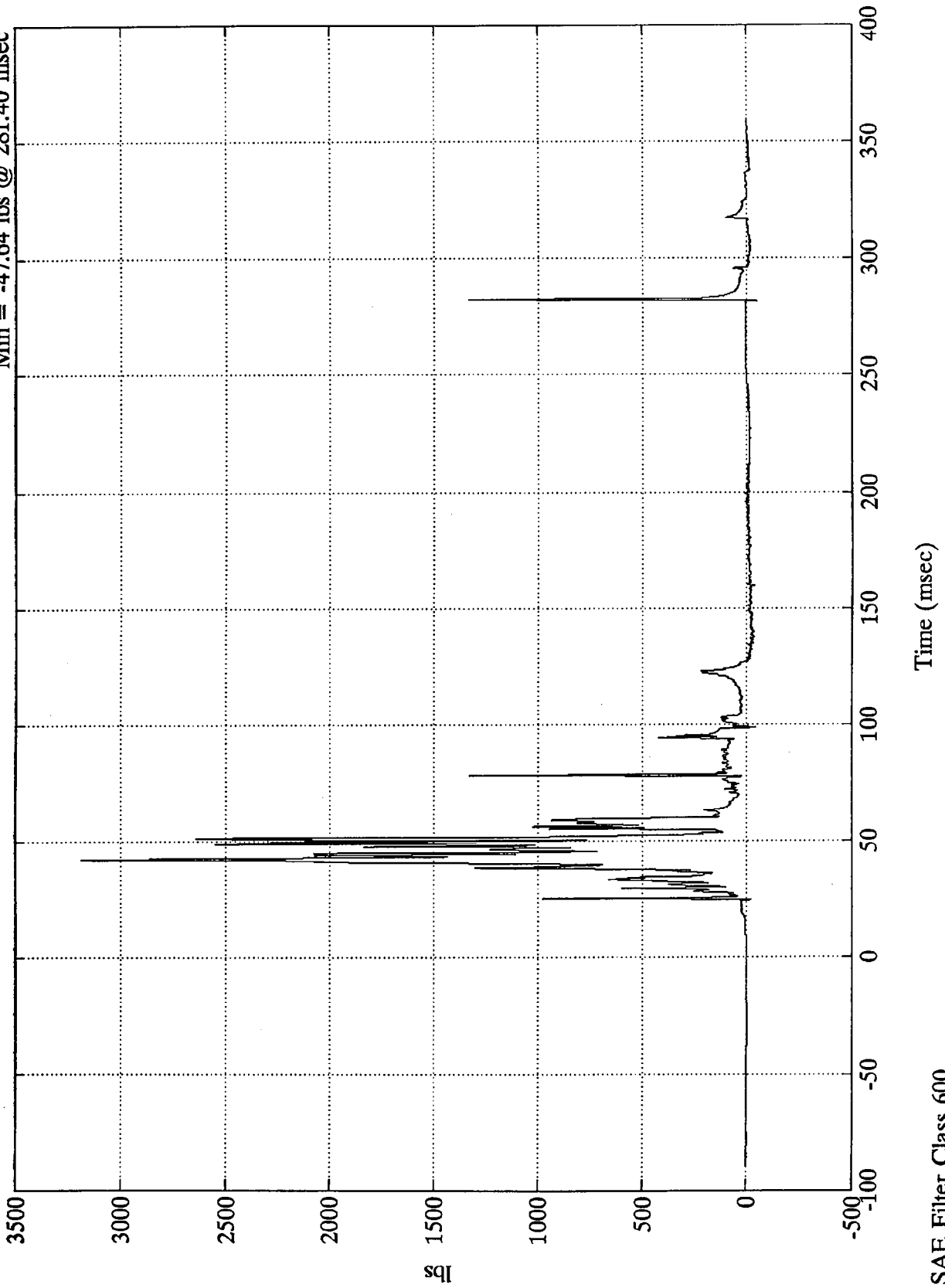
Time (msec)

SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Right Lower Tibia Fx

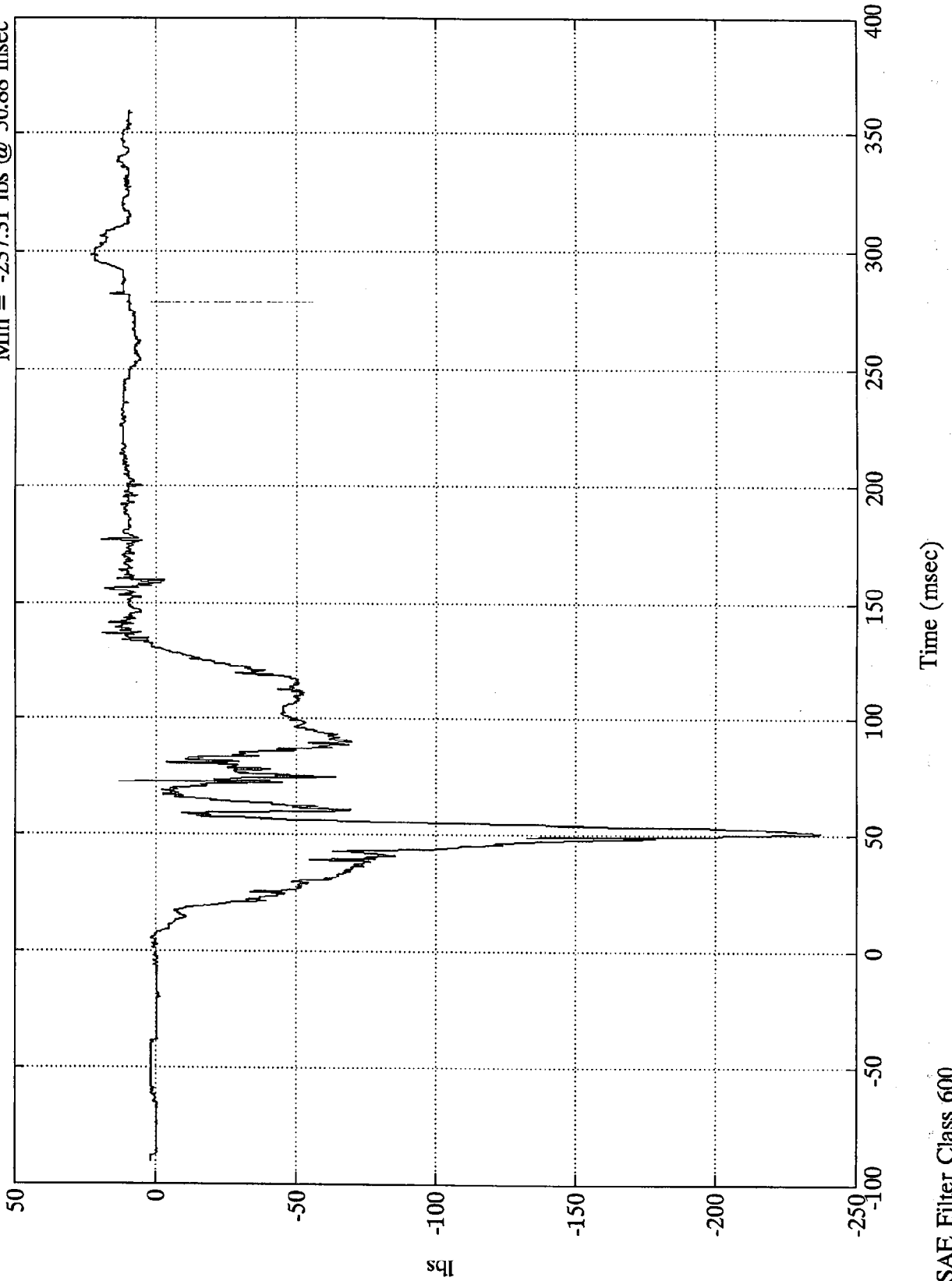
Max = 3187.60 lbs @ 42.36 msec
Min = -47.64 lbs @ 281.40 msec



FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Right Lower Tibia Fz

Max = 23.14 lbs @ 298.56 msec
Min = -237.31 lbs @ 50.88 msec

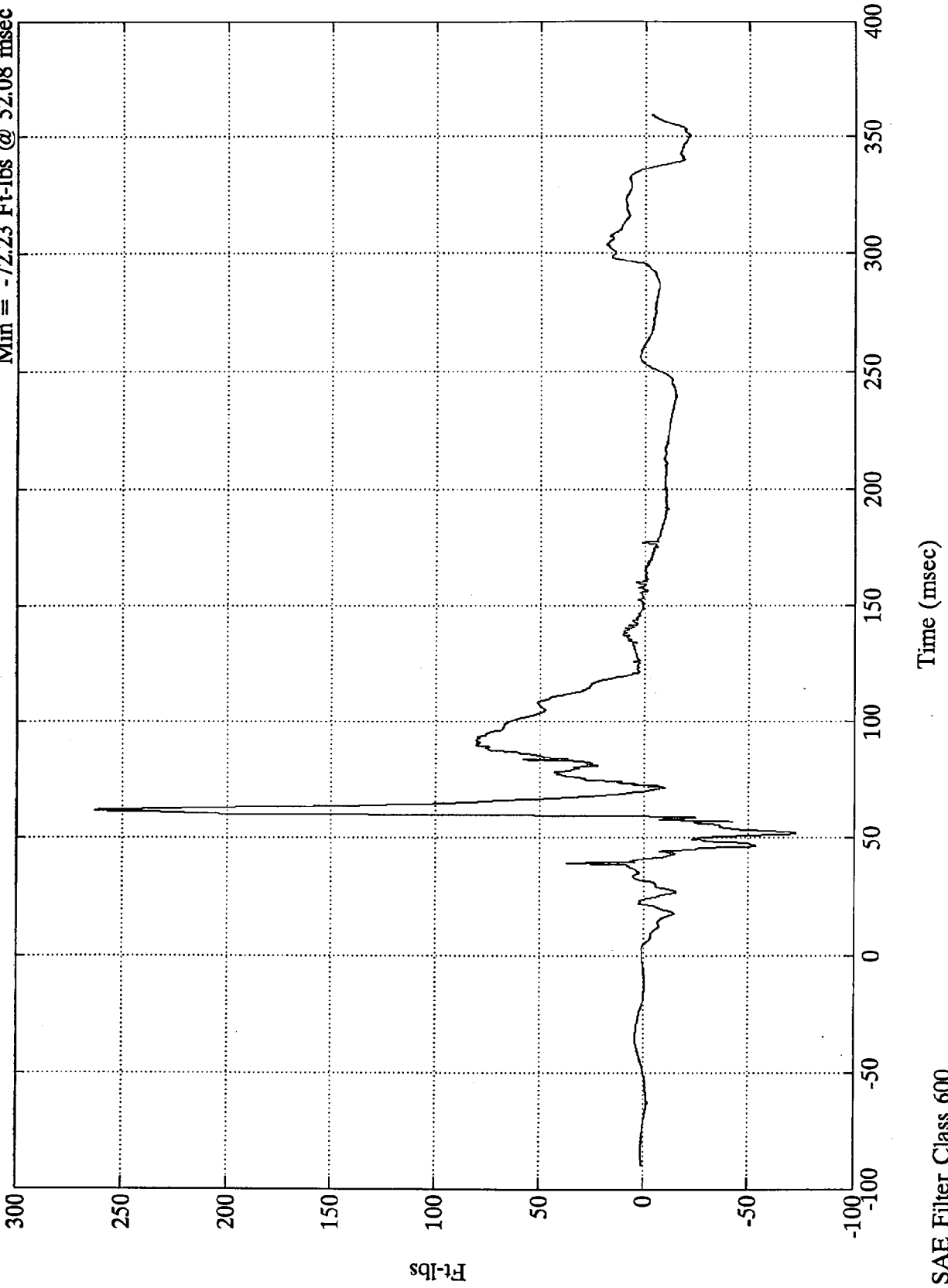


SAE Filter Class 600

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Pos. 2 Right Lower Tibia My

Max = 262.80 Ft-lbs @ 62.04 msec
Min = -72.23 Ft-lbs @ 52.08 msec



SAE Filter Class 600

Appendix C

DUMMY RESPONSE DATA (Rear seat 3 year old)

FACILITY: track
RUN #: 1625
SERIES #: 1

TEST DATE: 22 May 1996
TEST TIME: 10:05:55
BOARD: D

TITLE: 208 Test #7 - 1996 Dodge Intrepid

CHANNEL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	ENGR UNIT	MAXIMUM		MINIMUM		FILTER CLASS
			AMP	msec	AMP	msec	
1	3 Yr Old Head X	Gs	40.7	197.8	-18.7	112.1	1000.0
2	3 Yr Old Head Y	Gs	2.2	359.9	-5.1	194.9	1000.0
3	3 Yr Old Head Z	Gs	50.3	93.0	-4.9	195.7	1000.0
4	NULL	Gs	.0	359.9	.0	359.9	1000.0
5	3 Yr Old Chest X	Gs	1.8	163.9	-2.2	144.5	180.0
6	3 Yr Old Chest Y	Gs	12.6	94.6	-26.9	73.9	180.0
7	3 Yr Old Chest Z	Gs	7.1	150.2	-31.5	75.7	180.0
8	NULL	in	.0	359.9	.0	359.9	1000.0
17	3 Yr Old Head Res	Gs	50.9	93.0	.1	-67.8	1000.0
18	3 Yr Old Chest Res	Gs	40.8	74.3	.1	-73.4	180.0

Full Duration HIC SUMMARY: 3 Yr Old Head Res

hic: 340.85
t1 = 66.000 msec
t2 = 215.760 msec
Average G's Over Hic Duration = 22.02

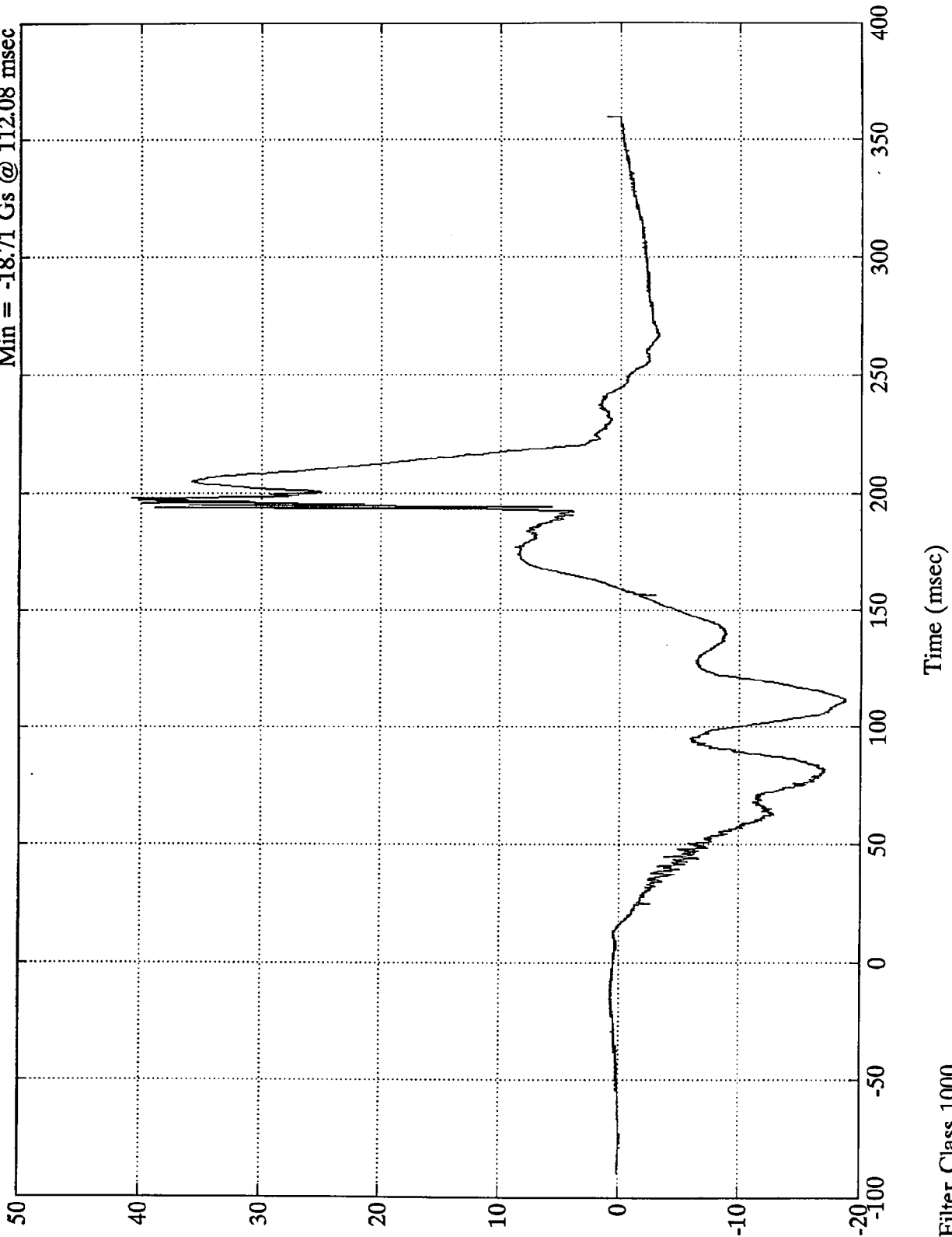
CLIP SUMMARY: 3 Yr Old Chest Res

Peak Resultant (3 ms CLIPPED DURATION) = 39.749 G's
Tstart = 72.3600 ms
Tend = 75.4800 ms
CSI = 265.766

FMVSS 208 • 1996 DODGE INTREPID

3 Yr Old Head X

Max = 40.74 Gs @ 197.76 msec
Min = -18.71 Gs @ 112.08 msec



SAE Filter Class 1000

85

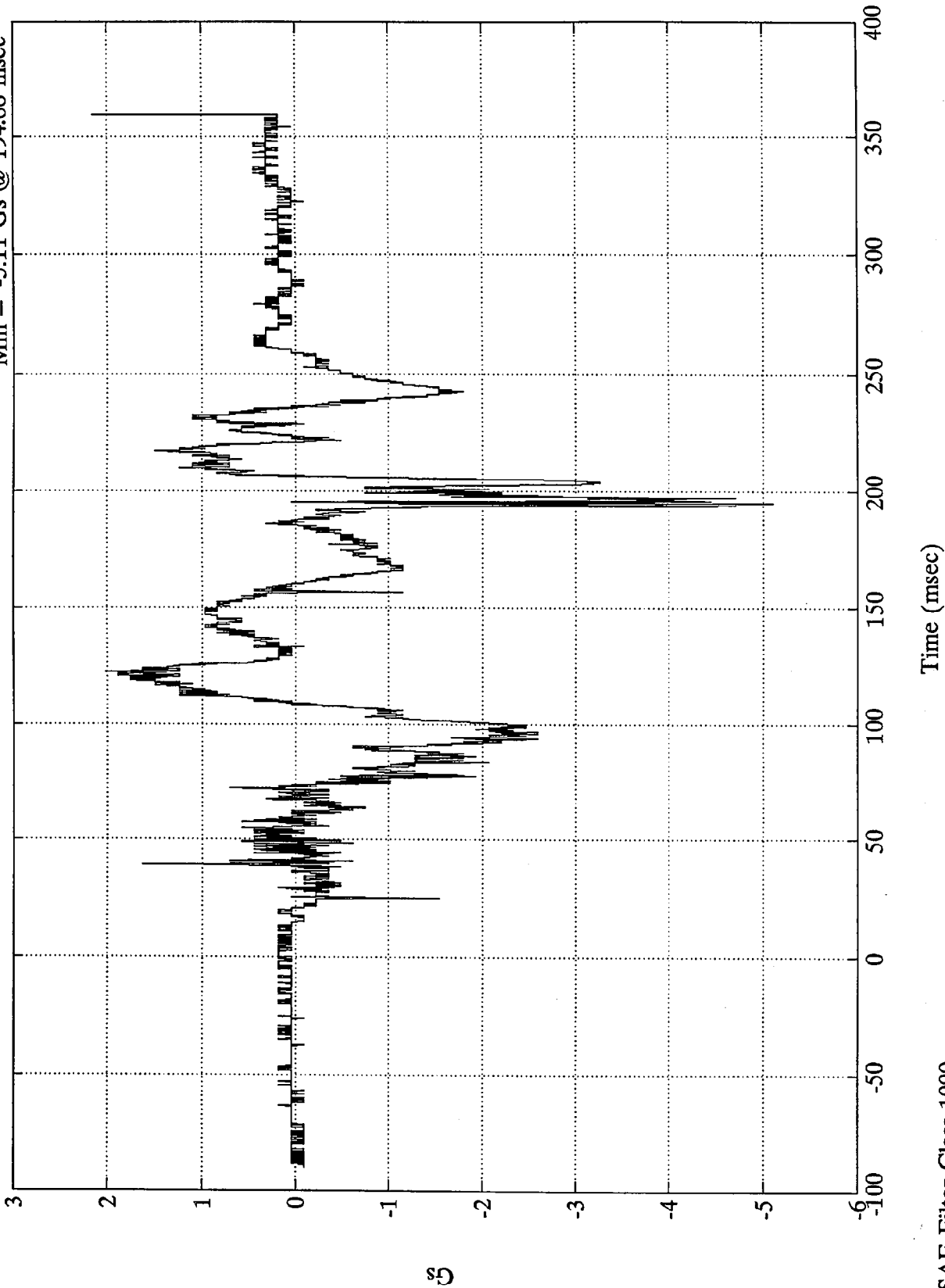
C-3

8353-6

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

3 Yr Old Head Y

Max = 2.16 Gs @ 359.88 msec
Min = -5.11 Gs @ 194.88 msec



Gs

C4

8353-6

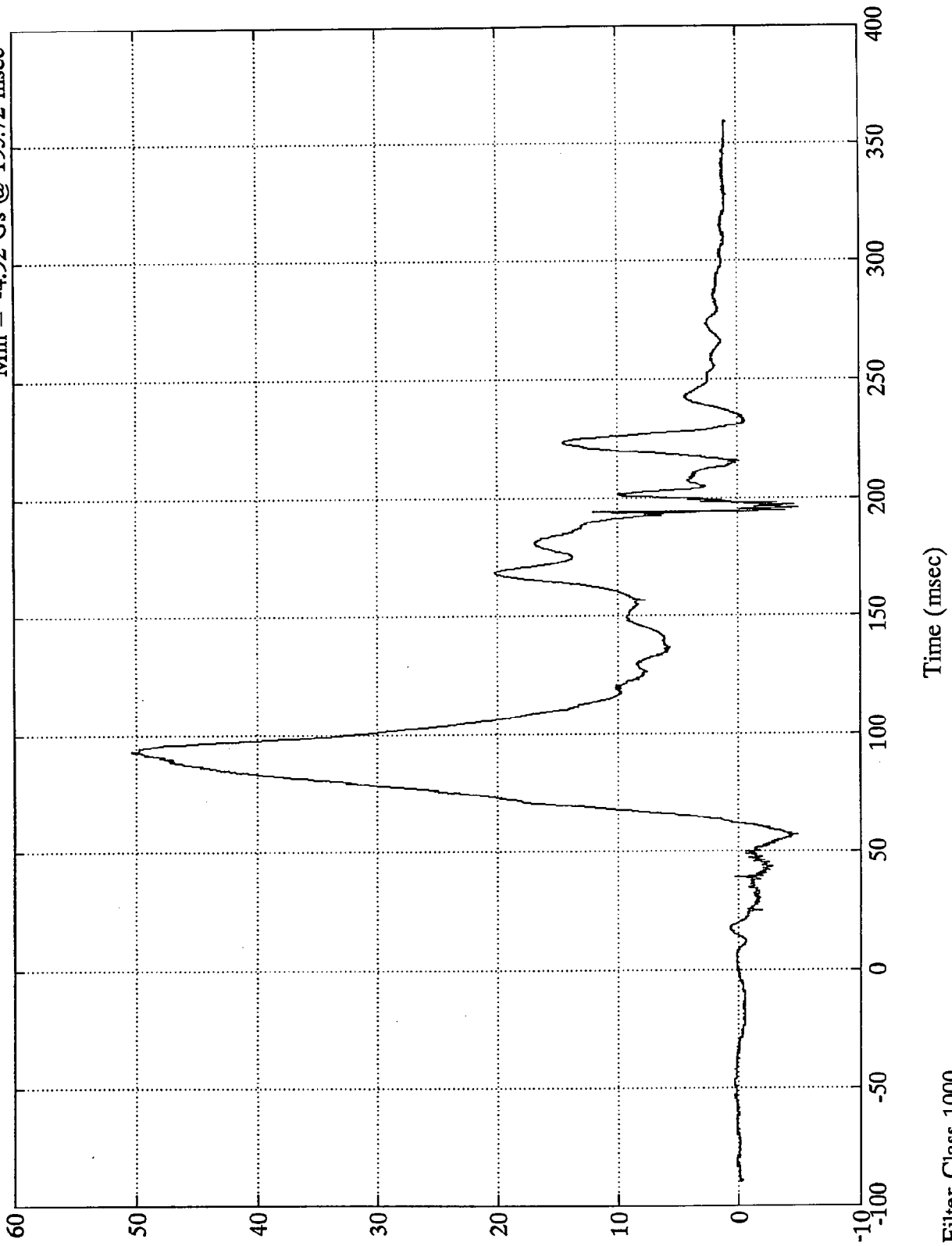
SAE Filter Class 1000

Time (msec)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

Max = 50.34 Gs @ 93.00 msec
Min = -4.92 Gs @ 195.72 msec

3 Yr Old Head Z



SAE Filter Class 1000

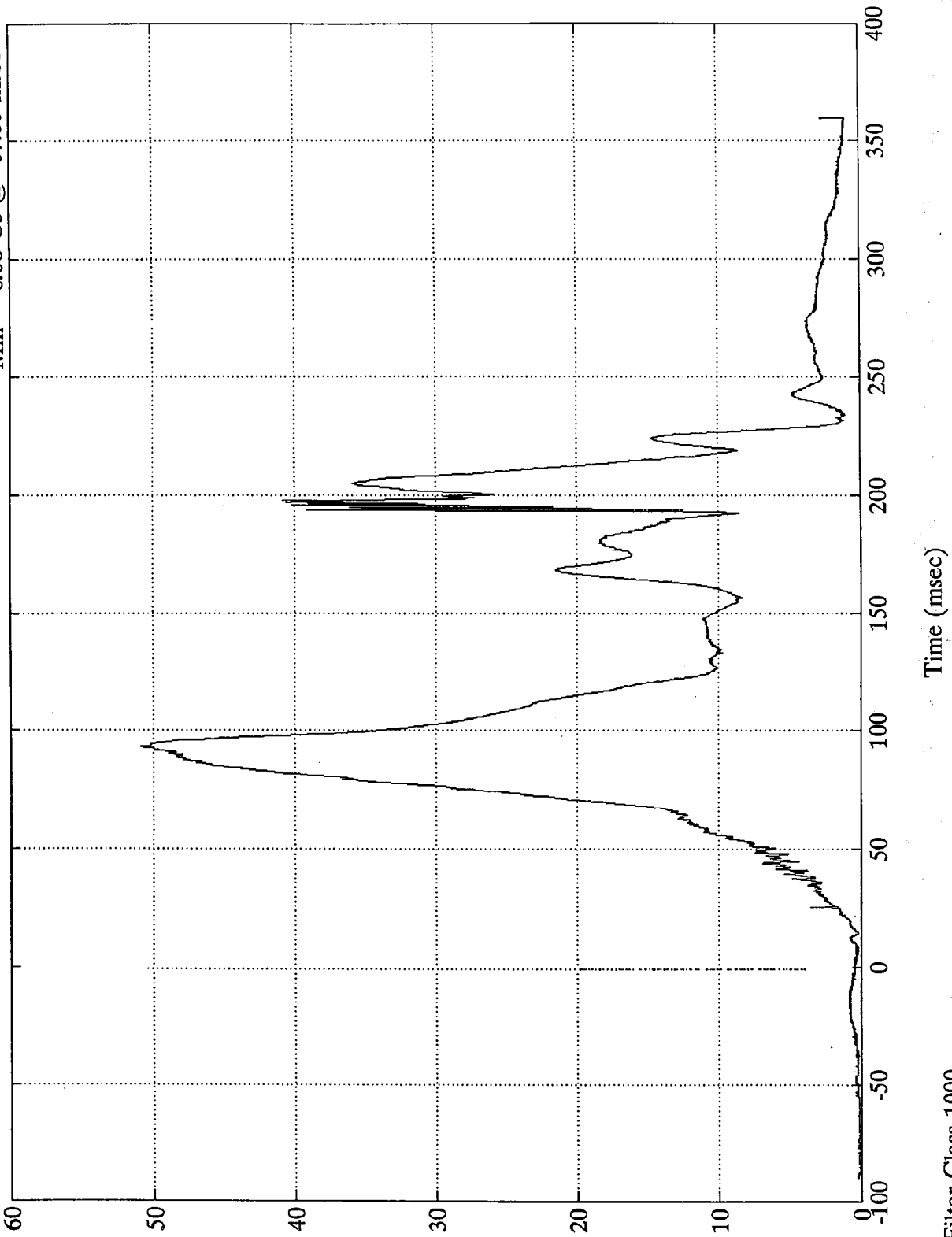
8353-6

5
C-5

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

3 Yr Old Head Resultant

Max = 50.89 Gs @ 93.00 msec
Min = 0.06 Gs @ -67.80 msec



SAE Filter Class 1000

8353-6

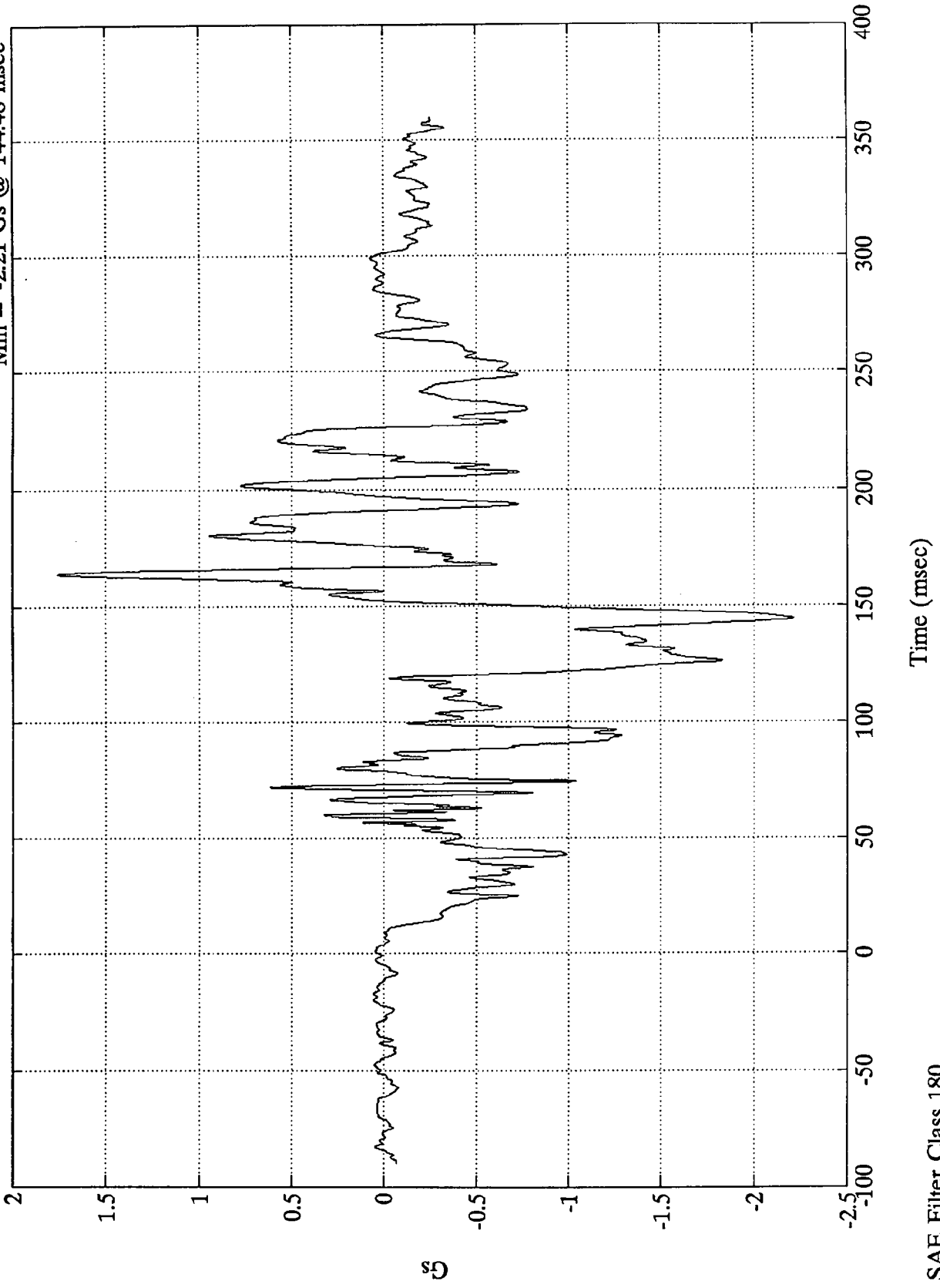
C-6

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

3 Yr Old Chest X

Max = 1.76 Gs @ 163.92 msec

Min = -2.21 Gs @ 144.48 msec



C-7

8353-6

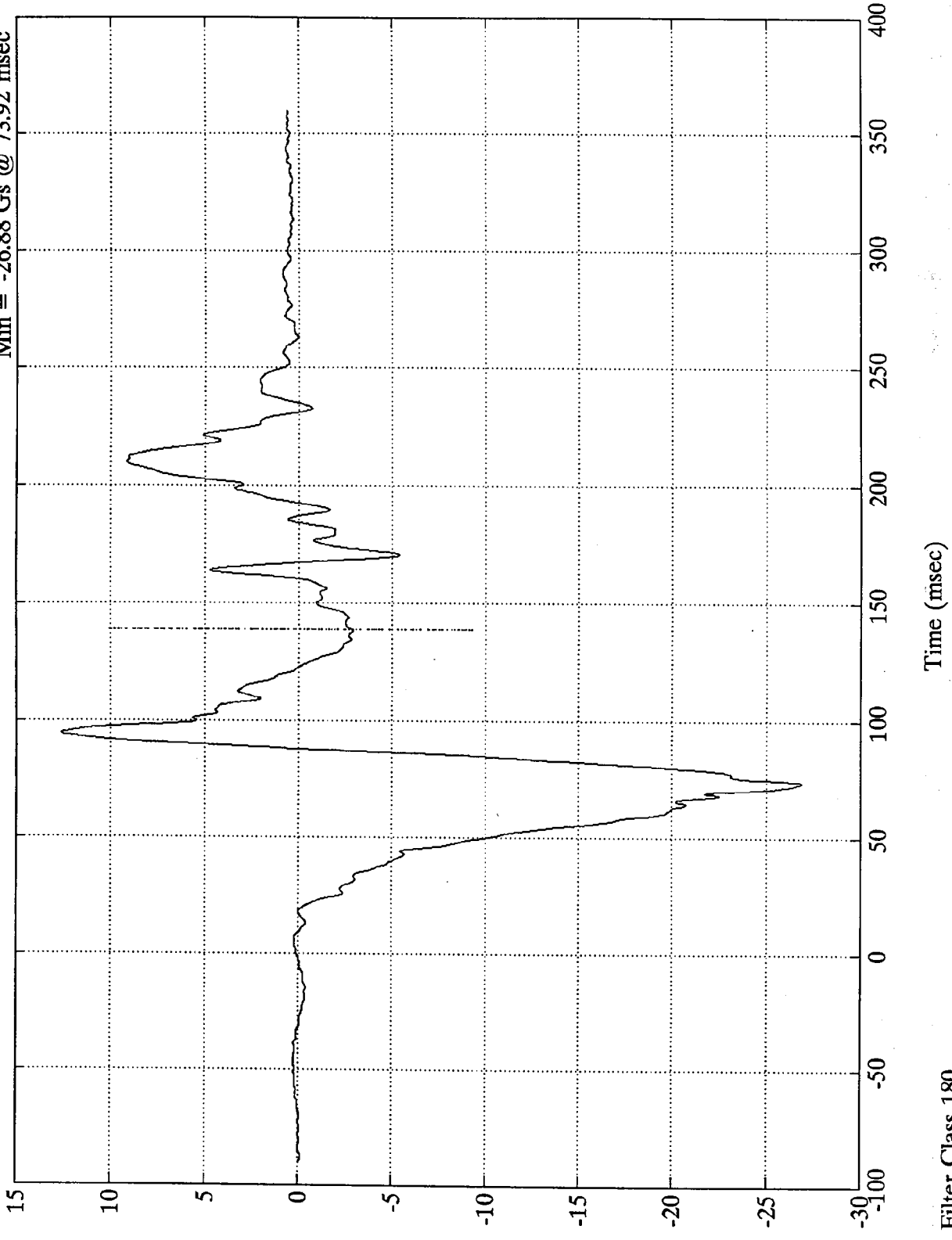
SAE Filter Class 180

Time (msec)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

3 Yr Old Chest Y

Max = 12.62 Gs @ 94.56 msec
Min = -26.88 Gs @ 73.92 msec



5
C-8

8353-6

SAE Filter Class 180

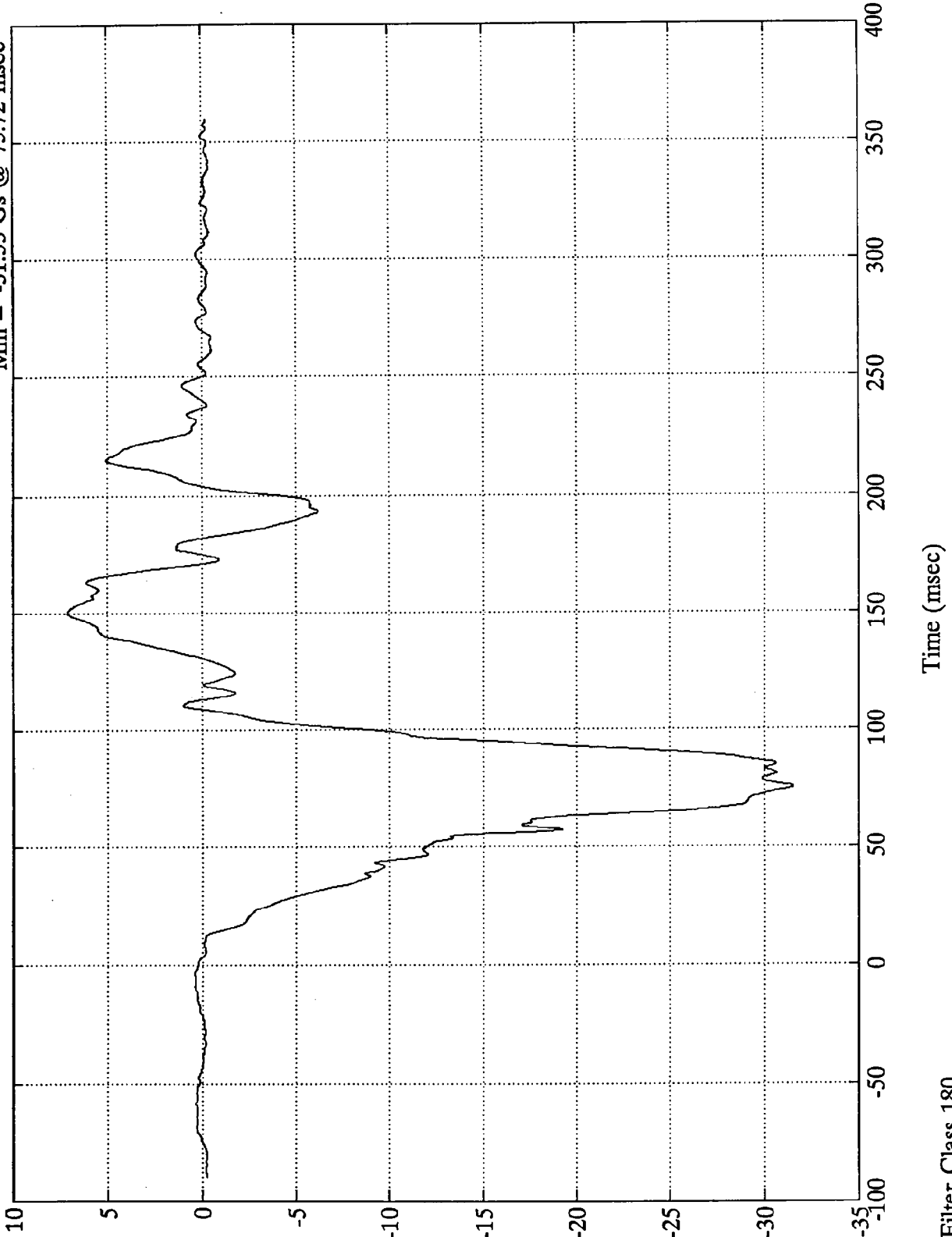
Time (msec)

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

3 Yr Old Chest Z

Max = 7.14 Gs @ 150.24 msec

Min = -31.53 Gs @ 75.72 msec



5
C-9

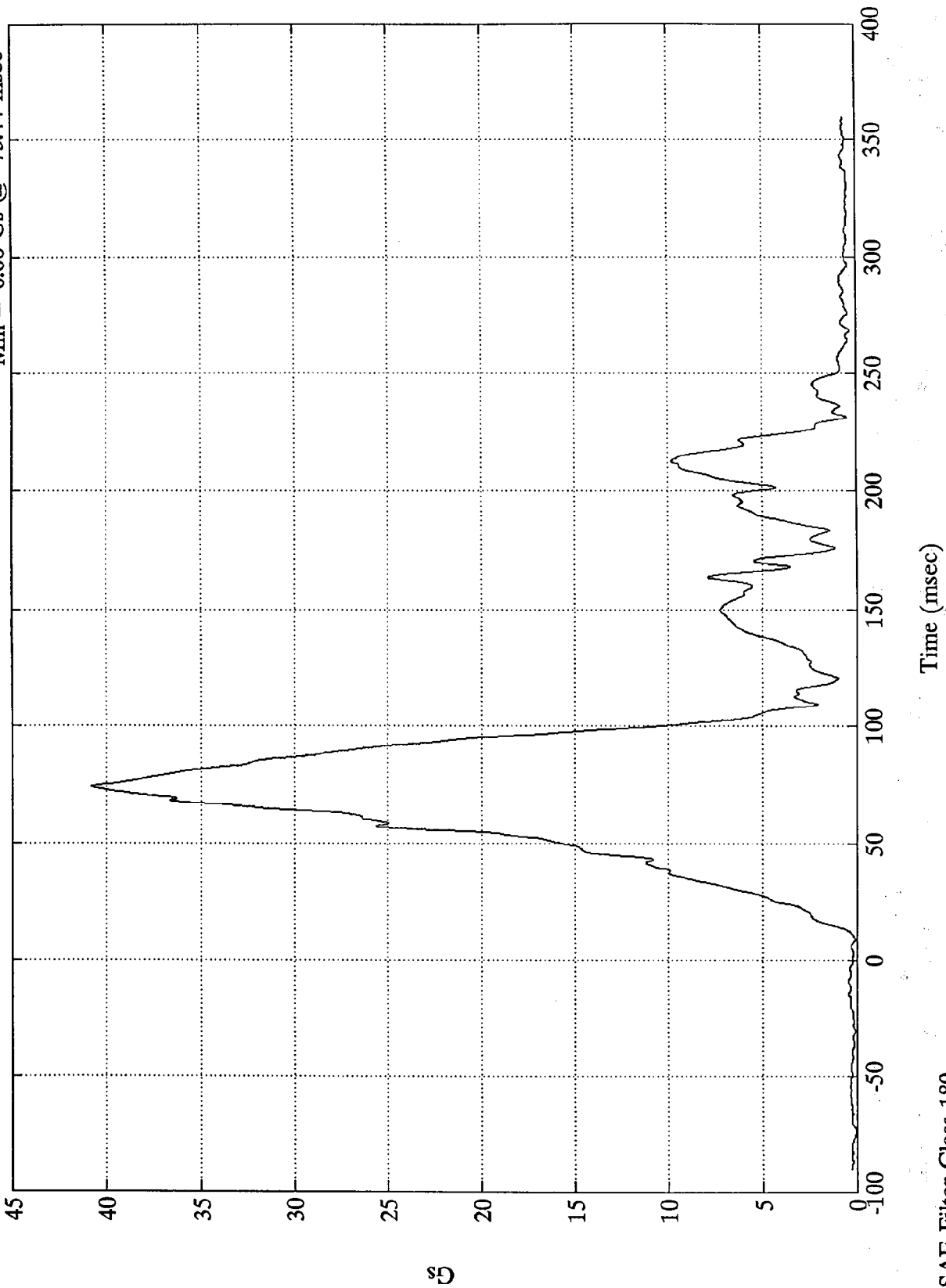
8353-6

SAE Filter Class 180

FMVSS 208 - 1996 DODGE INTREPID

3 Yr Old Chest Resultant

Max = 40.83 Gs @ 74.28 msec
Min = 0.06 Gs @ -73.44 msec



SAE Filter Class 180

Gs

Time (msec)

Appendix D

VEHICLE OWNERS MANUAL OCCUPANT RESTRAINT SYSTEM INSTRUCTIONS

Please pay close attention to the information in this section. It tells you how to use your restraint system properly to keep you and your passengers as safe as possible.

WARNING!

In a collision, you and your passengers can suffer much greater injuries if you are not properly buckled up. You can strike the interior of your vehicle or other passengers, or you can be thrown out of the vehicle. Always be sure you and others in your vehicle are buckled up properly.

Buckle up even though you are an excellent driver. Even on short trips. Someone on the road may be a poor driver and cause a collision which includes you. And this can happen far away from home or on your own street.

Research has shown that seat belts save lives. And they can reduce the seriousness of injuries in a collision. Some of the worst injuries happen when people are thrown from the vehicle. Seat belts provide protection from that, and they reduce the risk of injury caused by striking the inside of the vehicle. Everyone in a motor vehicle needs to be buckled up all the time.

Unibelts

The seats next to the front and rear doors of your vehicle are equipped with Unibelts.

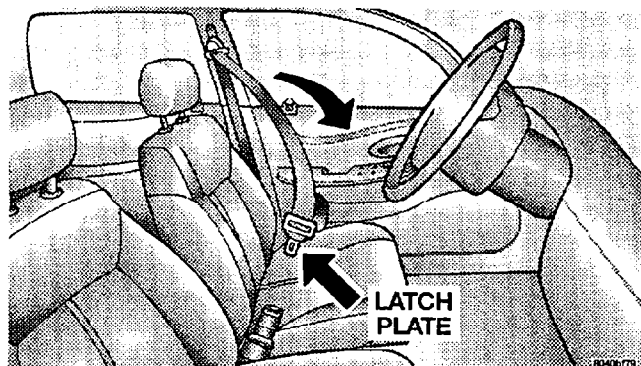
Each unibelt is a combined lap/shoulder belt system. The belt webbing retractor will lock only during very sudden stops or impacts. This feature allows the shoulder part of the belt to move freely with you under normal conditions. But in a collision, the belt will lock and reduce the risk of your striking the inside of the vehicle or being thrown out.

WARNING!

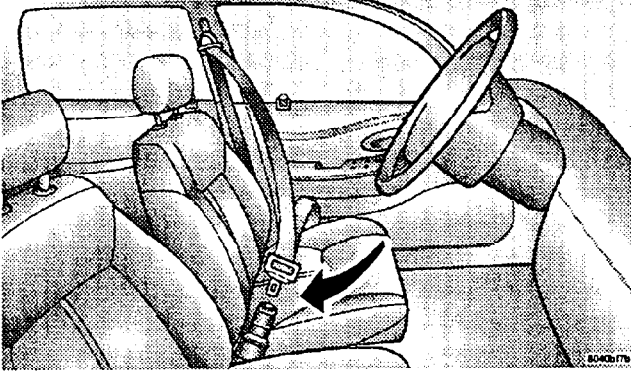
- Wearing a seat belt incorrectly is dangerous. Seat belts are designed to go around the large bones of your body. These are the strongest parts of your body and can take the forces of a collision the best. Wearing your belt in the wrong place could make your injuries in a collision much worse. You might suffer internal injuries, or you could even slide out of part of the belt. Follow these instructions to wear your seat belt safely and to keep your passengers safe, too.
- Belting two people into one seat belt can lead to greater injury. People belted together can crash into one another in an accident, hurting one another badly. Never use a unibelt or a lap belt for more than one person, no matter what their size.

Unibelt Operating Instructions

1. Enter the vehicle and close the door. Sit back and adjust the seat.
2. The seat belt latch plate is above the back of your seat. Grasp the latch plate and pull out the belt. Slide the latch plate up the webbing as far as necessary to make the belt go around your lap.



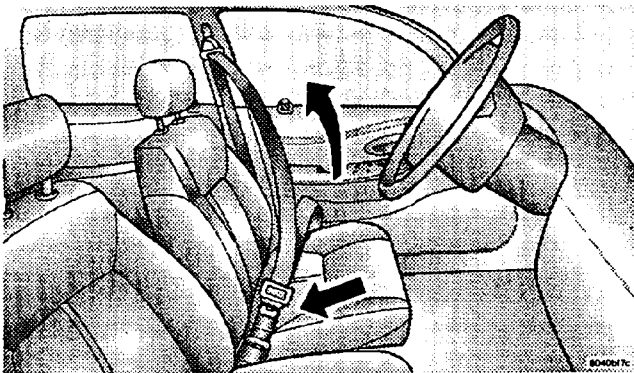
3. When the belt is long enough to fit, insert the latch plate into the buckle until you hear a "click."



WARNING!

- A belt that is buckled into the wrong buckle will not protect you properly. The lap portion could ride too high on your body, possibly causing internal injuries. Always buckle your belt into the buckle nearest you.
- A belt that is too loose will not protect you as well. In a sudden stop you could move too far forward, increasing the possibility of injury. Wear your seat belt snugly.
- A belt that is worn under your arm is very dangerous. Your body could fall into the inside surfaces of the vehicle in a collision, increasing head and neck injury. And a belt worn under the arm can cause internal injuries. Ribs aren't as strong as shoulder bones. Wear the belt over your shoulder so that your strongest bones will take the force in a collision.

4. Position the lap belt across your thighs, below your abdomen. To remove slack in the lap belt portion, pull up a bit on the shoulder belt, as shown. To loosen the lap belt if it is too tight, tilt the latch plate and pull on the lap belt. A snug belt reduces the risk of sliding under the belt in a collision.



WARNING!

A lap belt worn too high can increase the risk of internal injury in a collision. The belt forces won't be at the strong hip and pelvic bones, but across your abdomen. Always wear the lap belt as low as possible and keep it snug. A twisted belt can't do its job as well. In a collision it could even cut into you. Be sure the belt is straight. If you can't straighten a belt in your vehicle, take it to your dealer and have it fixed.

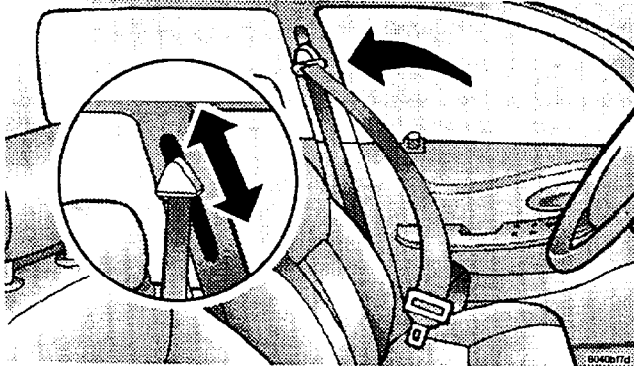
2

5. Position the shoulder belt on your chest so that it is comfortable and not resting on your neck. The retractor will withdraw any slack in the belt.

6. To release the belt, push the red button marked PRESS on the buckle. The belt will automatically retract to its stowed position. If necessary, slide the latch plate down the webbing to allow it to retract fully.

Adjustable Upper Shoulder Belt Anchorage

In the front seat, the shoulder belt can be adjusted upward or downward to position the belt away from your neck. Push on the anchorage cover to release the anchorage, and then move it up or down to the position that serves you best.



As a guide, if you are shorter than average, you will prefer a lower position, and if you are taller than average, you'll prefer a higher position. When you release the anchorage, try to move it up or down to make sure that it is locked in position.

In the rear seat, move toward the center of the seat to position the belt away from your neck.

Seat Belts and Pregnant Woman

We recommend that pregnant women use the seat belts throughout their pregnancy. Keeping the mother safe is the best way to keep the baby safe.

Pregnant women should wear the lap part of the belt across the thighs and as snug across the hips as possible. Keep the belt low so that it does not come across the abdomen. That way the strong bones of the hips will take the force if there is a collision.

Front Center Lap Belts—Optional

Center seating positions have a lap belt only. To fasten a lap belt, slip the latch plate into the buckle.

To lengthen a lap belt, tilt the latch plate and pull. To remove slack, pull the loose end of the webbing. Wear the belt snug against the hips. Sit back and erect in the seat, then adjust the belt as tightly as is comfortable.

WARNING!

- A lap belt worn too loose or too high is dangerous.
- A belt worn too loose can allow you to slip down and under the belt in a collision.
- A belt that is too high will apply crash forces to the abdomen, not to the stronger hip bones.
- In either case, the risk of internal injuries is greater. Wear the lap belt low and snug.

WARNING!

A frayed or torn belt could rip apart in a collision and leave you with no protection. Inspect the belt system periodically, checking for cuts, frays, or loose parts. Damaged parts must be replaced immediately. Do not disassemble or modify the system. Seat belt assemblies must be replaced after an accident if they have been damaged (bent retractor, torn webbing, etc.).

Seat Belt Extender

If a seat belt is too short, even when fully extended, your dealer can provide you with a seat belt extender. This extender should be used only if the existing belt is not long enough. When it is not required, remove the extender and stow it in a secure place.

Child Restraint

Everyone in your vehicle needs to be buckled up all the time, babies and children, too.

WARNING!

In a collision, an unrestrained child, even a tiny baby, can become a missile inside the vehicle. The force required to hold even an infant on your lap could become so great that you could not hold the child, no matter how strong you are. The child and others could be badly injured. Any child riding in your vehicle should be in a proper restraint for the child's size. All states and Canadian provinces require small children to ride in proper restraint systems. This is the law, and you can be prosecuted for ignoring it.

Chrysler Integrated Child Seat—Optional

Operating instructions for this seat are included with the seat. If the instructions are not with the seat or in the owner's manual Package, replacement instructions can be obtained.

To obtain replacement instructions:

Use the order form at the rear of this manual and specify publication 81-016-3051.

Infants and Small Children

There are different sizes and types of restraints for children from newborn size to the bigger child almost large enough for an adult safety belt. Use the restraint that is correct for your child.

Two different child restraint systems are generally available:

- The infant carrier for babies weighing up to 20 lbs. (9kg.)
- The child seat for small children over 20 lbs.

In addition, some manufacturers make systems that can be first used as an infant carrier, and then converted to a child seat as the child grows.

Here are some tips on getting the most out of your child restraint:

- Before buying any restraint system, make sure that it has a label certifying that it meets Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 213. Chrysler also recommends that before you buy a child restraint, you try it in the vehicle seats where you will use it.

- The restraint must be appropriate for your child's weight and height. Check the label on the restraint for this too.

WARNING!

- A rearward facing infant restraint should only be used in a rear seat. A rearward facing infant restraint in the front seat may be struck by a deploying passenger airbag which may cause severe or fatal injury to the infant.
- Improper installation can lead to failure of an infant or child restraint. It could come loose in a collision. The child could be badly injured or killed. Follow the manufacturer's directions exactly when installing an infant or child restraint.

- If possible, install the restraint in the rear seat. According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seats than in the front.

- Carefully follow the instructions that come with the restraint. If you install the restraint improperly, it may not work when you need it.
- Infant and child restraints are secured in the vehicle seats by the lap belt or the lap part of the lap/shoulder belt. In the rear seats, you may have trouble tightening the belt on the child restraint because the buckle or latch plate interferes with the belt path opening on the restraint. Disconnect the latch plate from the buckle and twist the short buckle-end belt several turns to shorten it. Reassemble the latch plate to the buckle with the release button facing out.
- In the front seat, move the seat forward to reposition the buckle against the side of the child restraint.
- In the center rear seat if the belt still can't be tightened, or if by pulling and pushing on the restraint loosens the belt, you may need to do something more. Disconnect the latch plate from the buckle, turn it over, and reconnect it to the buckle. If you still can't make the child restraint secure, try a different seating position.

- Some child seat manufacturers recommend the use of a top anchorage (tether) strap in addition to the lap belt. Your vehicle has tether strap anchorages behind the rear seating positions for use with these child seats. Your dealer can provide you with anchorage hardware and installation instructions.
- Buckle the child into the seat exactly as the seat manufacturer's directions tell you. The cinching latch plate will keep the belt tight.
- When your infant carrier or child seat is not in use, secure it with the seat belt or remove it from the vehicle. Don't leave it loose in the vehicle. In a sudden stop or collision, it could strike occupants and injure them.

Children Too Large For Child Seats

Children who are too large for child seats and who can sit upright by themselves should use the available lap/shoulder belts for best protection.

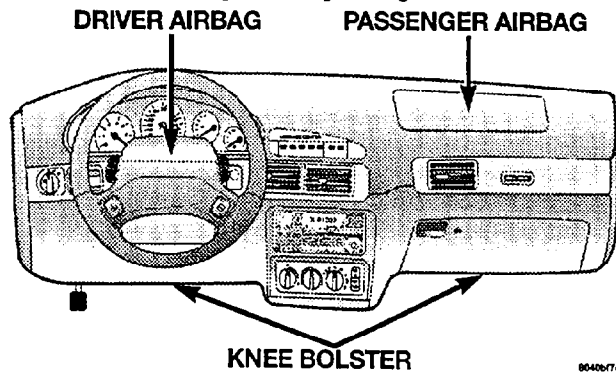
- Make sure that the child is seated upright in the seat.

- The lap belt should be fastened low on the hips and as snug as possible.
- Check belt fit periodically. A child's squirming or slouching can move the belt out of position.
- If the shoulder belt contacts the face or neck, move the child closer to the middle of the vehicle. If this doesn't solve the problem, move the child to the center rear seating position and use the lap belt.
- Booster seats that may help overcome this problem are also available for use with lap/shoulder belts. Before buying a booster seat, make sure that it has a label certifying that it meets applicable Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. Make sure that it is satisfactory for use in this vehicle.

Driver and Right Front Passenger Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) - Airbag

This vehicle has airbags for the driver and right front passenger as a supplement to the seat belt restraint systems. The driver's airbag is mounted in the steering wheel.

The passenger side airbag is mounted in the instrument panel, above the glove compartment, under a cover marked SRS/AIRBAG. These airbags inflate in higher speed impacts. They work with the instrument panel knee bolsters and the seat belts to provide improved protection for the driver and right front passenger.



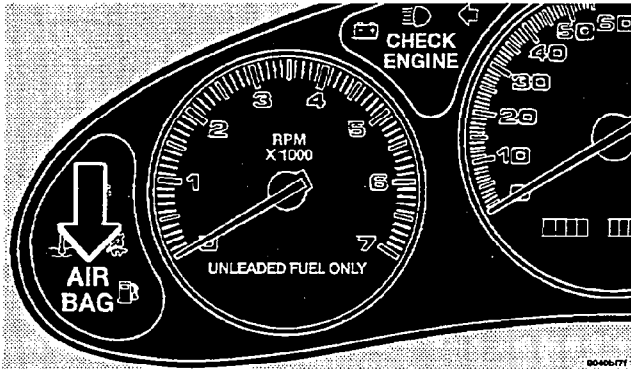
WARNING

- Relying on the airbags alone could lead to more severe injuries in a collision. The airbags work with your seat belt to restrain you properly. In some collisions the airbags won't deploy at all. Wear your seat belts even though you have airbags.
- Being too close to the steering wheel or instrument panel during airbag deployment could cause serious injury. Airbags need room to inflate. Sit back, comfortably extending your arms to reach the steering wheel or instrument panel.

The seat belts are designed to protect you in many types of collisions. The airbags deploy only in frontal collisions and will not deploy in collisions at slow speed. But even in collisions where the airbags work, you need the seat belts to keep you in the right position for the airbags to protect you properly.

WARNING!

Ignoring the AIRBAG light in your instrument panel could mean you won't have the airbags to protect you in a collision. If the light does not come on, stays on after you start the vehicle, or if it comes on as you drive, have the airbag system checked right away.



The airbag system consists of the following:

- Crash sensors
- Diagnostic Unit
- AIRBAG Readiness Light
- Driver and Passenger Airbag/inflator Units
- Unique Steering Wheel and Column
- Unique Instrument Panel
- Interconnecting Wiring
- Knee Impact Bolster

How The Airbag System Works

- Crash Sensors in the front of the vehicle and in the occupant compartment determine if a frontal impact is severe enough to require the airbag. The sensors will not detect side, roll over, or rear impacts. Switches in the sensors are connected to the diagnostic unit and to the airbag/inflator unit.
- The Diagnostic Unit monitors the readiness of the electronic parts of the system whenever the ignition

switch is in the START or RUN positions. These include all of the items listed above except the knee bolster, the instrument panel, and the steering wheel and column. The Diagnostic Unit also turns on the AIRBAG light in the instrument panel for 6 to 8 seconds when the ignition is first turned on, then turns the light off. If it detects a malfunction in any part of the system, it turns on the light either momentarily or continuously.

- The Airbag/Inflator Units are in the center of the steering wheel and in the instrument panel. The words SRS/AIRBAG are embossed on the airbag covers.

WARNING!

Do not put anything on or around the airbag covers or attempt to manually open them. You may damage the airbags and you could be injured because the airbags are not there to protect you. These protective covers for the airbag cushions are designed to open only when the airbags are inflating.

- When the crash sensors detect an impact requiring the airbags, they signal the inflator units. A large quantity of non-toxic nitrogen gas is generated to inflate the airbags. The airbag covers separate and fold out of the way as the airbags inflate to their full size. The airbags fully inflate in about 50 milliseconds. This is only about half of the time it takes you to blink your eyes. The airbags then quickly deflate while helping to restrain the driver and right front passenger. The airbag gas is vented through the airbag material towards the instrument panel. In this way the airbags do not interfere with your control of the vehicle.
- The Knee impact Bolsters help protect the knees and position you for the best interaction with the airbags.

If A Deployment Occurs

The airbag system is designed to deploy when the impact sensors detect a moderate-to-severe frontal collision, to help restrain the driver and right front passenger, and then to immediately deflate.

NOTE: A frontal collision that is not severe enough to need airbag protection will not activate the system. This does not mean something is wrong with the airbag system.

If you do have a collision which deploys the airbags, any or all of the following may occur:

- The nylon airbag material may sometimes cause abrasions and/or skin reddening to the driver and right front passenger as the airbags deploy and unfold. The abrasions are similar to friction rope burns or those you might get sliding along a carpet or gymnasium floor. They are not caused by contact with chemicals. They are not permanent and normally heal quickly. However, if you haven't healed significantly within a few days, or if you have any blistering, see your doctor immediately.
- As the airbags deflate you may see some smoke-like particles. The particles are a normal by-product of the process that generates the non-toxic nitrogen gas used for airbag inflation. These airborne particles may irritate the skin, eyes, nose, or throat. If you have skin or eye irritation, rinse the area with cool water. For nose

or throat irritation, move to fresh air. If the irritation continues, see your doctor. If these particles settle on your clothing, follow the garment manufacturer's instructions for cleaning.

- Your vehicle may be safely driveable after the airbags deploy. If so, you can tuck the deployed airbags inside the opening in the steering wheel hub and instrument panel trim covers to make driving somewhat easier.

WARNING!

Deployed airbags can't protect you in another collision. Have the airbags replaced by an authorized dealer as soon as possible.

Transporting Pets

Airbags deploying in the front seat could harm your pet. An unrestrained pet will be thrown about and possibly injured, or injure a passenger during panic braking or in a collision.

Pets should be restrained in the rear seat in pet harnesses or pet carriers that are secured by seat belts.

Maintaining Your Airbag System

WARNING!

- Modifications to any part of the airbag system could cause it to fail when you need it. You could be injured because the airbag is not there to protect you. Do not modify the components or wiring, including adding any kind of badges or stickers to the airbag covers. Do not modify the front bumper or vehicle body structure.
- You need proper knee impact protection in a collision. Do not mount or locate any aftermarket equipment on or behind the knee impact bolsters.
- You can be injured if you are too close to either airbag cover when the airbags inflate. It is dangerous to try to repair any part of the airbag system yourself. Don't try to repair the airbag system. Be sure to tell anyone who works on your vehicle that it has airbags.

You will want to have the airbags ready for your protection in a collision. While the airbag Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) is designed to be maintenance free, if any of the following occurs, have an authorized dealer service the system immediately.

- The AIRBAG light does not come on or flickers during the 6 to 8 seconds when the ignition switch is first turned on.
- The light remains on or flickers after the 6 to 8 second interval.
- The light flickers or comes on and remains on while driving.

ENGINE BREAK-IN RECOMMENDATIONS

The engine in your new vehicle does not require a long break-in period.

Drive moderately during the first 300 miles (500 km). After the initial 60 miles (100 km), speeds up to 50 or 55 mph (80 or 90 km/h) are desirable.

2

Appendix E

BUILT-IN CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM TESTS - FMVSS NO. 213

Chrysler Corporation
Chrysler Integrated Child Seat, Type LH/JA/PL

REPORT NUMBER : 213-CAL-96-002

BUILT-IN CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM TESTS - FMVSS NO. 213

Chrysler Corporation
Chrysler Integrated Child Seat - Type LH/JA/PL
1996 Dodge Intrepid

Calspan SRL Corporation
4455 Genesee Street
Buffalo, New York 14225



June 1996

FINAL REPORT

PREPARED FOR:

U. S. Department of Transportation
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
400 Seventh Street, S. W.
Washington, DC 20590

Prepared for the United States Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, under Contract No. DTNH22-92-C-01097. This publication is distributed by the U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, in the interest of information exchange. The opinions, findings and conclusions expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and not necessarily those of the Department of Transportation or the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The United States Government assumes no liability for its contents or use thereof. If trade or manufacturers' names or products are mentioned, it is only because they are considered essential to the object of the publication and should not be construed as an endorsement. The United States Government does not endorse products or manufacturers.

REPORT ACCEPTED BY:

Contract Technical Manager
Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance

Acceptance Date

TECHNICAL REPORT STANDARD TITLE PAGE

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle Child Restraint Systems Tests - FMVSS 213 Chrysler Corporation Chrysler Integrated Child Seat - Type LH/JA/PL		5. Report Date June 1996	6. Performing Organization Code
7. Author(s) Robert F. Hathaway	8. Performing Organization Report No. 8353-6		
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Calspan SRL Corporation 4455 Genesee Street Buffalo, New York 14225	10. Work Unit No.	11. Contract or Grant No. DTNH22-93-D-11089	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration 400 Seventh, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20590	13. Type of Report and Period Covered Final Report July 1993 - July 1996		14. Sponsoring Agency Code
<p>15. Supplementary Notes</p> <p>Reviewed by : <u>Robert F. Hathaway</u> Program Manager</p> <p>Approved by : <u>David Roberts</u> Head, Safety Research Section Transportation Sciences Center</p>			
<p>16. Abstract</p> <p>This report contains the results of tests performed in accordance with FMVSS 213, Child Restraint Systems, on the Chrysler Corporation, 1996 Dodge Intrepid, equipped with a Chrysler Integrated Child Restraint. The child restraint appears to comply with all the requirements of FMVSS 213, except as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • S5.5 Labeling S5.5.5: The information specified in paragraphs (a) through (l) of this section that is required by S5.5.4 shall be stated in the English language and lettered in letters and numbers that are not smaller than 10 point type and are on a contrasting background. <p>Final determination of compliance is made by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.</p>			
17. Key Words FMVSS 213 Child Restraint Systems Compliance Testing		18. Distribution Statement	
19. Security Classif. (of this report) UNCLASSIFIED	20. Security Classif. (of this page) UNCLASSIFIED	21. No. of Pages	22. Price

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>		<u>Page No.</u>
I	PURPOSE AND TEST PROCEDURE	1-1
II	INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY	2-1
III	INSPECTION AND TEST DATA	3-1
APPENDIX A	EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION SCHEDULES	A-1
APPENDIX B	PHOTOGRAPHS OF EQUIPMENT	B-1

SECTION I

PURPOSE AND TEST PROCEDURE

Purpose: The purpose of the test was to determine if the production built-in child restraint system(s) in the Chrysler Corporation's Dodge Intrepid met the requirements of Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard (FMVSS) No. 213, Child Restraint Systems.

Test Procedure: The "Calspan Operating Test Procedure for FMVSS No. 213", submitted to and approved by the Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, contains the specific procedures used to conduct this test. This procedure shall not be interpreted to be in conflict with any portion of FMVSS No. 213 and amendments in effect as noted in the applicable contract.

SECTION II
INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

This report presents all of the FMVSS 213 compliance inspection and test data obtained on the Chrysler Integrated Child Seat - Type LH/JA/PL child restraint system. This test was performed in conjunction with a full-scale FMVSS 208 compliance test of a 1996 Dodge Intrepid. The restraint was dynamically tested in the forward-facing upright configuration. The results from all inspections and tests indicate that the Chrysler Integrated Child Seat - Type LH/JA/PL child restraint complied with all of the requirements of FMVSS 213 except as follows:

- S5.5 Labeling

S5.5.5: All the information given on the restraint's permanent labels is given in 8-point type.

Restraint system inspection and, full-scale dynamic testing were performed by Calspan SRL Corporation's Transportation Sciences Center. Compliance test data sheets for all tests are found in Section III of this report.

SECTION III
INSPECTION AND TEST DATA
FMVSS 213 - BUILT-IN CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS

Report No. 213-CAL-96-002

Child Restraint System Identification

Manufacturer:

Name Chrysler Corporation

Address _____

Model No. Type LH/JA/PL

Group No. 2

- | | |
|---|---------------------------|
| 1. Item Code <u>002-CICS-01-DTU</u> | 2. Item Code _____ |
| Date of Manufacture <u>"JUL 1995" (1)</u> | Date of Manufacture _____ |
| Test No. <u>1625</u> | Test No. _____ |
| 3. Item Code _____ | 4. Item Code _____ |
| Date of Manufacture _____ | Date of Manufacture _____ |
| Test No. _____ | Test No. _____ |
| 5. Item Code _____ | 6. Item Code _____ |
| Date of Manufacture _____ | Date of Manufacture _____ |
| Test No. _____ | Test No. _____ |

Remarks:

(1) "JUL 1995" is stamped on the owner's manual supplement.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Labeling
(FMVSS 213, S5.5)

Date of Test 5/21/96 Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Pass / Fail

S5.5.4

(a) Each built-in child restraint system other than a factory-installed built-in restraint shall be permanently labeled with the information specified in S5.5.5 (a) through (l). The information specified in S5.5.5 (a) through (j) and in S5.5.5(l) shall be visible when the system is activated for use.

N/A (1)

(b) Each factory-installed built-in child restraint shall be permanently labeled with the information specified in S5.5.5 (f) through (j) and S5.5.5(l), so that the information is visible when the restraint is activated for use. The information shall also be included in the vehicle owner's manual.

(2)

S5.5.5 The information specified in paragraphs (a) through (l) of this section that is required by S5.5.4 shall be stated in the English and lettered in letters and numbers that are not smaller than 10-point type and are on a contrasting background.

Fail (3)(4)

Remarks:

- (1) This restraint system is a factory-installed built-in unit, and therefore is exempt from this requirement.
- (2) The statements of items S5.5.5(g)(2), and S5.5.5(h) are under the removable seat pad, and may be partially obscured unless the pad is repositioned.
- (3) All information given on the restraint's permanent labels is presented in 8-point type.
- (4) Labels may be seen in photographs presented in Appendix B.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Labeling (cont'd)

S5.5.5 (cont'd)

The following information is included:

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| (a) The model name or number of the system. | <u>N/A (5)</u> |
| (b) The manufacturer's name. A distributor's or dealer's name may be used instead if the distributor or dealer assumes all responsibility for all duties and liabilities imposed on the manufacturer with respect to the system by the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act, as amended. | <u>N/A (5)</u> |
| (c) The statement: "Manufactured in _____," inserting the month and year of manufacture. | <u>N/A (5)</u> |
| (d) The place of manufacture (city and State, or foreign country). However, if the manufacturer uses the name of the distributor or dealer, then it shall state the location (city and State, or foreign country) of the principle offices of the distributor or dealer. | <u>N/A (5)</u> |
| (e) The statement: "This child restraint system conforms to all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards." | <u>(6)</u> |

Remarks:

- (5) This restraint system is a factory-installed built-in unit, and therefore is exempt from this requirement.
- (6) The label states: "This child restraint system conforms to U.S. Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 213 and Canada Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 213.4"

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Labeling (cont'd)

(f) One of the following statements, inserting the manufacturer's recommendations for the maximum weight and height of children who can safely occupy the system: (7)

(i) THIS INFANT RESTRAINT IS DESIGNED FOR USE BY CHILDREN WHO WEIGH _____ POUNDS OR LESS AND WHOSE HEIGHT IS _____ INCHES OR LESS ; or

(ii) THIS CHILD RESTRAINT IS DESIGNED FOR USE ONLY BY CHILDREN WHO WEIGH BETWEEN _____ AND _____ POUNDS AND WHOSE HEIGHT IS _____ INCHES OR LESS AND WHO ARE CAPABLE OF SITTING UPRIGHT ALONE ; or

(iii) THIS CHILD RESTRAINT IS DESIGNED FOR USE ONLY BY CHILDREN WHO WEIGH BETWEEN _____ AND _____ POUNDS AND ARE BETWEEN _____ AND _____ INCHES IN HEIGHT.

(g) The statement specified in paragraph (1), and if appropriate, the statement in paragraph (2).

(1) WARNING! FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS ON THE USE OF THIS CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM CAN RESULT IN YOUR CHILD STRIKING THE VEHICLE'S INTERIOR DURING A SUDDEN STOP OR CRASH. Pass

(2) In the case of each built-in child restraint system which is not intended for use in the motor vehicle at certain adjustment positions or under certain circumstances an appropriate statement of the manufacturer's restrictions regarding those positions or circumstances, in capitalized letters. Pass (8)

(h) In the case of each built-in child restraint system that has belts designed to restrain children using them, the statement:

SNUGLY ADJUST THE BELTS PROVIDED WITH THIS CHILD RESTRAINT AROUND YOUR CHILD. Pass

Remarks:

(7) The label states: "This child restraint is for use only by children who weigh between 9kg (20 lb) and 30 kg (66 lb), whose shoulder height is 127 cm (50 in) or less, who are capable of sitting upright alone and whose shoulder height is less than the shoulder belt slot in use."

(8) The labels states: "Do not use the center rear lap belt with the child restraint." However, this statement is under the removable seat pad, and may be partially obscured unless the pad is repositioned.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Labeling (cont'd)

- (i) In the case of each built-in child restraint system which can be used in a rear-facing position, the following statement: N/A

PLACE AN INFANT IN A REAR-FACING POSITION IN THIS CHILD RESTRAINT.

- (j) A diagram or diagrams showing the fully activated child restraint system in infant and/or child configurations. Pass

- (k) The following statement, inserting an address and telephone number: N/A (9)

"Child restraints could be recalled for safety reasons. You must register this restraint to be reached in a recall. Send your name, address and the restraint's model number and manufacturing date to (*insert address*) or call (*insert telephone number*). For recall information, call the U.S. Government's Auto Safety Hotline at 1-800-424-9393 (202-366-0123 in D.C. area)."

- (l) In the case of a built-in belt-positioning seat that uses either the vehicle's Type I or Type II belt systems or both, a statement describing the manufacturer's recommendations for the maximum height and weight of children who can safely occupy the system, and how the booster should be used (e.g.; with or without shield) with the different vehicle belt systems. N/A

Remarks:

- (9) This restraint system is a factory-installed built-in unit, and therefore is exempt from this requirement.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Installation Instructions
(FMVSS 213, S5.6)

Date of Test 5/21/96 Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Pass / Fail

S5.6.2

(a) Each built-in child restraint system shall be accompanied by printed instructions in the English that provide a step-by-step procedure, including diagrams, for activating the restraint system, positioning a child in the system, adjusting the restraint and, if provided, the restraint harness to fit the child. The instructions for each built-in car bed shall explain that the child should be positioned in the bed in such a way that the child's head is near the center of the vehicle.

Pass

(b) Each motor vehicle equipped with a factory-installed built-in child restraint shall have the information specified in paragraph (a) of this section included in its vehicle owner's manual.

(1)

S5.6.2.1 The instructions shall explain the primary consequences of not following the manufacturer's warnings for proper use of the child restraint system in accordance with S5.5.5 (f) through (i).

Pass

S5.6.2.2 The instructions for each built-in child restraint system, other than a factory-installed restraint, shall include the following statement, inserting an address and telephone number:

N/A (2)

"Child restraints could be recalled for safety reasons. You must register this restraint to be reached in a recall. Send your name, address and the restraint's model number and manufacturing date to (*insert address*) or call (*insert telephone number*). For recall information, call the U.S. Government's Auto Safety Hotline at 1-800-424-9393 (202-366-0123 in D.C. area)."

Remarks:

- (1) The vehicle owner's manual supplement contains the required information. The vehicle owner's manual states: "Chrysler Integrated Child Seat - Optional Operating instructions for this seat are included with the seat."
- (2) This restraint system is a factory-installed built-in unit, and therefore is exempt from this requirement.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Installation Instructions (cont'd)

S5.6.2.3 Each built-in child restraint system other than a factory-installed built-in restraint, shall have a location on the restraint for storing the instructions.

N/A (2)

S5.6.3 Each built-in child restraint system, other than a system that has been installed in a vehicle or a factory-installed built-in system that is designed for a specific vehicle model and seating position, shall be accompanied by instructions in English that provide a step-by-step procedure for installing the system in a motor vehicle. The instructions shall specify the types of vehicles and the seating positions into which the restraint can or cannot be installed. The instructions for each car bed shall explain that the car bed should be installed so that the child's head will be near the center of the vehicle.

N/A (2)

S5.6.4 In the case of a built-in belt-positioning seat that uses either the vehicle's Type I or Type II belt systems or both, the instructions shall include a statement describing the manufacturer's recommendations for the maximum height and weight of children who can safely occupy the system and how the booster must be used with the vehicle belt systems appropriate for the booster seat. The instructions shall explain the consequences of not following the directions. The instructions shall specify that, if the booster seat is recommended for use with only the lap-belt part of a Type II assembly, the shoulder belt portion of the assembly must be placed behind the child.

N/A (3)

Remarks:

- (2) This child restraint system is a factory-installed built-in unit.
- (3) This restraint system is not capable of belt-positioning usage.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Registration Form
(FMVSS 213, S5.8)

Date of Test 5/21/96 Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Pass / Fail

S5.8 Information requirements - registration form.

- (a) Each child restraint system, except a factory-installed built-in restraint system, shall have a registration form attached to any surface of the restraint that contacts the dummy when the dummy is positioned in the system in accordance with S6.1.2 of Standard 213. N/A (1)
- (b) Each form shall:
- (1) Consist of a postcard that is attached at a perforation to an informational card; N/A
 - (2) Conform in size, content and format to Figures 9a and 9b of Standard 213; N/A
 - (3) Have a thickness of at least 0.007 inches and not more than 0.0095 inches. N/A
- (c) Each postcard shall provide the model name or number and date of manufacture (month, year) of the child restraint system to which the form is attached, shall contain space for the purchaser to record his or her name and mailing address, shall be addressed to the manufacturer, and shall be postage paid. No other information shall appear on the postcard, except identifying information that distinguishes a particular child restraint system from other systems of that model name or number may be preprinted in the shaded area of the postcard, as shown in Figure 9a of Standard 213. N/A

Remarks:

- (1) This restraint system is a factory-installed built-in unit, and therefore is exempt from this requirement.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Minimum Head Support Surface
(FMVSS 213, S5.2.1)

Date of Test 5/21/96 Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

S5.2.1.2 The child restraint system is low enough to be exempt
 from this requirement.

No
 (yes, no)

S5.2.1.1

Back Support Height

Maximum Child Weight (lbs.)	Required Minimum Height (in.)	Measured Height (in.)	Pass / Fail
66	22	22 1/2	Pass

Back Support Width

Required Minimum Width (in.)	Measured Width (in.)	Side Wing Depth (in.)	Pass / Fail
8	12 1/4	3 1/2	Pass

Remarks:

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Torso Impact Protection
(FMVSS 213, S5.2.2)

Date of Test 5/21/96 Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

S5.2.2.1

Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Back Support Surface	Flat or concave	Flat	Pass
	Area \geq 85 sq. in.	> 85 sq. in.	Pass
Side Support Surface	Flat or concave	Flat	Pass
Max. weight \geq 20 lb.	Area \geq 24 sq. in.	> 24 sq. in.	Pass
Max. weight < 20 lb.	Area \geq 48 sq. in.	N/A	N/A
Forward Restraining Surface			
Horiz. Cross Section	Flat or concave	N/A	N/A
Vertical Longitudinal Cross Section	Flat or convex	N/A	N/A
	Radius of curvature \geq 2 in.	N/A	N/A

S5.2.2.2 Forward Fixed or Movable Surface

<u>Yes / No</u>	<u>Pass / Deferred</u>
<u>No</u>	<u>Pass</u>

Remarks:

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Protrusion Limitation
(FMVSS 213, S5.2.4)

Date of Test 5/21/96 Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Test	Compliance Requirement (in.)	Test Result (in.)	Pass / Fail
Height	$\leq 3/8$ in.	$< 3/8$	Pass
Edge Radius	$\geq 1/4$ in.	(1)	(1)

Remarks:

- (1) There are several cut-outs on the seat back that create edges with radii of less than 1/4 inch. However this area is covered with a 1/2 inch foam seat pad.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Dynamic Impact Test Conditions
(FMVSS 213, S6.1)

Date of Test 5/22/96

Test No. 1625

Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Laboratory Ambient Conditions During Testing

Temperature Range 70 to 70 Degrees F

Relative Humidity Range 41 % to 41 %

Test Device 1996 Dodge Intrepid
Nominal velocity (mph) 30 MPH
Dummy Used 3 Year old toddler S/N: 04
Child Restraint System
Location Center Rear Bench Seat
Installation mode Forward-facing (1)
Adjustment mode Upright (2)
"Misuse" mode N/A

Test Results
Actual velocity 42.2 ft/s
28.9 mph

Vehicle Seat Position
Vertical position N/A (2)
Horizontal position N/A (2)
Vehicle seat back position N/A (2)

Include pre- and post-test photographs and acceleration-time history plot.

Remarks:

Pre- and post-test photographs are presented in Appendix B.

- (1) The belts were threaded through the lowest slots on the seat back.
- (2) The integrated child restraint is built-into a non-adjustable bench seat.

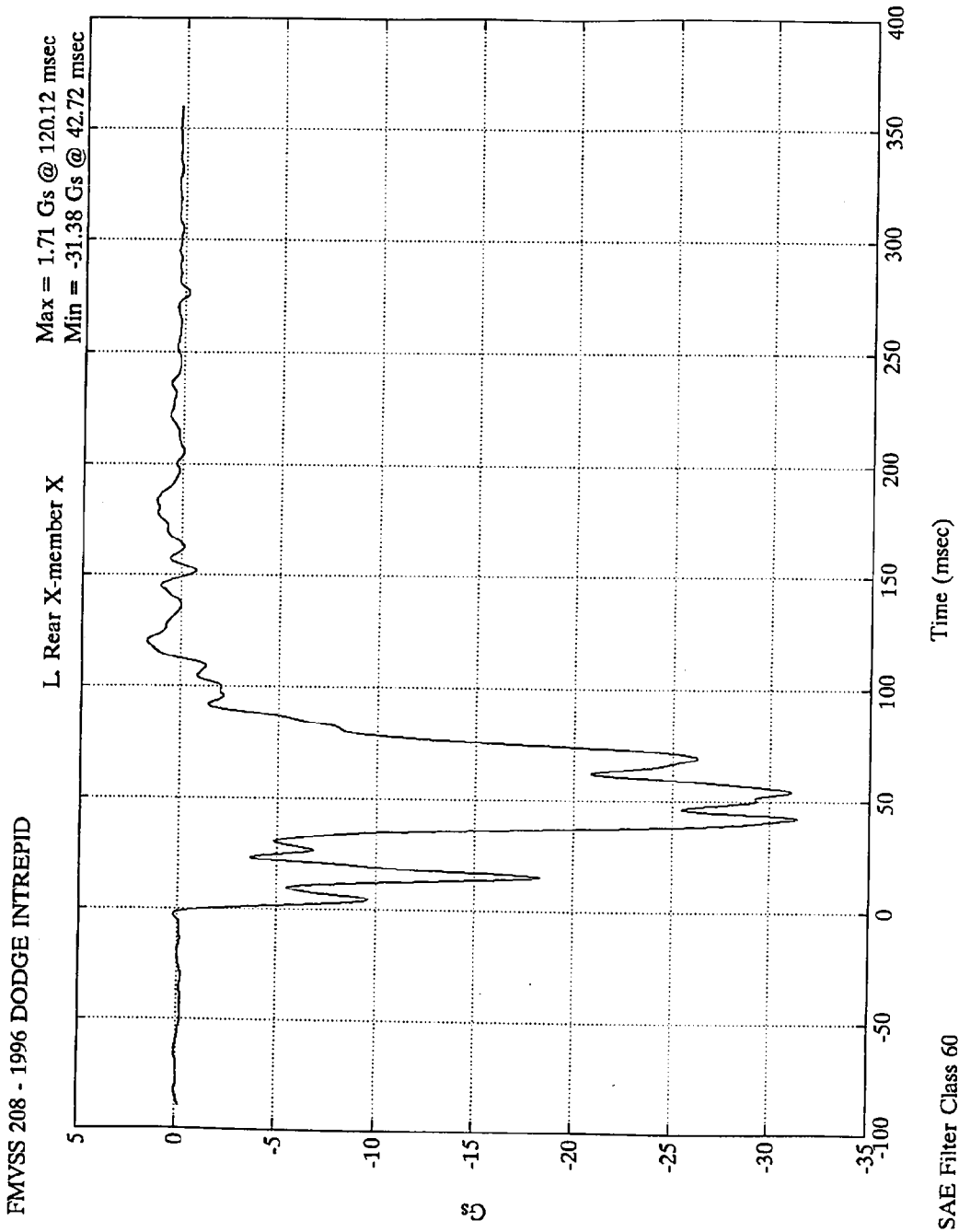
Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

Date of Test 5/22/96

Test No. 1625

Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU



30 MPH CRASH PULSE

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Belt Restraint
(FMVSS 213, S5.4.3)

Date of Test 5/22/96

Test No. 1625

Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Pass / Fail

S5.4.3.1 Snug Fit of Belts

Pass

Extra Webbing

Dummy	Each Shoulder Belt (in.)	Each Lap Belt Side (in.)	Crotch Belt (in.)
3 year old	13 7/8	(1)	N/A (1)

S5.4.3.2 Direct Restraint Belts

Pass

- | | <u>Yes / No</u> |
|--|-----------------|
| (1) Belt / dummy contact for restraint | <u>No</u> |
| (2) Rigid structure behind dummy | <u>Yes</u> |
| (3) Belt / child restraint slip possible | <u>No</u> |

Note : If all "yes", restraint fails.

S5.4.3.3 Seating System Belts and / or Shields

Pass

- | | |
|----------------------|------------|
| (1) Upper torso | <u>Yes</u> |
| (2) Lower torso | <u>Yes</u> |
| (3) Crotch restraint | <u>Yes</u> |

S5.4.3.4 Child Harness Belts

N/A

- | | |
|----------------------|------------|
| (1) Upper torso | <u>N/A</u> |
| (2) Lower torso | <u>N/A</u> |
| (3) Prevent standing | <u>N/A</u> |

Remarks:

- (1) The shoulder and lap belts are a continuous system with both ends of the belt connected through a yoke to a single strap adjustable at the front of the seat.

Chest retainer clip positioned 3 inches below dummy's chin.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Buckle Release
(FMVSS 213, S5.4.3.5, S6.2)

Date of Test 5/22/96

Test No. 1625

Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Buckle Minimum Surface Area	Area \geq 0.6 in. ²	0.68 in ²	Pass
Pre - Impact Release Force	Force range : 9 to 14 lbs.	Right: 10.0 Lbs. Left: 11.0 Lbs.	Pass (1)
Buckle Integrity	Not release during test	No Release	Pass
Post - Impact Release Force	Force range : \leq 16 lbs.	Right: 12.0 Lbs. Left: 10.5 Lbs.	Pass

Remarks:

The buckle is an integral part of the seat and, therefore, the buckle release test was performed on the entire seat assembly.

- (1) The buckle is comprised of right and left buckle tangs that do not always release at the same force.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Restraint System Integrity
(FMVSS 213, S5.1.1)

Date of Test 5/22/96

Test No. 1625

Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Structural Integrity	No complete separation	None	Pass
	No partial separation with exposed edge radius < 1/4 in.	None	Pass
	No partial separation with protrusions > 3/8 in.	None	Pass
Adjustment Position	No change	No Change	Pass
Back Surface / Seating Surface Angle	Not < 45 degrees	> 45 deg.	Pass

Remarks:

Chest retainer clip opened during the dynamic test.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Injury Criteria
(FMVSS 213, S5.1.2)

Date of Test 5/22/96

Test No. 1625

Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Head Injury Criterion	≤ 1000	341	Pass
Chest Injury Criterion	Cumulative duration over 60 g ≤ 3 ms	Peak g = <u>39.7</u> Duration exceeding 60 g = <u>0.0</u>	Pass

Remarks:

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

Occupant Excursion
(FMVSS 213, S5.1.3, S5.1.4, S5.2.1.1 (c))

Date of Test 5/22/96

Test No. 1625

Item Code 002-CICS-01-DTU

Forward-Facing Restraints

Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Torso Retention (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.1)	Retain within system	Retained	Pass
Knee Target Excursion (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.1)	≤ 36 in.	18.3 in.	Pass
Head - Torso Angle (FMVSS 213, S5.2.1.1 (c))	Rearward change ≤ 45 degrees	< 45 deg.	Pass

Rear-Facing Restraints

Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Torso Retention (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.2)	Retain within system	N/A	N/A
Head Target Excursion (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.2)	Not beyond restraint's top and forward edge	N/A	N/A
Back Support Angle (FMVSS 213, S5.1.4)	≤ 70 degrees	N/A	N/A
Head - Torso Angle (FMVSS 213 S5.2.1.1 (c))	Rearward change ≤ 45 degrees	N/A	N/A

Remarks:

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

APPENDIX A
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION SCHEDULES

CERTIFICATION INSTRUMENTATION

<u>Instrument¹</u>	<u>Certification Test</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
Slide Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. Model LCP 20-50 2 inches travel, 10,000 ohms	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
C.G. Head Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. Model SP 221 Serial HNR2 10K, linearity = 1.5%	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
C.G. Pend. Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. Model SP 221 Serial HNR1 10K, linearity = 1.5%	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
Bourns Potentiometer Model 3520S--1-502 5K +/-, linearity = 0.3%	Lumbar Spine Flexion	2/96	8/96
Transducer Inc. Load Cell S/N 20051, 50#	Lumbar Spine Flexion	2/96	8/96
Hewlett Packard 7035B X-Y Recorder +/- .02% Full Scale Accuracy	Lumbar Spine Flexion	7/95	7/96
Hewlett Packard 7045B X-Y Recorder +/- .02% Full Scale Accuracy	Lumbar Spine Flexion	7/95	7/96
Endevco Accelerometers			
S/N 160 +/- .075% Accuracy CEC 4-202	Neck Pendulum (ATD)	2/96	8/96
Endevco Triaxial Accelerometers, 7267A:			
S/N BK60	Head Impact (ATD)	2/96	8/96
S/N BA42	Chest Impact (ATD)	2/96	8/96

CERTIFICATION INSTRUMENTATION (cont'd)

<u>Instrument¹</u>	<u>Certification Test</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
Systron/Donner Counter +/- 1 count	Head Impact Chest Impact Neck Pendulum	3/96	3/97
White Box Temp. & Humidity Recorder S/N PL90301003		4/15/96	10/15/96
Chatillon 20 Pound Gauge +/- 8 oz. Accuracy		6/95	6/96
Chatillon 40 Pound Gauge +/- 1% Accuracy		6/95	6/96
Dillon Force Gauge Model E Serial # 4346 50#		5/96	1/97

¹Pendulum velocity measurements for the Head Impact, Chest Impact and Neck Pendulum tests are measured by a Calspan-designed light beam velocity trap which consists of two .040 inch field stops placed 5.020 inches apart. This system includes General Electric light sources #SL520D6 and Texas Instruments photo diodes.

Technician Donald W. Hess

Program Manager Robert F. Hathaway

APPENDIX B

PHOTOGRAPHS OF EQUIPMENT



TRACK TEST 1625 PRE-TEST



ITEM CODE 002-CICS-01-DTU



TRACK TEST 1625 POST-TEST



ITEM CODE 002-CICS-01-DTU

NE TIREZ SUR
CETTE
COURROIE
QUE SI UN
ENFANT EST
ASSIS DANS
LE SIÈGE
D'ENFANT

DO NOT PULL
THIS STRAP
UNLESS A
CHILD IS
SEATED IN
THE
CHILD SEAT



THIS CHILD RESTRAINT IS FOR USE ONLY BY CHILDREN WHO WEIGH BETWEEN 9KG (20LB) AND 30KG (66LB), WHOSE HEIGHT IS 127CM (50IN) OR LESS, WHO ARE CAPABLE OF SITTING UPRIGHT ALONE AND WHOSE SHOULDER HEIGHT IS LESS THAN THE SHOULDER BELT SLOT IN USE. SEE SHOULDER HARNESS ADJUSTMENT INSTRUCTIONS BEHIND CHILD SEAT PAD.

CE DISPOSITIF DE RETENUE EST CONÇU POUR LES ENFANTS QUI PÈSENT ENTRE 9 KG (20 LB) ET 30 KG (66 LB), DONT LA TAILLE EST INFÉRIEURE À 127 CM (50 PO), QUI SONT CAPABLES DE SE TENIR DROIT SUR LE SIÈGE ET DONT LA HAUTEUR DES ÉPAULES EST INFÉRIEURE À LA FENTE DU BAUDRIER UTILISÉ. VOIR LES INSTRUCTIONS DE RÉGLAGE DU BAUDRIER DERRIÈRE LE COUSSIN DU SIÈGE POUR ENFANT.

THIS CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM CONFORMS TO U.S. MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARD 213 AND CANADA MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARD NO. 213-9. WARNING: FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS ON THE USE OF THIS CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM CAN RESULT IN YOUR CHILD STRIKING THE VEHICLE'S INTERIOR DURING A SUDDEN STOP OR CRASH.

CE ENSEMBLE DE RETENUE D'ENFANT EST CONFORME À L'ARTICLE 213 DES NORMES DE SÉCURITÉ DES VÉHICULES AUTOMOBILES DES É.-U. ET À L'ARTICLE 213-9 DES NORMES DE SÉCURITÉ DES VÉHICULES AUTOMOBILES DU CANADA. MISE EN GARDE: SI LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT CONCERNANT L'UTILISATION DE L'ENSEMBLE DE RETENUE D'ENFANT NE SONT PAS SUIVIES, L'ENFANT PEUT HEURTER L'INTÉRIEUR DU VÉHICULE LORS D'ARRÊT BRUSQUE OU DE COLLISION.

	<p>PROPERLY ADJUST THE BELTS PROVIDED WITH THIS CHILD RESTRAINT AROUND YOUR CHILD</p> <p>IL CONVIENT DE BIEN AJUSTER AUTOUR DE L'ENFANT LES CEINTURES QUI SONT FOURNIES AVEC CET ENSEMBLE DE RETENUE</p>	<p>DO NOT USE THE CENTER LAP BELT WITH THE CHILD RESTRAINT</p> <p>NE PAS UTILISER LA CEINTURE SOUS ABDOMINALE DU CENTRE AVEC LE SIÈGE INTÉGRÉ POUR ENFANT</p>	
<p>SEE OWNER'S MANUAL / VOIR LE GUIDE DE L'AUTOMOBILISTE</p>			

LABELS

ITEM CODES : 002-CICS-01-DTU



CONFIGURATION

ITEM CODES : 002-CICS-01-DTU

Appendix F

Performance Calibration Report for Part 572

Three-Year-Old Child Test Dummy No. 04

Prepared for the United States Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, under Contract No. DTNH22-93-D-11089. This publication is distributed by the U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, in the interest of information exchange. The opinions, findings and conclusions expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and not necessarily those of the Department of Transportation or the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The United States Government assumes no liability for its contents or use thereof. If trade or manufacturers' names or products are mentioned, it is only because they are considered essential to the object of the publication and should not be construed as an endorsement. The United States Government does not endorse products or manufacturers.

REPORT ACCEPTED BY:

Contract Technical Manager
Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance

Acceptance Date

TECHNICAL REPORT STANDARD TITLE PAGE

1. Report No.		2. Government Accession No.		3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle Performance Calibration Report for Part 572 Three-Year-Old Child Test Dummy No. 04				5. Report Date June 1996	
				6. Performing Organization Report No.	
7. Author(s) Robert F. Hathaway				8. Performing Organization Report No.	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Calspan SRL Corporation 4455 Genesee Street Buffalo, New York 14225				10. Work Unit No. 8353-6	
				11. Contract or Grant No. DTNH22-93-D-11089	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration 400 Seventh, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20590				13. Type of Report and Period Covered Final Report	
				14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes					
Reviewed by : <i>Robert F. Hathaway</i>				Program Manager Head, Safety Research Section Transportation Sciences Center	
Approved by : <i>David Roberts</i>					
16. Abstract					
This report contains results of performance calibration tests performed on a Part 572 three-year-old size child test dummy at the Calspan SRL Corporation's Transportation Sciences Center dummy certification test facility. The following tests were performed:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Head Impact Test 2. Chest Impact Test 3. Lumbar Flexion Test 4. Head-Neck Pendulum Test 					
The child test dummy manufactured by Vector Research Incorporated, Serial No. 04 met the performance calibration requirements of CFR 49 Part 572, Subpart C.					
17. Key Words Part 572, Subpart C - Three-Year-Old Child Dummy FMVSS 213 - Child Restraint Systems			18. Distribution Statement Copies of this report are available from: Technical Reference Division National Highway Traffic Safety Admin. Nassif Building, Room 5108 400 Seventh St., SW, Washington, DC 20590		
19. Security Classif. (of this report) Unclassified		20. Security Classif. (of this page) Unclassified		21. No. of Pages	22. Price

FORM DOT F1700.7 (8-69)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>		<u>Page No.</u>
I	INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY	1
II	DUMMY CALIBRATION TEST DATA	2
III	INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	6
APPENDIX A	CALIBRATION TEST PROCEDURES	A-1

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure No.</u>		<u>Page No.</u>
A-1	SETUPS FOR HEAD AND CHEST IMPACT TESTS	A-2
A-2	SETUPS FOR LUMBAR SPINE FLEXION AND NECK PENDULUM TESTS	A-4
A-3	NECK COMPONENT TEST CIRCUIT	A-6

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Table No.</u>		<u>Page No.</u>
1	SUMMARY OF HEAD IMPACT TEST CALIBRATION DATA : PRE-TEST / POST-TEST	2
2	SUMMARY OF CHEST IMPACT TEST DATA : PRE-TEST / POST-TEST	3
3	SUMMARY OF LUMBAR FLEXION TEST DATA : PRE-TEST / POST-TEST	4
4	SUMMARY OF HEAD-NECK PENDULUM TEST DATA : PRE-TEST / POST-TEST	5
5	CERTIFICATION INSTRUMENTATION, PRE-TEST	6
6	CERTIFICATION INSTRUMENTATION, POST-TEST	8

SECTION I
INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

This report presents the results obtained during certification tests of a three-year-old size child test dummy that was manufactured in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 572, Subpart C. The objective of these tests was to demonstrate that the test dummy (Serial No. 04, manufactured by Vector Research Incorporated) was suitable for use before and after the FMVSS 208/213 compliance full-scale test program. The tests were performed in the Dummy Certification Laboratory of Calspan's SRL Corporation's Transportation Sciences Center using procedures⁽¹⁾ approved by the NHTSA Contract Technical Manager (CTM). These certification test procedures together with photographs of the apparatus for the four required tests (head impact, chest impact, lumbar spine flexion, and head-neck pendulum impact) are presented in Appendix A of this report. These certification tests were performed on this dummy prior to full-scale testing and after the full-scale test program was completed.

Data from these tests demonstrate that each of the dummy components (and their systems), that are required to be certifiable, were in compliance with the specifications of 49 CFR Part 572, Subpart C. All of the original data from each certification test are on file in the Calspan Dummy Certification Laboratory. Typical data traces are presented in Reference (1).

The data sheets presented in this test report were taken directly from TP-213-02 "Laboratory Procedure for Child Restraint System Testing." These data sheets use the word "calibration" when referring to certification procedures. Therefore, these words are used interchangeably in this report.

(1) "Operating Test Procedure for Test Program for FMVSS 213, Child Restraint Systems," Calspan Report No. 6974-V-1, Contract No. DTNH22-81-C-87088, Task Order No. 7.

SECTION II

Table 1

SUMMARY OF HEAD IMPACT TEST CALIBRATION DATA :

PRE-TEST / POST-TEST

CHILD DUMMY I. D. NO. 04

DATE OF CALIBRATION

5/20/96

6/3/96

ROOM TEMPERATURE (66-78°F)

70

70

ROOM RELATIVE HUMIDITY (10-70%)

30

30

TEST MEASUREMENTS :	PRE-TEST DATA	POST-TEST DATA	PART 572 REQMT.
TEST PROBE IMPACT VELOCITY, fps	6.9	7.0	6.86 - 7.14
PEAK HEAD RESULTANT ACCEL., g	94.9	110.7	95 - 118
PEAK HEAD LATERAL ACCEL., g	3.3	3.2	≤7
PULSE Δ TIME @ 50 g, ms	1.88	1.88	1.3 - 2.0

REMARKS:

Technician (s) Brian Swiecicki

Project Engineer (s) Robert Hathaway

Table 2

SUMMARY OF CHEST IMPACT TEST CALIBRATION DATA :

PRE-TEST / POST-TEST

CHILD DUMMY I. D. NO. 04

DATE OF CALIBRATION	5/20/96	6/5/96	
ROOM TEMPERATURE (66-78°F)	70	70	
ROOM RELATIVE HUMIDITY (10-70%)	30	30	
TEST MEASUREMENTS :	PRE-TEST DATA	POST-TEST DATA	PART 572 REQMT.
TEST PROBE IMPACT VELOCITY, fps	12.9	13.0	12.87-13.13
PEAK CHEST RESULTANT ACCEL., g	65.7	61.3	50-70
PEAK CHEST LATERAL ACCEL., g	4.9	4.8	≤5
PULSE Δ TIME @ 30 g, ms	3.88	3.88	2.5 - 4.0

REMARKS:

Technician (s) Brian Swiecicki

Project Engineer (s) Robert Hathaway

Table 3

SUMMARY OF LUMBAR FLEXION TEST DATA :

PRE-TEST / POST-TEST

CHILD DUMMY I. D. NO. 04

DATE OF CALIBRATION	5/20/94	6/5/96	
ROOM TEMPERATURE (66-78°F)	70	70	
ROOM RELATIVE HUMIDITY (10-70%)	30	30	
TEST MEASUREMENTS :	PRE-TEST DATA	POST-TEST DATA	PART 572 REQMT.
FORCE @ 40° FLEXION ANGLE, lbs.	46.5	35	34 - 47
SPINAL COLUMN ANGLE @ 3 MIN. POST TEST, degrees	3.5	2.0	≤5

REMARKS:

Technician (s) Brian Swiecicki

Project Engineer (s) Robert Hathaway

Table 4

SUMMARY OF HEAD-NECK PENDULUM TEST DATA :
PRE-TEST / POST-TEST

CHILD DUMMY I. D. NO. 04

DATE OF CALIBRATION	5/20/96	6/3/96		
ROOM TEMPERATURE (66-78°F)	70	70		
ROOM RELATIVE HUMIDITY (10-70%)	30	30		
TEST MEASUREMENTS :	PRE-TEST DATA	POST-TEST DATA	PART 572 REQMT.	
PENDULUM IMPACT VELOCITY, fps	17.6	17.6	16 - 18	
PEND. MIN./MAX. DECEL. OVER ($t_3 - t_2$), g	25.8	24.7	20 - 34	
PEAK HEAD RESULT. ACCEL., g	27.38	25.05	≤ 30	
PEND. DECEL. PULSE Δ TIME ($t_2 - t_1$), ms	2.23	2.36	≤ 4	
PEND. DECEL. PULSE Δ TIME ($t_3 - t_2$), ms	18.11	18.73	18 - 21	
PEND. DECEL. PULSE Δ TIME ($t_4 - t_3$), ms	3.1	3.97	≤ 5	
HEAD ZERO POSITION TIME / PEND. REVERSAL TIME, ms	118.5/128.7	113.59/118.6	- / -	
HEAD MAX. ROTATION ANGLE, degrees	79.93	86.6	76 - 92	
TIME (ms) @ HEAD ROT. ANGLE :	0 deg.	0.0	0.0	-2 - +2
	30 deg.	24.68	23.44	17.3 - 24.7
	60 deg.	37.57	34.72	31.1 - 40.9
	Max.	58.78	58.78	55.0 - 69.0
	60 deg.	87.55	86.56	81.7 - 100.3
	30 deg.	103.55	100.32	97.4 - 118.6
	0 deg.	118.55	113.59	111.2 - 134.8
CHORDAL DISPLACEMENT (in) @ HEAD ROTATION ANGLE OF :	0 deg.	0.6	0.03	-0.8 - +0.8
	30 deg.	2.48	2.37	1.4 - 3.0
	60 deg.	4.33	4.26	3.5 - 5.1
	Max.	5.73	6.0	5.0 - 6.6
	60 deg.	4.39	4.43	3.5 - 5.1
	30 deg.	2.4	2.41	1.4 - 3.0
	0 deg.	0.17	0.0-15	-0.8 - +0.8

Technician (s) Brian SwiecickiProject Engineer (s) Robert Hathaway

SECTION III

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

Prior to pre-test certification testing, all test instrumentation was recalibrated in accordance with the requirements and procedures described in TP-213-02 and Section 3.0, Instrumentation Calibration, of the Operating Test Procedure. Table 5 lists all of the applicable test equipment for each of the certification tests and the calibration dates.

Table 5
CERTIFICATION INSTRUMENTATION

<u>Instrument¹</u>	<u>Certification Test</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
Slide Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. Model LCP20-50 2.00 inches travel, 10,000 ohms	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
C.G. Head Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. Model SP221 Serial HNR2 10K, linearity = 1.5%	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
C.G. Pend. Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. 10K, linearity = 1.5%	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
Bourns Potentiometer Model 3520S--1-502 5K +/-, linearity = 0.3%	Lumbar Spine Flexion	2/96	8/96
Transducer Inc. Load Cell S/N 20051, 50#	Lumbar Spine Flexion	2/96	8/96
Hewlett Packard 7035B X-Y Recorder +/- .02% Full Scale Accuracy	Lumbar Spine Flexion	7/95	7/96
Hewlett Packard 7045B X-Y Recorder +/- .02% Full Scale Accuracy	Lumbar Spine Flexion	7/95	7/96
Endevco Accelerometers S/N 160 +/- .075% Accuracy CEC 4-202	Neck Pendulum (ATD)	2/96	8/96

CERTIFICATION INSTRUMENTATION (cont'd)

<u>Instrument¹</u>	<u>Certification Test</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
Endevco Triaxial Accelerometers, 7267A :			
S/N BK60	Head Impact (ATD)	2/96	8/96
S/N BA42	Chest Impact (ATD)	2/96	8/96
Systrom/Donner Counter +/- 1 count	Head Impact Chest Impact Neck Pendulum	3/96	3/97

¹Pendulum velocity measurements for the Head Impact, Chest Impact and Neck Pendulum tests are measured by a Calspan-designed light beam velocity trap which consists of two .040 inch field stops placed 5.020 inches apart. This system includes General Electric light sources #SL520D6 and Texas Instruments photo diodes.

Prior to post-test certification testing, all test instrumentation was recalibrated in accordance with the requirements and procedures described in TP-213-02 and Section 3.0, Instrumentation Calibration, of the Operating Test Procedure. Table 6 lists all of the applicable test equipment for each of the certification tests and the calibration dates.

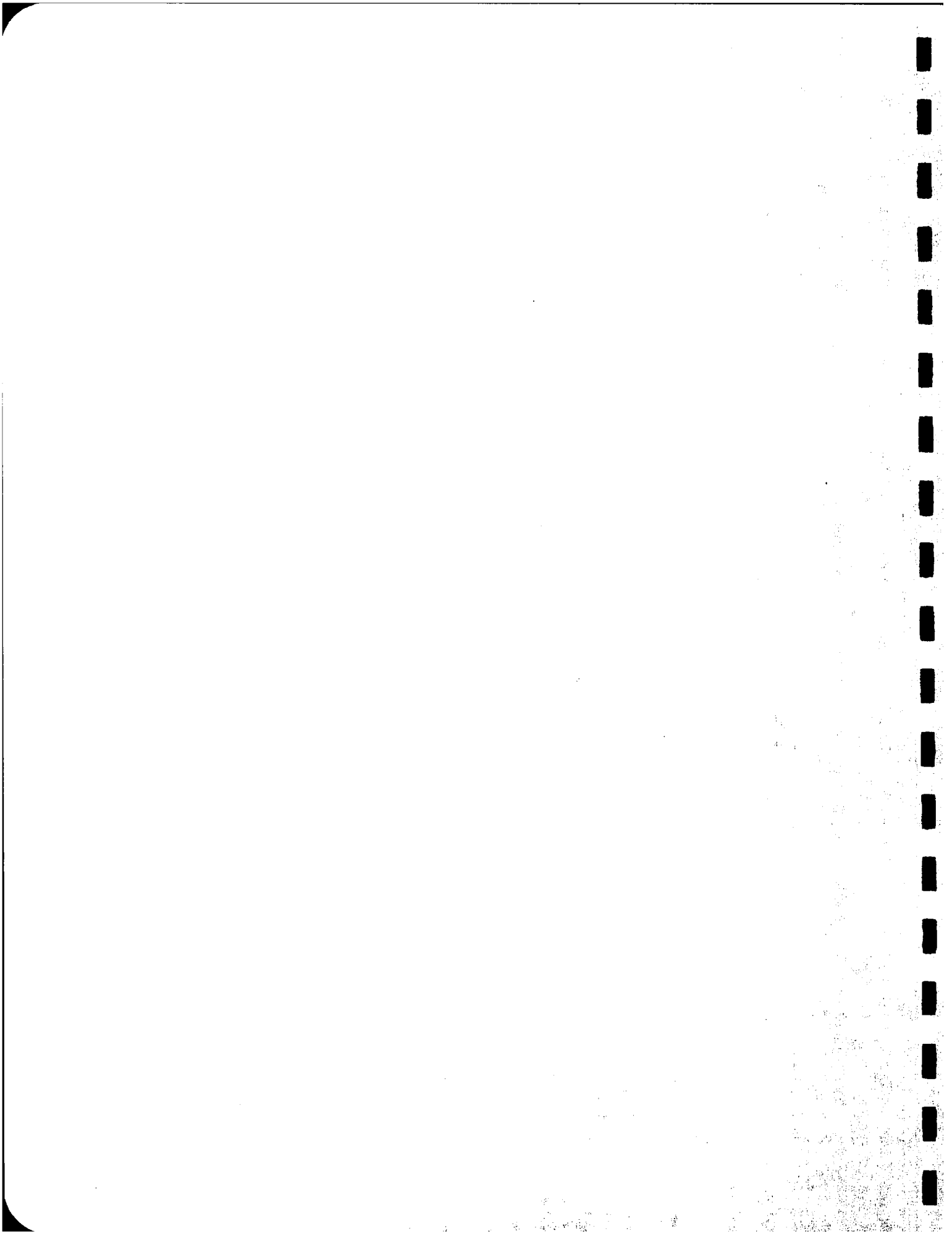
Table 6
CERTIFICATION INSTRUMENTATION

<u>Instrument²</u>	<u>Certification Test</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
Slide Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. Model LCP20-50 2 inches travel, 10,000 ohms	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
C.G. Head Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. Model SP221, S/N HNR2 10K linearity = 1.5%	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
C.G. Pendulum Potentiometer Oceanside Mfg. Co. Model SP221, S/N HNR1 10K linearity = 1.5%	Neck Pendulum	12/95	6/96
Bourns Potentiometer Model 3520S--1-502 5K +/-, linearity = 0.3%	Lumbar Spine Flexion	2/96	8/96
Transducer Inc. Load Cell S/N 20051, 50#	Lumbar Spine Flexion	2/96	8/96
Hewlett Packard 7035B X-Y Recorder +/- .02% Full Scale Accuracy	Lumbar Spine Flexion	7/95	7/96
Hewlett Packard 7045B X-Y Recorder +/- .02% Full Scale Accuracy	Lumbar Spine Flexion	7/95	7/96
Endevco Accelerometers S/N 160 +/- .075% Accuracy CEC 4-202	Neck Pendulum (ATD)	2/96	8/96

CERTIFICATION INSTRUMENTATION (cont'd)

<u>Instrument²</u>	<u>Certification Test</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
Endevco Triaxial Accelerometers, 7267A :			
S/N BK60	Head Impact (ATD)	2/96	8/96
S/N BA42	Chest Impact (ATD)	2/96	8/96
Systron/Donner Counter +/- 1 count	Head Impact Chest Impact Neck Pendulum	3/96	3/97

²Pendulum velocity measurements for the Head Impact, Chest Impact and Neck Pendulum tests are measured by a Calspan-designed light beam velocity trap which consists of two .040 inch field stops placed 5.020 inches apart. This system includes General Electric light sources #SL520D6 and Texas Instruments photo diodes.



APPENDIX A

CALIBRATION TEST PROCEDURES

1. Head Impact Test

The Calspan linear impactor and the pre-impact position of the three-year-old size ATD are shown in Figure A-1. The impacting steel cylinder conforms dimensionally with the specifications of Part 572.21, Subpart C. Triaxial accelerometers are mounted in the head of the dummy and on the front of the cylinder. Impact velocity is measured by infrared photo reflective sensors located 6 cm apart at the rear of the impact cylinder.

The ATD head impact point is determined by aligning the center of the impact 2.9 inches below the top of the head. The flat front face of the probe is positioned adjacent to the ATD head impact point, and the light beam velocity trap is positioned with the probe interrupter at the second field stop. A dummy back support, 12.4 inches high, is employed in this test. The impactor is then pressurized to a pre-determined setting and fired. The impactor's travel is controlled by ball bearing guides encased in a metal cylinder.

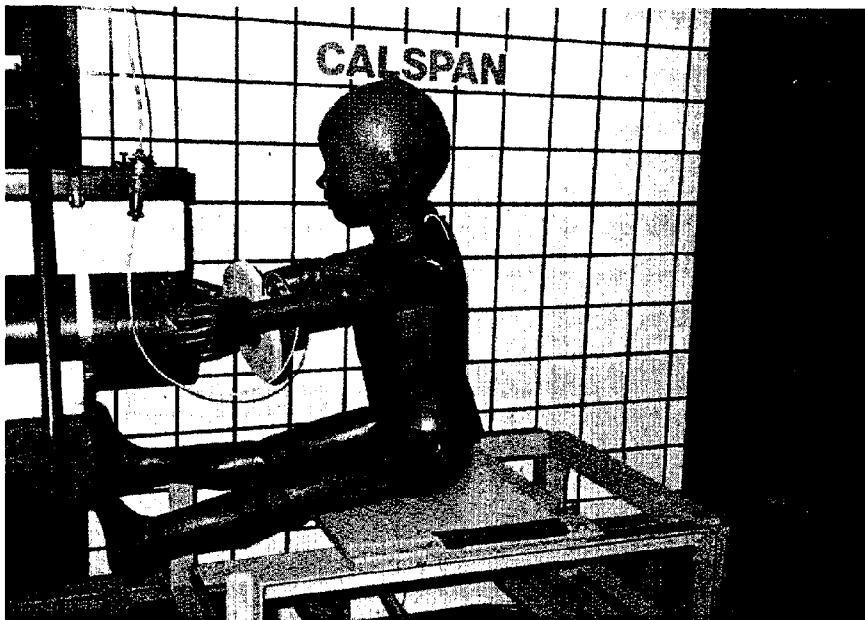
Impactor velocity is immediately available on the EPUT meter and is also recorded electronically for a permanent record. All data is collected on analog tape and played back on brush recordings for quick turnaround data analysis. All head impact data traces are on file at the Calspan Dummy Certification Laboratory.

2. Chest Impact Test

The pre-test chest impact setup is also shown in Figure A-1. The same impactor is used for both head and chest impact certification tests. The chest impact point is determined by seating the ATD against a rigid back surface with the chest skin jacket removed. A measurement is taken from the seating surface to the longitudinal centerline of the bolt attaching the top of the rib cage sternum to the thoracic spine box. The chest skin is then replaced and marked at a position 1.5 inches below the initial measurement.



(a) HEAD IMPACT TEST



(b) CHEST IMPACT TEST

Figure A-1 SETUPS FOR HEAD AND CHEST IMPACT TESTS

The ATD is seated on the teflon seating surface and adjusted to allow the striking mass face surface to be approximately tangent to the most vertical surface of the chest. The accelerator is then pressurized to a pre-determined setting and fired.

Data is collected in the same manner as the head impact test. All data traces are on file at Calspan's Dummy Certification Laboratory.

3. Lumbar Spine Flexion Test

The lumbar spine flexion test apparatus is shown in Figure A-2. The pulley is positioned so that the applied force is perpendicular to the thoracic spine box when the lumbar spine reaches 40 degrees of flexion.

The ATD lower torso and upper legs are bolted to the seating surface after the neck has been replaced with a cylindrical aluminum adapter. A pull force is applied to the ATD neck adapter, through a load cell, at a continuously monitored deflection rate of between 0.5 and 1.5 degrees per second by cranking the cable through the pulley systems until 40 degrees of flexion is reached. This flexion angle is maintained for 10 seconds, the cable is cut to rapidly release the force, and the torso return angle is recorded after 3 minutes.

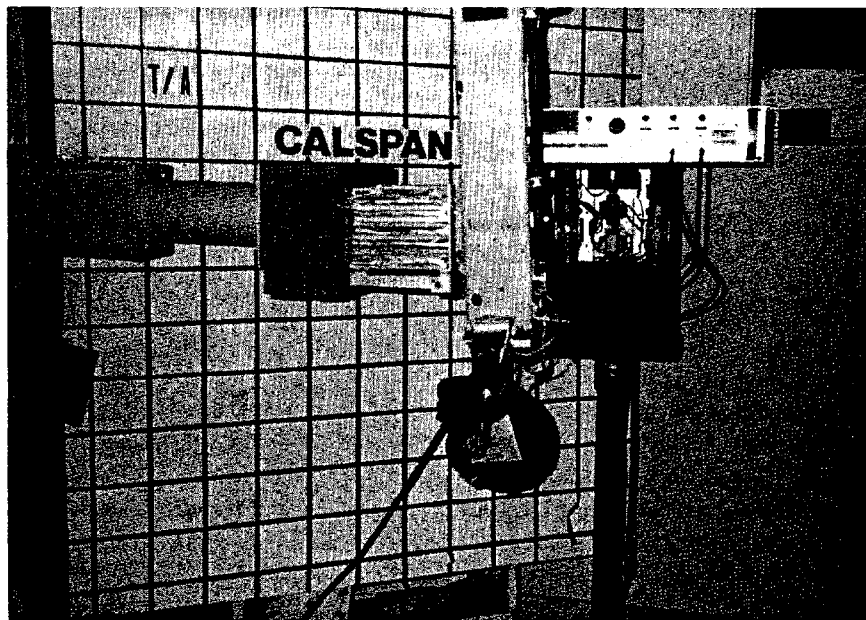
Rotation vs. time and flexion angle vs. force are plotted concurrently. The force required to flex the torso forward to a 40 deg. angle is recorded. Torso return angle is indicated on the flexion angle plot by a straight line through the ordinate. These plots are on file at Calspan's Dummy Certification Laboratory.

4. Neck Pendulum Test

The pendulum impact test apparatus used for neck certification tests is shown in Figure A-2. The inertial and dimensional properties of the rigid pendulum conform to the requirements of Part 572, Subpart C, and TP-213-02, Appendix No. 1.



(a) LUMBAR SPINE FLEXION TEST



(b) NECK PENDULUM TEST

Figure A-2 SETUPS FOR LUMBAR SPINE FLEXION AND NECK PENDULUM TESTS

The ATD head and neck are mounted on the bottom of the pendulum as required (Calspan performs all neck certification tests with the appropriate ATD head attached), and the pendulum is raised and released from a pre-determined height required to achieve the desired impact velocity. The pendulum is decelerated by a block of aluminum honeycomb. Velocity is measured by means of the light beam velocity trap. The light beam interrupter is located a known distance below the center of the pendulum accelerometer in order to preclude any interference between the interrupter and the honeycomb. The velocity trap reading is corrected for this distance so the recorded velocity is that of the center of the accelerometer.

The three potentiometers, mounted on the right side of the head, are arranged to measure the linear and angular geometric components required for computation of the chordal displacements and head rotation angles. The voltage outputs of these three potentiometers are processed by the analog circuitry depicted in Figure A-3 which provides complete time histories of chordal displacement and head rotation angle. These time histories are plotted simultaneously on a brush recorder, along with a common timing trace, thus allowing for accurate correlation between chordal displacement, head rotation angle and time. These brush records are on file at Calspan's Dummy Certification Laboratory.

An electronic time zero switching device is attached to the pendulum/honeycomb contact point on the pendulum. Time zero is electronically recorded at the time of pendulum/honeycomb contact and pendulum reversal time is recorded at the end of the pendulum/honeycomb contact. These times are also plotted on a brush record concurrent with the chordal displacement and head rotation angle. This brush record allows for immediate determination of pendulum reversal time to head zero position time.